



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist			Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist			
NAME	: Baby. TISHYA SHA	ARMA					
AGE/ GENDER	: 6 YRS/FEMALE			PATIENT ID : 15		535181	
COLLECTED BY				REG. NO./LAB NO. :0		012407010072	
REFERRED BY				RATION DATE	: 01/Jul/2024 05:32 PM		
BARCODE NO.	: 01512337			TION DATE	: 01/Jul/2024 05:50PM		
				: 01/Jul/2024 05:50PM : 01/Jul/2024 07:12PM			
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB R : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT			FING DATE	:01/Jul/2024	07:12PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSC	JN ROAD, AMBALA CAN	NII				
Test Name		Value		Unit	Biolo	ogical Reference interval	
		VITAMIN D/25					
			menox		DEEL		
VITAMIN D (25-HYDROXY VITAMIN D3): SER by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)				ng/mL	INSL SUFF	ICIENCY: < 20.0 JFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 FICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 ICITY: > 100.0	
INTERPRETATION:		. 20			- /mal		
DEFICIENT: INSUFFICIENT:		< 20 21 - 29			ng/mL ng/mL		
PREFFERED RANGE:		30 - 100			j/mL		
conversion of 7- dihyd 2.25-OHVitamin D re tissue and tightly bour 3.Vitamin D plays a pr phosphate reabsorptid 4.Severe deficiency m DECREASED: 1.Lack of sunshine exc 2.Inadequate intake, r 3.Depressed Hepatic V 4.Secondary to advand 5.Osteoporosis and Se 6.Enzyme Inducing dru INCREASED: 1. Hypervitaminosis D severe hypercalcemia CAUTION : Replacemer hypervitaminosis D	ds are derived from d lrocholecalciferol to V presents the main bo nd by a transport pro imary role in the main on, skeletal calcium d ay lead to failure to m osure. malabsorption (celiac /itamin D 25- hydroxy ced Liver disease condary Hyperparath ugs: anti-epileptic dru is Rare, and is seen o and hyperphophatem at therapy in deficient	/itamin D3 in the skin un dy resevoir and transpo- tein while in circulation ntenance of calcium ho leposition, calcium mob- nineralize newly formed (lase activity nroidism (Mild to Moder gs like phenytoin, phen- nly after prolonged exp- nia. t individuals must be mo	pon Ultravio rt form of Vi meostatis. If ilization, ma l osteoid in b rate deficien obarbital an osure to exti pnitored by p	itamin D2), or cho let exposure. tamin D and transp promotes calciun inly regulated by p one, resulting in r cy) d carbamazepine, remely high doses periodic assessmen	bort form of Vita a absorption, rer barathyroid harm ickets in children that increases Vi of Vitamin D. Wh t of Vitamin D lev	a and osteomalacia in adults. tamin D metabolism. nen it occurs, it can result in	
	Br	*** End Of	Report *	**			

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.