



	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)	ME	m Chopra D (Pathology) It Pathologist
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612		COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:55AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	SALA CANT	Γ	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAS	THYA W	ELLNESS PANEL: 1.0	
	CON		OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (R	BCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		14.2	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
by CALORIMETRIC		4.70		
RED BLOOD CELL (RB	C) COUNT OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.73	Millions/	(cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUM	IE (PCV)	43.3	%	40.0 - 54.0
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)		91.7	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	71.7		00.0 - 100.0
	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.8	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	32.5	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
by CALCULATED BY A	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
	ION WIDTH (RDW-CV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUT	ION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	45.7	fL	35.0 - 56.0
by CALCULATED BY A MENTZERS INDEX	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	19.39	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0
by CALCULATED		17.37	KATIO	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDE	X	25.59	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < =
by CALCULATED				
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	(MBCS)			IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE C		7250	/cmm	4000 - 11000
by FLOW CYTOMETRY	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		/ driffi	
NUCLEATED RED BLC	. ,	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
MICROSCOPY	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER &			
NUCLEATED RED BLC	. ,	NIL	%	< 10 %
by CALCULATED BY A MICROSCOPY	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER &			



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





Dr. Vinay Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology)

Chairman & Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:55AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	52	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	27	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	13 ^H	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	3770	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1958	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	942 ^H	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKED	580 <u>RS.</u>	/cmm	80 - 880
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	190000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.25	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	13 ^H	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	87000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	45.8 ^H	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	16.4	%	15.0 - 17.0
ADVICE	KINDLY CORRELATE CL	INICALLY	

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

Page 2 of 14

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiol Chairman & Consultant Pat		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:55AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT	
Test Name	Val	ue Unit	Biological Reference interval

Test Name

RECHECKED.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



AGE/ GENDER : 69 Y COLLECTED BY : SUR REFERRED BY : BARCODE NO. : 015 CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test f immune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with 6 (polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cl 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease active sus n conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the ak ation of red blood cells, su	r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto-
COLLECTED BY : SUR REFERRED BY : BARCODE NO. : 015 CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test H immune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with o (polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not c 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	RJESH 512612 DS DIAGNOSTIC LAB 449/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, ERYTH ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activity of the conditions that inhibit the ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit Unit IENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the ab	<pre>: 012407060019 : 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM : 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM : 06/Jul/2024 10:07AM Biological Reference interval ? r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count</pre>
REFERRED BY : BARCODE NO. : 015 CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test H immune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with a (polycythaemia), significant as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cc 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	512612 DS DIAGNOSTIC LAB 49/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, ERYTI ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD to because an elevated resu not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activities by other conditions that inhibit the ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where is inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit Unit IENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the at ation of red blood cells, su	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM : 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM : 06/Jul/2024 10:07AM Biological Reference interval () r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such pove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
BARCODE NO. : 015 CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Fest Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: I. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with o polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: I. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cl 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	DS DIAGNOSTIC LAB 49/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, ERYTI ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practitic by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activity sus n conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE Unit Unit IENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ therapy in both of the ab ation of red blood cells, su	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM : 06/Jul/2024 10:07AM Biological Reference interval R) r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
CLIENT CODE. : KOS CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with a polycythaemia), significant as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cl 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	DS DIAGNOSTIC LAB 49/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, ERYTI ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practitic by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activity sus n conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	EEPORTING DATE Unit Unit EENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the at ation of red blood cells, su	: 06/Jul/2024 10:07AM Biological Reference interval () r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such pove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
CLIENT ADDRESS : 634 Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test H mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with 1 polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not ci 3. CPP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	ERYTI ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD because an elevated resu not tell the health practitic by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activities by conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	AMBALA CANTT Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	Unit IENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the at ation of red blood cells, su	Biological Reference interval R) r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
Test Name ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with a polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not ci 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	ERYTI ATION RATE (ESR) <i>AUTOMATED METHOD</i> t because an elevated resund not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activity of the conditions that inhibit the ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	Value HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) ESR.	ENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ therapy in both of the ak ation of red blood cells, su	r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTA by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with of polycythaemia), significanti as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not ci 3. CPI is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease active sus n conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	HROCYTE SEDIN 11 It often indicates th oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	ENTATION RATE (ESF mm/1st hi the presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ therapy in both of the ak ation of red blood cells, su	r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with a polycythaemia), significantia as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cl 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	ATION RATE (ESR) AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resu not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease active sus n conditions that inhibit th ty high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	11 It often indicates the oner exactly where is inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) SSR.	mm/1st hi ne presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the at ation of red blood cells, su	r 0 - 20 on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
by MODIFIED WESTERGREN A NTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n 2. An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein 3. This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with a polycythaemia), significantia as sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: 1. ESR and C - reactive prote 2. Generally, ESR does not cl 3. CRP is not affected by as n 4. If the ESR is elevated, it is	AUTOMATED METHOD t because an elevated resund not tell the health practition by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease active sus n conditions that inhibit this tly high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	It often indicates the oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) ESR.	ne presence of inflammation the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the ab ation of red blood cells, su	on associated with infection, cancer and auto- body or what is causing it. pically used in conjunction with other test such pove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
 ESR is a non-specific test I mmune disease, but does n An ESR can be affected by as C-reactive protein This test may also be used systemic lupus erythematos CONDITION WITH LOW ESR A low ESR can be seen with polycythaemia), significantlas sickle cells in sickle cell a NOTE: ESR and C - reactive prote Generally, ESR does not cl. CRP is not affected by as n If the ESR is elevated, it is 	not tell the health practitio by other conditions besides ed to monitor disease activ sus n conditions that inhibit th tly high white blood cell c anaemia) also lower the E ein (C-RP) are both marker change as rapidly as does	oner exactly where s inflammation. For vity and response to e normal sedimenta ount (leucocytosis) ESR.	the inflammation is in the this reason, the ESR is typ o therapy in both of the ab ation of red blood cells, su	body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count
5. Drugs such as dextran, me aspirin, cortisone, and quini	many other factors as is ES is typically a result of two igher ESR, and menstruation nethyldoga, oral contraces	CRP, either at the s SR, making it a bette types of proteins, g on and pregnancy c	er marker of inflammation lobulins or fibrinogen. an cause temporary elevat	





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







		y Chopra ogy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SING	H		
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612		COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON RC	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	С	LINICAL CHEMIS	TRY/BIOCHEMISTR	Y
		GUICOSE	FASTING (F)	
		OLUCUJL		

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



Page 5 of 14





	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con		Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH : 69 YRS/MALE	PAT	IENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REG	ISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612	COLI	LECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	ORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:20AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROFILE	: BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL by CHOLESTEROL OXI		107.14	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240
TRIGLYCERIDES: SERU	JM HATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	91.38	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (E by SELECTIVE INHIBITIC		52.37	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: SI by CALCULATED, SPEC		36.49	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTER by Calculated, spec		54.77	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL:		18.28	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPEC TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPEC	Л	305.66 ^L	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
by CALCULATED, SPEC	ATIO: SERUM	2.05	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SERU		0.7	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

OR 256

677

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com

Page 6 of 14





	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor		Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. I	NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGIS	STRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612	COLL	ECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:20AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
TRIGLYCERIDES/HD	L RATIO: SERUM	1.74 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the

age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com





NAME

Test Name

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) **CEO & Consultant Pathologist**

Unit

NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:20AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT	ſ	

LIVE	ER FUNCTION TES	T (COMPLETE)	
ILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM by diazotization, spectrophotometry	1.02	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
ILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by diazo modified, spectrophotometry	0.35	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
ILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	0.67	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
GOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	23.4	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
PT/ALT: SERUM y ifcc, without pyridoxal phosphate	16.9	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
T/ALT RATIO: SERUM y calculated, spectrophotometry	1.38	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
KALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM y Para Nitrophenyl phosphatase by amino methyl opanol	105.42	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
MMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM y szasz, spectrophtometry	18.48	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TAL PROTEINS: SERUM y biuret, spectrophotometry	7.21	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
BUMIN: SERUM v bromocresol green	4.11	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
OBULIN: SERUM y calculated, spectrophotometry	3.1	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
G RATIO: SERUM y calculated, spectrophotometry	1.33	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

Value

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



Biological Reference interval





	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con		Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH				
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PA	TIENT ID	: 1540062	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	RE	G. NO./LAB NO.	:012407060019	
REFERRED BY	:	RE	GISTRATION DATE	:06/Jul/202409:26	AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	CO	LLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33A	AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	RE	PORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:20A	AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological R	Reference interval
HEPATOCELLULAR C	ARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS		> 1.3 (Slightly Inc	reased)	
DECREASED:					

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased). **PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:**

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







Dr. Yugam Chopra

	MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology) sultant Pathologist	MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology) Pathologist
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	Р	ATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612	C	OLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	R	EPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:37AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIE	ONEY FUNCTION	I TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAM	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	29.98	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUN by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		1.43 ^H	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
BLOOD UREA NITRO by CALCULATED, SPE		14.01	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITRO RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPI		9.8 ^L	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE F	RATIO: SERUM	20.97	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM		8.11 ^H	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY	9.57	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60

Dr. Vinay Chopra

by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE			
CALCIUM: SERUM	9.57	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM	3.75	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Y		
ELECTROLYTES			
SODIUM: SERUM	139.5	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)			
POTASSIUM: SERUM	4.3	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)			
CHLORIDE: SERUM	104.63	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE)			
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE	<u>E</u>		
ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE	53		

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED NOTE 2

ADVICE

INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia. INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

RESULT RECHECKED TWICE

KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)	u gam Chopra MD (Pathology) ultant Pathologist	
IAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1540062	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	:012407060019	
REFERRED BY		REGISTRATION DA	TE : 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	COLLECTION DATE		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:37AM	
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/	ALA CANTT		
est Name		Value Unit	Biological Refere	nce interval
urns, surgery, cache . Urine reabsorptior . Reduced muscle n . Certain drugs (e.g. VCREASED RATIO (>2 . Postrenal azotemia . Prerenal azotemia	ake or production or tissue breakdown exia, high fever). In (e.g. ureter colostomy) hass (subnormal creatinine production tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVE a (BUN rises disproportionately more to superimposed on renal disease. 10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : tosis. Ind starvation. e. ecreased urea synthesis.) E LS: han creatinine) (e.g. obstructive		protein diet,
 Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of the causes of the causes of the cause of the cause	osis (acetoacetate causes false increas acreased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE:	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement).		when dehydrati
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIC . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMER CKD STAGE	Immonemias (urea is virtually absent in of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: apy (accelerates conversion of creatine) who develop renal failure. bis (acetoacetate causes false increas) creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS	when dehydrati
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome of . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMERI CKD STAGE G1	Immonemias (urea is virtually absent in of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: apy (accelerates conversion of creatine) who develop renal failure. bis (acetoacetate causes false increas increased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney function	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS	when dehydrati
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMER CKD STAGE	Immonemias (urea is virtually absent in of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: apy (accelerates conversion of creatine) who develop renal failure. bis (acetoacetate causes false increas) creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS	when dehydrati
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome of . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMERI G1 G2 G3a	Immonemias (urea is virtually absent in of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: apy (accelerates conversion of creatine) who develop renal failure. bis (acetoacetate causes false increased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Kidney damage with normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR Mild decrease in GFR	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90 60 -89	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,	when dehydrati
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome of . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMERI CKD STAGE G1 G2	Immonemias (urea is virtually absent in of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) 10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: apy (accelerates conversion of creatine) who develop renal failure. bis (acetoacetate causes false increase) creased BUN/creatinine ratio). rapy (interferes with creatinine measu JLAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Kidney damage with normal kidney function Kidney damage with normal or high GFR	blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine). e in creatinine with certain meth rement). GFR (mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria Presence of Protein ,	when dehydrati

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com

Page 11 of 14





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbic Chairman & Consultant Pa		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH		
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512612	COLLECTION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 10:37AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT	
Test Name	Va	lue Unit	Biological Reference interval
G5	Kidney failure	<15	

COMMENTS

1. Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (GGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning hephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
 eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fullfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
 In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
 eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
 A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (ag severe dehydration)

7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration). ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Che MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH : 69 YRS/MALE : SURJESH : : 01512612 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	REGISTI COLLEC REPORT	T ID D./LAB NO. RATION DATE TION DATE FING DATE	: 1540062 : 012407060019 : 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM : 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM : 06/Jul/2024 09:50AM
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PHYSICAL EXAMINA		CLINICAL PATHO		TION
QUANTITY RECIEVED by DIP STICK/REFLEC COLOUR by DIP STICK/REFLEC TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLEC SPECIFIC GRAVITY) TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	10 PALE YELLOW CLEAR 1.02	ml	PALE YELLOW CLEAR 1.002 - 1.030
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLEC PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC SUGAR	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC Negative Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5 Negative		5.0 - 7.5 NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY. TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative Normal Negative	EU/dL	NEGATIVE (-ve) 0.2 - 1.0 NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLEC ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





Dr. Vinay Chopra



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mr. SHUBHINDER SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 69 YRS/MALE	PATIENT	ID	: 1540062
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./	LAB NO.	: 012407060019
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTR	ATION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:26 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512612	COLLECT	ION DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:33AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTI	NG DATE	: 06/Jul/2024 09:50AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCs) CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	Value NEGATIVE (-ve)	Unit /HPF	Biological Reference interval 0 - 3
RED BLOOD CELLS (F by MICROSCOPY ON C PUS CELLS				, and the second s

End Of Report *

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

ABSENT



CRYSTALS

BACTERIA

OTHERS

CASTS

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

ABSENT