



		Chopra gy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. KIRAN			
AGE/ GENDER	: 48 YRS/FEMALE	PAT	FIENT ID	: 1544545
COLLECTED BY	:	REC	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407100056
REFERRED BY	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AM	BALA CANTT) REC	GISTRATION DATE	: 10/Jul/2024 01:50 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512884	COI	LECTION DATE	: 10/Jul/2024 01:52PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	PORTING DATE	: 10/Jul/2024 02:07PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON RO	AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB))	11.8 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC		11.0	3.11	
		cells that carries oxygen fr	rom the lungs to the bo	odys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from t
	ings.			
tissues back to the lu	el is referred to as ANEMIA o	or low red blood count.		
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED	vel is referred to as ANEMIA o HAEMOGLOBIN):			
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED 1) Loss of blood (tra. 2) Nutritional deficie	veľ is referred to as ANEMIA o HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate	ng, colon cancer or stoma e)	ach ulcer)	
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED 1) Loss of blood (trat 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob	vel is referred to as ANEMIA o HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone r	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer)	ach ulcer)	
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED 1) Loss of blood (tra. 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by red 5) Kidney failure	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone r d blood cell synthesis by che	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs	ach ulcer)	
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by red 5) Kidney failure 6) Abnormal hemogl	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone n d blood cell synthesis by che obin structure (sickle cell and	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs	ach ulcer)	
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED I 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by red 5) Kidney failure 5) Abnormal hemogle POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF 7) People in higher a	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone n d blood cell synthesis by che obin structure (sickle cell an REASED HAEMOGLOBIN): ultitudes (Physiological)	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs	ach ulcer)	
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED I 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by rec 5) Kidney failure 6) Abnormal hemogle POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF 2) Smoking (Seconda 3) Dehydration produ	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone r d blood cell synthesis by che obin structure (sickle cell and REASED HAEMOGLOBIN): ultitudes (Physiological) ry Polycythemia) uces a falsely rise in hemoglo	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs emia or thalassemia). obin due to increased haer		
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by rec 5) Kidney failure 6) Abnormal hemogli POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF 1) People in higher a 2) Smoking (Seconda 3) Dehydration produ 4) Advanced lung dise	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ncy (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone r d blood cell synthesis by che obin structure (sickle cell and REASED HAEMOGLOBIN): ultitudes (Physiological) ry Polycythemia)	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs emia or thalassemia). obin due to increased haer		
tissues back to the lu A low hemoglobin lev ANEMIA (DECRESED I 1) Loss of blood (trau 2) Nutritional deficie 3) Bone marrow prob 4) Suppression by rec 5) Kidney failure 6) Abnormal hemoglo POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF POLYCYTHEMIA (INCF 2) Smoking (Seconda 3) Dehydration produ 4) Advanced lung disc 5) Certain tumors 6) A disorder of the b	vel is referred to as ANEMIA of HAEMOGLOBIN): umatic injury, surgery, bleedi ency (iron, vitamin B12, folate blems (replacement of bone r d blood cell synthesis by che obin structure (sickle cell and REASED HAEMOGLOBIN): ultitudes (Physiological) ry Polycythemia) uces a falsely rise in hemoglo ease (for example, emphysen bone marrow known as polyc	ng, colon cancer or stoma e) narrow by cancer) motherapy drugs emia or thalassemia). obin due to increased haer na) ythemia rubra vera,	moconcentration	e amount of oxygen available to the body by

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

UR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	1	TOTAL LEUCO	CYTE COUNT (TLC)	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE (COUNT (TLC) y by sf cube & microscopy	7980	/cmm	4000 - 11000





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	MD (Pathology &	Dr. Vinay ChopraDr. Yugam ChopraMD (Pathology & Microbiology)MD (Pathology)Chairman & Consultant PathologistCEO & Consultant Pathologist			
NAME	: Mrs. KIRAN				
AGE/ GENDER	: 48 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1544545	
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	:012407100056	
REFERRED BY	Y : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)		REGISTRATION DATE	: 10/Jul/2024 01:50 PM	
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANT	T		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	DIFF	ERENTIAL LE	EUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC	;)	
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	65	%	50 - 70	
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	24	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	6	%	2 - 12	
	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY TED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	0	%	0 - 1	

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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Test Name		Value		Biological Reference interval
Test Name		IMMUNOPAT	Unit HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO	Y
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC		IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19	HOLOGY/SEROLOG	Y
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC	HE DDY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMU	IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19 NOASSAY)	HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO	Y DTAL NEGATIVE: < 1.00
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HEPATITIS C ANTIBC RESULT	HE DDY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMU DDY (HCV) TOTAL	IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19 VOASSAY) NON - R	HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO S/CO	Y DTAL NEGATIVE: < 1.00
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HEPATITIS C ANTIBC RESULT	HE DDY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMU	IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19 VOASSAY) NON - R	HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO S/CO	Y DTAL NEGATIVE: < 1.00
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HEPATITIS C ANTIBC RESULT by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:-	HE DDY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMU DDY (HCV) TOTAL	IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19 VOASSAY) NON - R	HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO S/CO	Y DTAL NEGATIVE: < 1.00
HEPATITIS C ANTIBC by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HEPATITIS C ANTIBC RESULT by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:-	HE DOY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMU DOY (HCV) TOTAL	IMMUNOPAT PATITIS C VIRUS 0.19 NON - R NON - R	HOLOGY/SEROLOG S (HCV) ANTIBODY: TO S/CO	Y DTAL NEGATIVE: < 1.00 POSITIVE: > 1.00

2. Routine screening of low and high prevelance population including blood donors.

NOTE:

1. False positive results are seen in Auto-immune disease, Rheumatoid Factor, HYpergammaglobulinemia, Paraproteinemia, Passive antibody transfer, Anti-idiotypes and Anti-superoxide dismutase.

2. False negative results are seen in early Acute infection, Immunosuppression and Immuno-incompetence.

3. HCV-RNĂ PCR recommended in all reactive results to differentiate between past and present infection.





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Page 4 of 7





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	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CAN			
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLS	ON ROAD, AMBALA CANT	Г	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLS	ON ROAD, AMBALA CANT	Г Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval (P-24 ANTIGEN DETECTION)
ANT HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN		Value ODEFICIENCY VIRUS (H 0.25	Unit	
Test Name ANT HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN	HUMAN IMMUN	Value ODEFICIENCY VIRUS (H 0.25 e IMMUNOASSAY) NON - RE	Unit HIV) DUO ULTRA WITH S/CO	(P-24 ANTIGEN DETECTION) NEGATIVE: < 1.00
Test Name ANT HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:-	HUMAN IMMUN ITIGEN: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICL ITIGEN RESULT IESCENT MICROPARTICL	Value ODEFICIENCY VIRUS (H 0.25 e IMMUNOASSAY) NON - RE	Unit HIV) DUO ULTRA WITH S/CO	(P-24 ANTIGEN DETECTION) NEGATIVE: < 1.00
Test Name ANT HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN HIV 1/2 AND P24 AN by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- RESU	HUMAN IMMUN ITIGEN: SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICL	Value ODEFICIENCY VIRUS (H 0.25 e IMMUNOASSAY) NON - RE	Unit HIV) DUO ULTRA WITH S/CO	(P-24 ANTIGEN DETECTION) NEGATIVE: < 1.00

Non-Reactive result implies that antibodies to HIV 1/2 have not been detected in the sample. This menas that patient has either not been exposed to HIV 1/2 infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HIV 1/2. **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Results to be clinically correlated
 Rarely falsenegativity/positivity may occur.



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	Dr. Vinay Cl MD (Pathology Chairman & Co	& Microbiology)		(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. KIRAN				
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
	ΗΓΡΔΤ		CE ANTIGEN (HBsAg) UL	ΤΡΔ	
	CE ANTIGEN (HBsAg):	0.2	S/CO	NEGATIVE: < 1.0	
SERUM	LE ANTIOLIN (HDSAY).	0.2	3/00	POSITIVE: > 1.0	
	IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNO	ASSAY)			
		NON RE	ACTIVE		
		0000			
by CMIA (CHEMILUMI	IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNO/	ASSAY)			
by CMIA (CHEMILUMII INTERPRETATION:		ASSAY)			
INTERPRETATION: RESUL	T IN INDEX VALUE		REMARKS		
by CMIA (CHEMILUMII INTERPRETATION: RESUL			REMARKS NEGATIVE (-ve) POSITIVE (+ve)		

Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) is a member of the Hepadna virus family causing infection of the liver with extremely variable clinical features. Hepatitis B is transmitted primarily by body fluids especially serum and also spread effectively sexually and from mother to baby. In most individuals HBV hepatitis is self limiting, but 1-2 % normal adolescent and adults develop Chronic Hepatitis. Frequency of chronic HBV infection is 5-10% in immunocompromised patients and 80 % neonates. The initial serological marker of acute infection is HBsAg which typically appears 2-3 months after infection and disappears 12-20 weeks after onset of symtoms. Persistence of HBsAg for more than 6 months indicates carrier state or Chronic Liver disease.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
2. <i>High titer (>1:16)</i> 3. <i>Low titer (<1:8) - bi</i> 4.Treatment of prima 5.Rising titer (4X) ind 6.May benonreactive	ositive until 7 - 10 days after appear	es or due to late or late ne tonegative VDRL wi ent failure and need fo te syphillis (approx. 25	thin 2 years. retreatment. % ofcases).	NON REACTIVE	

5.Patients taking some anti-hypertensive drugs.

*** End Of Report ***





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