



	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. RAJINDER SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 83 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1545372
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407110021
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 09:53 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01512917		COLLECTION DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 09:58AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 10:28AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAS	THYA WE	ELLNESS PANEL: 1.0	
	COM	APLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		10.5 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
by CALORIMETRIC				250 500
RED BLOOD CELL (RE	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	3.82	Millions/c	mm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUN	ЛЕ (PCV) automated hematology analyzer	32.7 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA		85.5	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			27.0.24.0
by CALCULATED BY	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	26.9 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
	R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	31.5 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	TION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15.4	%	11.00 - 16.00
-	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	10	6	
	TON WIDTH (RDW-SD)	49	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		22.38	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDE	X	33.73	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < =
by CALCULATED				65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	<u>S (WBCS)</u>			INON DEFICIENCE ANEIMA. > 03.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE C		6450	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLO		NIL		0.00 - 20.00
	DOD CELLS (nRBCS) % NUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER &	NIL	%	< 10 %

DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.







Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. RAJINDER SHARMA **AGE/ GENDER** : 83 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1545372 **COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH :012407110021 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 11/Jul/2024 09:53 AM : **BARCODE NO.** :01512917 **COLLECTION DATE** : 11/Jul/2024 09:58AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :11/Jul/2024 10:28AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** NEUTROPHILS 61 % 50 - 70 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES 26 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY % EOSINOPHILS 6 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 7 % 2 - 12 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 3935 2000 - 7500 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 800 - 4900 ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 1677 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 387 /cmm 40 - 440 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 452 80 - 880 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 0 - 110 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 138000^L /cmm 150000 - 450000 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) 0.21 % 0.10 - 0.36 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) fL 6.50 - 12.0 15^H by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 83000 30000 - 90000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) % 11.0 - 45.0 59.9^H by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 15.0 - 17.0 PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 16.4 % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE **KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY** ADVICE

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

RECHECKED.



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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 10:42AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON RC)AD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			MENTATION RATE (ES	0)
by MODIFIED WESTER NTERPRETATION: . ESR is a non-specify mmune disease, but 2. An ESR can be affer is C-reactive protein 3. This test may also ystemic lupus erythe CONDITION WITH LOW A low ESR can be see polycythaemia), sigr is sickle cells in sickle NOTE: . ESR and C - reactive 3. GRP is not affected 4. If the ESR is elevat 5. Women tend to ha b. Drugs such as dext	does not tell the health pra cted by other conditions be be used to monitor disease ematosus W ESR n with conditions that inhib ificantly high white blood c e cell anaemia) also lower t e protein (C-RP) are both ma s not change as rapidly as d by as many other factors as ed, it is typically a result of ve a higher ESR, and menstr	ctitioner exactly wher sides inflammation. For activity and response it the normal sedimer ell count (leucocytosi the ESR. arkers of inflammation oes CRP, either at the is ESR, making it a be two types of proteins, uation and pregnancy	te the inflammation is in the or this reason, the ESR is ty to therapy in both of the a ntation of red blood cells, s s) , and some protein abno n. e start of inflammation or a: tter marker of inflammation globulins or fibrinogen.	ion associated with infection, cancer and auto- e body or what is causing it. pically used in conjunction with other test such bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such s it resolves.





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			Linit	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Name	CLIN	Value		
Test Name	CLIN		BIOCHEMISTR	





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3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROFILE :	BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTA by CHOLESTEROL OX		140.5	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239. HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240
TRIGLYCERIDES: SER by GLYCEROL PHOSP	RUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	105.49	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (by SELECTIVE INHIBIT.		66.65	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: S by CALCULATED, SPE		52.75	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTE by CALCULATED, SPE		73.85	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL: by CALCULATED, SPE		21.1	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SERUI by Calculated, Spe	M	386.49	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL I by CALCULATED, SPE	RATIO: SERUM	2.11	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SER by calculated, spe		0.79	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



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		hopra & Microbiology) msultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
TRIGLYCERIDES/HD	L RATIO: SERUM	1.58 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Dr. Yugam Chopra

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				/
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	LIVI	ER FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: S by diazotization, se	ERUM <i>pectrophotometry</i>	0.61	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
	CONJUGATED): SERUM	0.21	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	(UNCONJUGATED): SERUM	0.4	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	24.4	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	17.6	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SER	UM	1.39	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHA		90.13	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL by SZASZ, SPECTROF	. TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM PHTOMETRY	13.18	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SE by BIURET, SPECTRO	ERUM	7.36	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G		4.25	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE		3.11	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM		1.37	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

Dr. Vinay Chopra

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5





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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





INTERPRETATION





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HEPATOCELLULAR C	ARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS		> 1.3 (Slightly Inc	reased)	

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased). **PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:**

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6

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	КІ	DNEY FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		34.12	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
	ATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	1.07		0.401.00
CREATININE: SERUN by ENZYMATIC, SPEC		1.07	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITRO)gen (bun): serum	15.94	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	14.9	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM	OGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	14.9	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININE I	RATIO: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	31.89	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM	LETROFHOTOMETRY	4.94	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
by URICASE - OXIDAS	SE PEROXIDASE			
CALCIUM: SERUM by arsenazo III, spe	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	9.83	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SEF		3.86	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)	140.2	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUN	1	4.25	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIN	/E ELECTRODE)			00.0 110.0
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIN	/E ELECTRODE)	105.15	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
	RULAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOME	RULAR FILTERATION RATE	51.5		
(eGFR): SERUM				
by CALCULATED				

by CALCULATED

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.



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7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia	xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine prod tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :	uction) E LEVELS :		cosis, Cushing's syndrome, hig athy).	n protein diet,
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine prod tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. 2: creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diff monemias (urea is virtually abso of inappropiate antidiuretic harm 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATINII py (accelerates conversion of cr eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false in creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine r	uction) E LEVELS: nore than creatinine) uses out of extracellul ent in blood). none) due to tubular s VE: eatine to creatinine). crease in creatinine v neasurement).	(e.g. obstructive urop lar fluid). ecretion of urea. vith certain methodol	athy). ogies,resulting in normal ratio	
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7. Urine reabsorption 3. Reduced muscle m 4. Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL CKD STAGE G1	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine prod tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. 2. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diff monemias (urea is virtually abs of inappropiate antidiuretic harm 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATINII py (accelerates conversion of cr eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false in creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine r ULAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney func	uction) ELEVELS: nore than creatinine) uses out of extracellul ent in blood). none) due to tubular s NE: eatine to creatinine). crease in creatinine v neasurement). GFR (mL/n tion // >	(e.g. obstructive urop lar fluid). ecretion of urea. vith certain methodol nin/1.73m2) A	athy). ogies,resulting in normal ratio SSOCIATED FINDINGS No proteinuria	
Urine reabsorption Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia Certain drugs (e.g. Norecased RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Cereased RATIO (<1 Acute tubular necr Acute tubular necr Severe liver disease Other causes of de Severe liver disease Other causes of de Severe liver disease Solution (<1 Severe liver disease Se	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine prod tetracycline, glucocorticoids) 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININ (BUN rises disproportionately r superimposed on renal disease 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis. d starvation. 2. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinine diff monemias (urea is virtually abs of inappropiate antidiuretic harm 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREATINII py (accelerates conversion of cr eleases muscle creatinine). who develop renal failure. : sis (acetoacetate causes false in creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine r ULAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPTION Normal kidney func	uction) ELEVELS: nore than creatinine) uses out of extracellul ent in blood). none) due to tubular s NE: eatine to creatinine). crease in creatinine v neasurement). CINER (ML/M tion >> th >>	(e.g. obstructive urop lar fluid). ecretion of urea. vith certain methodol	athy). ogies,resulting in normal ratio SSOCIATED FINDINGS	
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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultan	obiology) ME	m Chopra D (Pathology) It Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. RAJINDER SHARMA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 83 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1545372
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407110021
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 09:53 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01512917	COLLECTION DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 09:58AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 12:11PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	ALA CANTT	
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
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BARCODE NO.	:01512917		LLECTION DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 09:58AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		PORTING DATE	: 11/Jul/2024 11:29AM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A			. 11/30/ 2024 11.20/10	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		CLINICAL PA	THOLOGY		
	URINE RO	OUTINE & MICRO	SCOPIC EXAMINAT	[ION	
PHYSICAL EXAMINA					
		10	ml		
QUANTITY RECIEVED	J TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	10	ml		
COLOUR		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY					
TRANSPARANCY		HAZY		CLEAR	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.02		1.002 - 1.030	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.02		1.002 - 1.030	
CHEMICAL EXAMINA					
REACTION		ACIDIC			
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
PROTEIN		2+		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SUGAR		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative			
рH		<=5.0		5.0 - 7.5	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BILIRUBIN	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
NITRITE		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.				
UROBILINOGEN		Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0	
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Nogativo			
KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
BLOOD		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
ASCORBIC ACID		NEGATIVE (-ve	2)	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



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NAME

AGE/ GENDER

COLLECTED BY





: 11/Jul/2024 09:58AM

:11/Jul/2024 11:29AM

Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant PathologistDr. Yugam Chopra
MD (Pathology)
CEO & Consultant Pathologist: Mrs. RAJINDER SHARMAPATIENT ID: 1545372: SURJESHREG. NO./LAB NO.: 012407110021:REGISTRATION DATE: 11/Jul/2024 09:53 AM

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CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-5	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report ***





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