



TITRE

1:160

	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con		Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. PRISHA			
AGE/ GENDER	E/ GENDER : 4 YRS/FEMALE		ENT ID	: 1102944
COLLECTED BY	:	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 012407200007
REFERRED BY	:	REGI	STRATION DATE	: 20/Jul/2024 07:53 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01513459	COLL	ECTION DATE	: 20/Jul/2024 08:41AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 20/Jul/2024 08:58AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	IM	MUNOPATHOLO	GY/SEROLOGY	
	W	IDAL SLIDE AGGLU	FINATION TEST	
SALMONELLA TYPHI O by slide agglutination		1 : 160	TITRE	1 : 80
SALMONELLA TYPHI H by slide agglutination		1 : 40	TITRE	1 : 160
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH		NIL	TITRE	1 : 160

by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION INTERPRETATION:

by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

NIL

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

*** End Of Report ***





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