



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist		Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist		
		it Fathologist		rathologist	
	s. ASMITA BANSAL				
	YRS/FEMALE]	PATIENT ID	: 1556008	
	RJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	:012407210020	
REFERRED BY :			REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 08:50 AM	
	513541		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 09:27AM	
	S DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 09:47AM	
CLIENT ADDRESS : 634	49/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	ALA CANT I			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference i	nterval
		HAEMA	ATOLOGY		
	COM		OD COUNT (CBC)		
RED BLOOD CELLS (PRCS) (
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		10.7 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0	
<i>by CALORIMETRIC</i> RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) CO	UNT	4.63	Millions/c	mm 3.50 - 5.00	
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE					
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		35 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0	
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)		75.6 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0	
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)		23.1 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0	
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER					
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER		30.5 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0	
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)		30.6 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00	
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD)		87.1 ^H	fL	35.0 - 56.0	
by CALCULATED BY AUTOM	ATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER				
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED		16.33	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA T IRON DEFICIENCY AN	
GREEN & KING INDEX		49.94	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA T	
by CALCULATED				65.0	
	PC)			IRON DEFICIENCY AN	EMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WB		(100	1	4000 11000	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		6400	/cmm	4000 - 11000	
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER & MICROSCOPY		NIL		0.00 - 20.00	
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER & MICROSCOPY DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)		NIL	%	< 10 %	

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DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)



an

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





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NAME	: Mrs. ASMITA BANSAL			
AGE/ GENDER	: 48 YRS/FEMALE	PA	FIENT ID	: 1556008
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	RE	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407210020
REFERRED BY			GISTRATION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 08:50 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01513541		LLECTION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 09:27AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		PORTING DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 09:47AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A		ONTING DATE	
CLIENT ADDRESS	. 0343/ 1, Menolson Road, A			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
NEUTROPHILS		66	%	50 - 70
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES		25	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS	by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS		%	1 - 6
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		6	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS		0	%	0 - 1
	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY YTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTRO		4224	/cmm	2000 - 7500
	RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4224	7011111	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		1600	/cmm	800 - 4900
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		100	100000	10 110
ABSOLUTE EOSINO	PHIL COUNT RY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	192	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		384	/cmm	80 - 880
by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			,	0.110
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY		0	/cmm	0 - 110
	HER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARK	ERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (F	PLT)	329000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
by HYDRO DYNAMIC	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			
PLATELETCRIT (PCT)		0.31	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VC	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	9	fL	6.50 - 12.0
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	· ·		0.00 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CE		74000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
by HYDRO DYNAMIC PLATELET LARGE CE	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	22.4	%	11.0 - 45.0
	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	22.4	/0	11.0 - 40.0
	ITION WIDTH (PDW)	15.4	%	15.0 - 17.0
by HYDRO DYNAMIC	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE			

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY	: Mrs. ASMITA BANSAL : 48 YRS/FEMALE			
COLLECTED BY				
	. CUDIECH		PATIENT ID	: 1556008
REFERRED BY	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012407210020
	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 08:50 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01513541		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 09:27AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Jul/2024 10:45AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	D, AMBALA CANTI	ſ	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLI	NICAL CHEMI	STRY/BIOCHEMISTR	v
	GEI		RIC ACID	
JRIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS	E PEROXIDASE	3.32	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
Alcohol ingestion. Alcohol ingestion. Lactic acidosis. Aspirin ingestion (Iu Diabetic ketoacido: Renal failure due to DECREASED:- A).DUE TO DIETARY E Dietary deficiency of Lactoni syndrome Multiple sclerosis. Syndrome of inappi	D EXCREATION (BY KIDNEYS) ess than 2 grams per day). sis or starvation. o any cause etc. DEFICIENCY of Zinc, Iron and molybdenum. & Wilsons disease.	(SIADH) secretion 8	& low purine diet etc.	
B).DUE TO INCREASE		es (more than 4 gra	ams per day), corticosterro	ids and ACTH, anti-coagulants and estrogens ef

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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolog Chairman & Consultant Patho		Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)		
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: Mrs. ASMITA BANSAL : 48 YRS/FEMALE : SURJESH : : 01513541 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CA	R R C(R	ATIENT ID EG. NO./LAB NO. EGISTRATION DATE OLLECTION DATE EPORTING DATE	: 1556008 : 012407210020 : 21/Jul/2024 08:50 AM : 21/Jul/2024 09:27AM : 21/Jul/2024 11:21AM		
Test Name	Value	_	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
ENDOCRINOLOGY PROLACTIN						
PROLACTIN: SERUM PROLACTIN: SERUM 10.511 ng/mL 3 - 25 by CMMA (CHEMILLIMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) Intermediation of production is the stimulation of state of the hypothalamus. 1. Prolactin is secreted by the anterior pituitary gland and controlled by the hypothalamus. Intermediation of prolactin is the stimulation of milk production. In normal individuals, the prolactin level rises in response to physiological function of prolactin secretion is dopamine, which inhibits prolactin secretion from the pituitary. 3. Physiological function of prolactin is the stimulation of milk production. In normal individuals, the prolactin level rises in response to physiologic (stimuli such as sleep, exercise, nipple stimulation, sexual intercourse, hypoglycemia, postpartum period, and also is elevated in the newborn infant. INCREASED (HYPERPROLACTEMIS) 1. Prolactin-secreting pituitary adenoma (prolactinoma, which is 5 times more frequent in females than males). 2. Functional and organic disease of the hypothalamus. 3. Primary hypothyroidism. 4. Section compression of the pituitary stalk. 5. Chest wall lesions and renal failure. 6. Ectopic tumors. 7. DRUGS: Anti-Dopaminergic drugs like antipsychotic drugs, antinausea/antiemetic drugs, Drugs that affect CNS sectionin metabolism, serotonin receptors, or serotonin reuptake (anti-depressants of all classes, ergot derivatives, some illegial drugs such as cannabis). Antihypertensive drugs. 0. Date in bido, inpotence, infertil						
*** End Of Report ***						

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