

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

	Dr. Vinay Chopr		Dr. Yugam	
	MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta			(Pathology) Pathologist
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: Mrs. NIDHI GARG : 33 YRS/FEMALE : SURJESH : : 01514243 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	BALA CANTT	PATIENT ID REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE	: 1567306 : 012408010027 : 01/Aug/2024 11:39 AM : 01/Aug/2024 11:46AM : 01/Aug/2024 03:39PM
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	RHEUMATOID	FACTOR (F	OLOGY/SEROLOGY RA): QUANTITATIVE - S	
RHEUMATOID (RA) F SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	ACTOR QUANTITATIVE:	108.84 ^H	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0
5. The test is useful for RHEUMATOID ARTHIR 1. Rheumatoid Arthiri membrane lining (syr 2. The disease spreda 3. The diagnosis of R/ measurement of RA fa CAUTION (FALSE POST 1. RA factor is not spec 2. Non rheumatoid and RA patients have a noi 3. Patients have a noi 3. Patients have a noi 3. Patients have a noi 3. Patients have been specific (98%) than RA 5. Upto 30 % of patien	itis is a systemic autoimmune diseas novium) joints which ledas to progre s from small to large joints, with gre A is primarily based on clinical, radio ictor. TVEJ:- cific for Rheumatoid arthiritis, as it is o d rheumatoid arthritis (RA) populatior preactive titer and 8% of nonrheumation is nonrheumatoid diseases, characteriz polymyositis, tuberculosis, syphilis, vir discovered in joints of patients with R	atoid arthriti e that is mul ssive joint de atest damage logical & imr often present as are not clea oid patients h red by chronic al hepatitis, h A, but not in a hiritis also sho	is. Iti-functional in origin and i estruction and in most case e in early phase. munological features.The n in healthy individuals with o arly separate with regard to have a positive titer). c inflammation may have posi infectious mononucleosis, an other form of joint disease.A pow Anti-CCP antibodies.	s characterized by chronic inflammation of the s to disability and reduction of quality life. host frequent serological test is the ther autoimmune diseases and chronic infections. the presence of rheumatoid factor (RF) (15% of sitive tests for RF. These diseases include systemic d influenza. nti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more
	***	End Of Re	eport ***	
	DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOL	CONSU	SAM CHOPRA DILTANT PATHOLOGIST MD (PATHOLOGY)	

