



	Dr. Vinay Che MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons		Dr. Yugarı MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
AME	: Mr. HARCHARAN SINGH			
GE/ GENDER	: 71 YRS/MALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1572253
COLLECTED BY	:	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012408060048
REFERRED BY		R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Aug/2024 12:27 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01514596		OLLECTION DATE	: 06/Aug/2024 12:28PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		EPORTING DATE	: 06/Aug/2024 02:31PM
CLIENT CODE.			EI ONIING DATE	. 00/ Aug/ 2024 02.511 M
LIENI ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMIDALA CANTI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): NHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)		6.6 <sup>H</sup> 142.72 <sup>H</sup>	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
NTERPRETATION:	AS PER AMERICAN DIAB		DA):	
REFERENCE GROUP		GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %		n %
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years		<5.7		
	At Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4	
Non diab At l				
Non diab At l	Risk (Prediabetes) gnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5	
Non diab At l			Age > 19 Years	
Non diab At Dia	gnosing Diabetes	Goals of Thera	Age > 19 Years py: < 7.0	
Non diab At Dia		Goals of Thera Actions Suggest	Age > 19 Years py: < 7.0	

1. Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate. 4. High

HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

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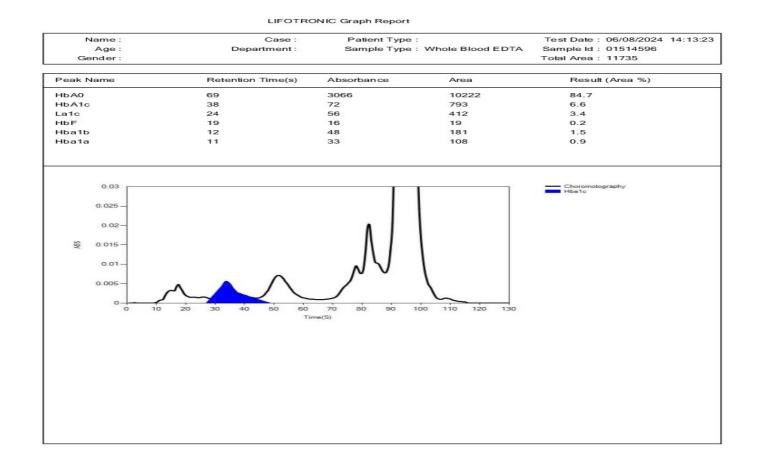


TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval







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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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