



	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
AME	: Miss. INDU			
AGE/ GENDER	: 34 YRS/FEMALE	PAT	IENT ID	: 1576632
COLLECTED BY	:	REG	. NO./LAB NO.	: 012408100040
REFERRED BY	:	REG	ISTRATION DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 01:10 PM
BARCODE NO.	:01514837		LECTION DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 01:13PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		ORTING DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 03:40PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A		ORING DATE	. 10/ hug/ 2024 03.401 W
LIENI ADDRESS	. 0343/ 1, MCHOLSON KOAD, P	INDALA CANTI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
				40-64
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): NHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) INTERPRETATION:		12.7 ^H 317.79 ^H	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN DIABI	ETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)		
	ERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in 9		n %
	etic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7		
At Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4		
Diagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5		
		Age > 19 Years		
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control		Goals of Therapy: < 7.		
		Actions Suggested: >8.0		
		Age < 19 Years		
		Goal of therapy:	<7.5	

1. Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate. 4. High

HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com

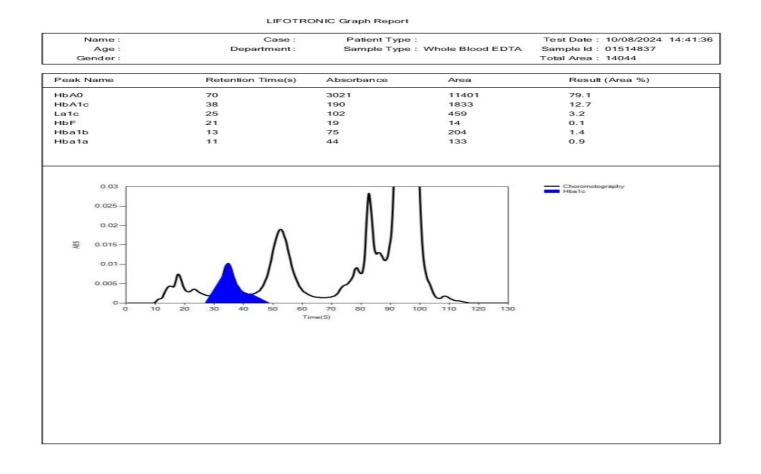


TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Miss. INDU		
AGE/ GENDER	: 34 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1576632
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012408100040
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 01:10 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01514837	COLLECTION DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 01:13PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 10/Aug/2024 03:40PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTT	
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval







DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

*** End Of Report ***

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com

