

Dr. Vinay Chopra
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
 MD (Pathology)
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| NAME | : Mrs. JYOTI | PATIENT ID | : 1581360 |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 45 YRS/FEMALE | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012408150024 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | : 15/Aug/2024 01:44 PM |
| REFERRED BY | : | COLLECTION DATE | : 15/Aug/2024 01:46PM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01515108 | REPORTING DATE | : 15/Aug/2024 03:09PM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT | | |

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------------|
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------------|

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

URIC ACID

| | | | |
|------------------|------|-------|-------------|
| URIC ACID: SERUM | 5.72 | mg/dL | 2.50 - 6.80 |
|------------------|------|-------|-------------|

by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE

INTERPRETATION:-

1.GOUT occurs when high levels of Uric Acid in the blood cause crystals to form & accumulate around a joint.
 2.Uric Acid is the end product of purine metabolism . Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation.

INCREASED:-

(A).DUE TO INCREASED PRODUCTION:-

- 1.Idiopathic primary gout.
- 2.Excessive dietary purines (organ meats,legumes,anchovies, etc).
- 3.Cytolytic treatment of malignancies especially leukemais & lymphomas.
- 4.Polycythemia vera & myeloid metaplasia.
- 5.Psoriasis.
- 6.Sickle cell anaemia etc.

(B).DUE TO DECREASED EXCRETION (BY KIDNEYS)

- 1.Alcohol ingestion.
- 2.Thiazide diuretics.
- 3.Lactic acidosis.
- 4.Aspirin ingestion (less than 2 grams per day).
- 5.Diabetic ketoacidosis or starvation.
- 6.Renal failure due to any cause etc.

DECREASED:-

(A).DUE TO DIETARY DEFICIENCY

- 1.Dietary deficiency of Zinc, Iron and molybdenum.
- 2.Fanconi syndrome & Wilsons disease.
- 3.Multiple sclerosis .
- 4.Syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone (SIADH) secretion & low purine diet etc.

(B).DUE TO INCREASED EXCRETION

- 1.Drugs:-Probenecid , sulphinpyrazone, aspirin doses (more than 4 grams per day), corticosteroids and ACTH, anti-coagulants and estrogens etc.





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| BARCODE NO. | : 01515108 | REPORTING DATE | : 15/Aug/2024 02:22PM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | |
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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY WIDAL SLIDE AGGLUTINATION TEST

| | | | |
|---|--------|-------|---------|
| SALMONELLA TYPHI O by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | 1 : 40 | TITRE | 1 : 80 |
| SALMONELLA TYPHI H by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | 1 : 40 | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.
2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.
2. Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.
3. A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.
4. A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repetition of the test after a week.
2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.
3. H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in O agglutinins indicate recent infection.

*** End Of Report ***




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