



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. NISHU SOOD			
AGE/ GENDER	: 30 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1443437
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012408150033
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 15/Aug/2024 06:04 PM
BARCODE NO.	:01515117		COLLECTION DATE	: 15/Aug/2024 06:06PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 15/Aug/2024 07:05PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTI	r	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		ENDO	CRINOLOGY	
	THYE	ROID FUN	CTION TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM 1. by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		1.332	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SER		8.21	μgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
	NG HORMONE (TSH): SERUM escent microparticle immunoassay) rasensitive	0.696	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50

overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levies in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40





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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)









		Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)		gam Chopra MD (Pathology) Iltant Pathologist	
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Test Name			Value	Unit	Biolo	ogical Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	

6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35- 5.50	
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL)						
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50			
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00			
3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10			

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report **





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