

# **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Mrs. KAMAL KAPOOR

**AGE/ GENDER** : 73 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1581947

**COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH :012408160017 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 16/Aug/2024 09:25 AM BARCODE NO. :01515136 **COLLECTION DATE** : 16/Aug/2024 01:05PM : 16/Aug/2024 10:10AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### **HAEMATOLOGY HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)**

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) 12.0 - 16.0 9.6<sup>L</sup> qm/dL

by CALORIMETRIC

**INTERPRETATION:-**

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):

1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)

2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)

3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)

4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs

5) Kidney failure

6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

### POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

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## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE FASTING (F) AND POST PRANDIAL (PP)

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA 190.44<sup>H</sup> mg/dL NORMAL: < 100.0

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)

PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

**DIABETIC:** > **0R** = **126.0** 

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP): PLASMA 245.65<sup>H</sup> mg/dL NORMAL: < 140.00

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)

PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0

**DIABETIC:** > **0R** = **200.0** 

#### **INTERPRETATION:**

### IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

- 1. A fasting plasma glucose below 100 mg/dL and post-prandial plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.
- 2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 125 mg/dl and post-prandial plasma glucose level between 140 200 mg/dL is considered as glucose intolerant or pre diabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
- 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dL and post-prandial plasma glucose level above 200 mg/dL is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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