

# **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Mrs. BALJIT KAUR

**AGE/ GENDER** : 71 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1583986

**COLLECTED BY** :012408180004 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 18/Aug/2024 07:28 AM BARCODE NO. :01515216 **COLLECTION DATE** : 18/Aug/2024 07:31AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 18/Aug/2024 09:50AM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

**Test Name** Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### **CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FASTING (F)**

93.38 GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA mg/dL NORMAL: < 100.0

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

INTERPRETATION
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





## **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

: 18/Aug/2024 10:45AM

**NAME** : Mrs. BALJIT KAUR

**AGE/ GENDER** : 71 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1583986

**COLLECTED BY** :012408180004 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 18/Aug/2024 07:28 AM BARCODE NO. :01515216 **COLLECTION DATE** : 18/Aug/2024 07:31AM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### **ENDOCRINOLOGY**

REPORTING DATE

#### THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM 0.724 ng/mL 0.35 - 1.93

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROXINE (T4): SERUM 7.81 4.87 - 12.60 μgm/dL

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM μIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50 $0.099^{L}$ 

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

CLIENT CODE.

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

### **INTERPRETATION**:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and trilodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

| CLINICAL CONDITION           | T3                    | T4                    | TSH                             |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Primary Hypothyroidism:      | Reduced               | Reduced               | Increased (Significantly)       |
| Subclinical Hypothyroidism:  | Normal or Low Normal  | Normal or Low Normal  | High                            |
| Primary Hyperthyroidism:     | Increased             | Increased             | Reduced (at times undetectable) |
| Subclinical Hyperthyroidism: | Normal or High Normal | Normal or High Normal | Reduced                         |

#### LIMITATIONS:-

- 1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests
- 2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin, salicylates).
- 3. Serum T4 levies in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult, due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
- 4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

| TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3) |                             | THYROXINE (T4)    |                             | THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH) |                              |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Age                   | Refferance<br>Range (ng/mL) | Age               | Refferance<br>Range (µg/dL) | Age                               | Reference Range<br>( µIU/mL) |  |
| 0 - 7 Days            | 0.20 - 2.65                 | 0 - 7 Days        | 5.90 - 18.58                | 0 - 7 Days                        | 2.43 - 24.3                  |  |
| 7 Days - 3 Months     | 0.36 - 2.59                 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 6.39 - 17.66                | 7 Days - 3 Months                 | 0.58 - 11.00                 |  |
| 3 - 6 Months          | 0.51 - 2.52                 | 3 - 6 Months      | 6.75 – 17.04                | 3 Days – 6 Months                 | 0.70 - 8.40                  |  |



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana



## **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. BALJIT KAUR

AGE/ GENDER : 71 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 1583986

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012408180004

 REFERRED BY
 : 18/Aug/2024 07:28 AM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01515216
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 18/Aug/2024 07:31AM

**CLIENT CODE.** : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 18/Aug/2024 10:45AM

**CLIENT ADDRESS**: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

| Test Name           |             |                       | Value            | Unit                |             | Biological Reference interval |   |  |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| 6 - 12 Months       | 0.74 - 2.40 | 6 - 12 Months         | 7.10 – 16.16     | 6 – 12 Months       | 0.70 - 7.00 |                               |   |  |
| 1 - 10 Years        | 0.92 - 2.28 | 1 - 10 Years          | 6.00 - 13.80     | 1 – 10 Years        | 0.60 - 5.50 |                               |   |  |
| 11- 19 Years        | 0.35 - 1.93 | 11 - 19 Years         | 4.87- 13.20      | 11 – 19 Years       | 0.50 - 5.50 |                               |   |  |
| > 20 years (Adults) | 0.35 - 1.93 | > 20 Years (Adults)   | 4.87 - 12.60     | > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.35- 5.50  |                               |   |  |
|                     | RECO        | OMMENDATIONS OF TSH L | EVELS DURING PRE | GNANCY ( µIU/mL)    |             |                               | 1 |  |
| 1st Trimester       |             |                       | 0.10 - 2.50      |                     |             |                               | Ī |  |
| 2nd Trimester       |             |                       | 0.20 - 3.00      |                     |             | Ĭ                             |   |  |
| 3rd Trimester       |             |                       | 0.30 – 4.10      |                     |             | İ                             |   |  |
|                     |             |                       |                  |                     |             |                               |   |  |

#### **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

#### **DECREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- $2. Over \ replacement \ of \ thyroid \ harmone \ in \ treatment \ of \ hypothyroid ism.$
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



DR.VINAY CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com