

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Miss. ALIYA

**AGE/ GENDER** : 12 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1591321

**COLLECTED BY** :012408260016 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 26/Aug/2024 09:36 AM BARCODE NO. :01515724 **COLLECTION DATE** : 26/Aug/2024 09:40AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 26/Aug/2024 10:44AM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

### **CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FASTING (F)**

93.91 GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA mg/dL NORMAL: < 100.0

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0 DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

INTERPRETATION
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval				
IRON PROFILE							
IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	44.7	μg/dL	37.0 - 145.0				
UNSATURATED IRON BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC) :SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	293.28	μg/dL	150.0 - 336.0				
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC) :SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	337.98	μg/dL	230 - 430				
%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE)	13.23 <sup>L</sup>	%	15.0 - 50.0				
TRANSFERRIN: SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE)	239.97	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0				

### **INTERPRETATION:-**

HITTERS REPARED			
VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased

#### IRON:

- 1. Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes
- anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

  2. It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.

  TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):
- 1.It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1.Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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: 26/Aug/2024 11:11AM

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Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

#### **ENDOCRINOLOGY**

REPORTING DATE

#### THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM 0.806 ng/mL 0.35 - 1.93

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROXINE (T4): SERUM 6.79 4.87 - 13.20 μgm/dL

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM 1.781 μIU/mL 0.50 - 5.50

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### INTERPRETATION:

CLIENT CODE.

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and trilodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

- 1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.
- 2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs
- 3. Serum T4 levies in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult, due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
- 4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHY	RONINE (T3)	THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (μg/dL)	Age	Reference Range ( μΙυ/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 – 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40



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V-I				
Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval	
hs 7.10 – 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00		
6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50		
s 4.87- 13.20	11 - 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50		
Adults) 4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35- 5.50		
OF TSH LEVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY ( μIU/mL)			
	0.10 – 2.50			
	0.20 - 3.00			
	0.30 - 4.10			
(	ths 7.10 – 16.16 s 6.00 - 13.80 rrs 4.87 - 13.20 (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60	ths 7.10 – 16.16 6 – 12 Months  5 6.00 - 13.80 1 – 10 Years  rs 4.87 - 13.20 11 – 19 Years  (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults)  5 OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL)  0.10 – 2.50  0.20 – 3.00	ths 7.10 – 16.16 6 – 12 Months 0.70 - 7.00  s 6.00 - 13.80 1 – 10 Years 0.60 - 5.50  rs 4.87 - 13.20 11 – 19 Years 0.50 – 5.50  (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) 0.35 – 5.50  S OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL)  0.10 – 2.50 0.20 – 3.00	ths 7.10 – 16.16 6 – 12 Months 0.70 - 7.00  s 6.00 - 13.80 1 – 10 Years 0.60 - 5.50  rs 4.87 - 13.20 11 – 19 Years 0.50 – 5.50  (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) 0.35 – 5.50  S OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL)  0.10 – 2.50  0.20 – 3.00

#### **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

#### **DECREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- $2. Over \ replacement \ of \ thyroid \ harmone \ in \ treatment \ of \ hypothyroid ism.$
- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*



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