

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. PARAMJEET KAUR

AGE/ GENDER : 48 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1591427

COLLECTED BY : 012408270063 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 06:33 PM BARCODE NO. :01515833 **COLLECTION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 06:33PM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 30/Aug/2024 07:28AM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Unit **Biological Reference interval** Value

MICROBIOLOGY

CULTURE AEROBIC BACTERIA AND ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY: URINE

CULTURE AND SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE

DATE OF SAMPLE 27-08-2024 SPECIMEN SOURCE **URINE INCUBATION PERIOD** 48 HOURS

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

CULTURE STERILE

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

ORGANISM NO AEROBIC PYOGENIC ORGANISM GROWN AFTER 48 HOURS OF INCUBATION AT

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE **AEROBIC SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE**

- 1. In urine culture and sensitivity, presence of more than 100,000 organism per mL in midstream sample of urine is considered clinically significant. However in symptomatic patients, a smaller number of bacteria (100 to 10000/mL) may signify infection.

 2. Colony could be 100 to 10000/ mL indicate infection, if isolate from specimen obtained by suprapubic aspiration or "in-and-out"
- catheterization or from patients with indwelling catheters.

- 1. A test interpreted as SENSTITIVE implies that infection due to isolate may be appropriately treated with the dosage of an antimicrobial agent
- recommended for that type of infection and infecting species, unless otherwise indicated..

 2. A test interpreted as **INTERMEDIATE** implies that the" Infection due to the isolate may be appropriately treated in body sites where the drugs are
- physiologically concentrated or when a high dosage of drug can be used".

 3.A test interpreted as **RESISTANT** implies that the "isolates are not inhibited by the usually achievable concentration of the agents with normal dosage, schedule and/or fall in the range where specific microbial resistance mechanism are likely (e.g. beta-lactamases), and clinical efficacy has not been reliable in treatment studies

CAUTION:

- Conditions which can cause a false Negative culture:

 1. Patient is on antibiotics. Please repeat culture post therapy.
- 2. Anaerobic bacterial infection.
- 3. Fastidious aerobic bacteria which are not able to grow on routine culture media.
- 4. Besides all these factors, at least in 25-40 % of cases there is no direct correlation between in vivo clinical picture.
- 5. Renal tuberculosis to be confirmed by AFB studies.

*** End Of Report ***



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana