

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

AGE/ GENDER : 23 YRS/MALE PATIENT ID : 1593765

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012408270065

 REFERRED BY
 : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH)
 REGISTRATION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01515835
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:32 PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 09:02 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	15.1	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	5.44 ^H	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	47.1	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	86.6	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	27.8	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	32.1	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13.9	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	45	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	15.92	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	22.16	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4730	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by automated 6 part hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % by Calculated by automated hematology analyzer	NIL	%	< 10 %
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by Flow cytometry by SF cube & Microscopy	47 ^L	%	50 - 70



DR.VINAY CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

: 27/Aug/2024 09:02PM

REPORTING DATE

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

CLIENT CODE.

AGE/ GENDER PATIENT ID : 1593765 : 23 YRS/MALE

COLLECTED BY : 012408270065 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH) BARCODE NO. :01515835 **COLLECTION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:32PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

est Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
YMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	39	%	20 - 40
OSINOPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	5	%	1 - 6
IONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	9	%	2 - 12
ASOPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy BSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT	0	%	0 - 1
BSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2223	/cmm	2000 - 7500
BSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1845	/cmm	800 - 4900
BSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	236	/cmm	40 - 440
BSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	426	/cmm	80 - 880
BSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy LATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKEI	0 RS.	/cmm	0 - 110
ATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	297000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
ATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.31	%	0.10 - 0.36
IEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
LATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	87000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
ATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	29.1	%	11.0 - 45.0
LATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE OTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana



KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

AGE/ GENDER : 23 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1593765

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. :012408270065

REFERRED BY : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM BARCODE NO. :01515835 **COLLECTION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:32PM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 27/Aug/2024 09:08PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	PRO	THROMBIN TIM	TE STUDIES (PT/INR)	
PT TEST (PATIENT)		11.7	SECS	11.5 - 14.5

PT TEST (PATIENT)	11./	SECS	11.5 - 14.5
by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION			
PT (CONTROL)	12	SECS	
by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION			
ISI	1.1		
by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION			
INTERNATIONAL NORMALISED RATIO (INR)	0.97		0.80 - 1.20
by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION			
PT INDEX	102.56	%	
by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION			

- 1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropiate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.
- 2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications
- 3. Results should be clinically correlated.
- 4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC RANGE FOR ORAL ANTI-COAGULANT THERAPY (INR)					
INDICATION		INTERNATIO	NAL NORMALIZED RATIO (INR)		
Treatment of venous thrombosis					
Treatment of pulmonary embolism					
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves					
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity		2.0 - 3.0		
Acute myocardial infarction	1				
Atrial fibrillation					
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position					
Recurrent embolism					
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity		2.5 - 3.5		
Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺					

COMMENTS:



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST









Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

AGE/ GENDER : 23 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1593765

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. :012408270065

REFERRED BY : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH) **REGISTRATION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM BARCODE NO. :01515835 **COLLECTION DATE** : 27/Aug/2024 08:32PM

CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 27/Aug/2024 09:08PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway.

The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are:

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3. Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5. Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency

CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

AGE/ GENDER : 23 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1593765

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012408270065

 REFERRED BY
 : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH)
 REGISTRATION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01515835
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:32 PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 09:08 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

ACTIVATED PARTIAL THROMBOPLASTIN TIME (APTT)

APTT (PATIENT VALUE) 31.6 SECS 28.6 - 38.2

by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION

INTERPRETATION:-

The activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT or APTT) is a performance indicator measuring the efficacy of both the **intrinsic** (now referred to as the contact activation pathway) and the common coagulation pathways. Apart from detecting abnormalities in blood clotting, it is also used to monitor the treatment effects with heparin, a major anticoagulant. It is used in conjunction with the prothrombin time (PT) which measures the extrinsic pathway.

COMMON CAUSES OF PROLONGED APTT:-

- 1. Disseminated intravascular coagulation.
- 2. Liver disease.
- 3. Massive transfusion with stored blood.
- 4. Heparin administration or contamination.
- 5. A circulating Anticogulant.
- 6. Deficiency of a coagulation Factor other than factor 7.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana
KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana
0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology)

CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. VIKAS

AGE/ GENDER : 23 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1593765

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012408270065

 REFERRED BY
 : P.G.I. (CHANDIGARH)
 REGISTRATION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:28 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01515835
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 08:32 PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 27/Aug/2024 09:28 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE (LDH): SERUM

LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE (LDH): SERUM by BASED ON SCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

461.4^H

U/L

225.0 - 450.0

INTERPRETATION:
1.Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) activity is present in all cells of the body with highest concentrations in heart, liver, muscle, kidney, lung, and erythrocytes.

2. The test can be used for monitoring changes in tumor burden after chemotherapy, although, lactate dehydrogenase elevations in patients with cancer are too erratic to be of use in the diagnosis of cancer

INCREASED (MARKED) :-

- 1. Megaloblastic anemia.
- 2. Untreated pernicious anemia.
- 3. Hodgkins disease.
- 4. Abdominal and lung cancers.
- 5. Severe shock.
- 6.Hypoxia.

INCREASED (MODERATE):-

- 1. Myocardial infarction (MI).
- 2. Pulmonary infarction and pulmonary embolism.
- 3.Leukemia.
- 4. Hemolytic anemia.
- 5.Infectious mononucleosis.
- 6. Progressive muscular dystrophy (especially in the early and middle stages of the disease)
- 7.Liver disease and renal disease.

NOTE:

1.In liver disease, elevations of LDH are not as great as the increases in aspartate amino transferase (AST) and alanine aminotransferase (ALT).

2.Serum LDH may be falsely elevated in otherwise healthy individuals which can be due to mechanical destrunction of RBCs. Therefore, Possiblity of mechanical errors (Transportation or vigorous shaking) should always be ruled out.

*** End Of Report ***



DR.VINAY CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST
MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

