



	<b>Dr. Vinay Cho</b> MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)		(Pathology)			
NAME	: Dog BILLO						
AGE/ GENDER	: 2 YRS/Female		PATIENT ID	: 1597246			
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012408310047			
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 31/Aug/2024 11:16 AM			
BARCODE NO.	:01516043		COLLECTION DATE	: 31/Aug/2024 11:20AM			
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 31/Aug/2024 01:05PM			
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANT	Т				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval			
		ENDO	CRINOLOGY				
PROGESTERONE							
	RUM iescent microparticle immunoas	3.84 say)	ng/mL	FEMALE FOLLICULAR PHASE: 0.10 - 1.50 FEMALE OVULATORY PHASE: 0.40 - 3.00 FEMALE LUTEAL PHASE: 1.20 - 18.80 POST MENOPAUSAL: < 1.40 MALES: < 2.80			
INTERPRETATION:							
	EXPECTED VALUES OF PROGESTERONE DURING PREGNANCY						

INTERFRETATION.					
	EXPECTED VALUES OF PROGESTERONE DURING PREGNANCY				
		UNITS (ng/mL)			
	First trimester (0 - 12 Wweeks)	15.8 - 46.0			
	Second trimester (13 - 28 Wweeks)	15.6 - 74.0			
	Third trimester (29 - 40 Wweeks)	45.0 - 143.0			
	Post Menopausal	< 1.40			

1. Progesterone is produced by the adrenal glands, corpus luteum, and placenta.

2. After ovulation, there is a significant rise in serum Progesterone levels as the corpus luteum begins To produce progesterone in increasing amounts. This causes changes in the uterus, preparing it for implantation of a fertilized egg. If implantation occurs, the trophoblast begins to secrete human chorionic gonadotropin, which maintains the corpus luteum and its secretion of progesterone. If there is no implantation, the corpus luteum degenerates and circulating progesterone levels decrease rapidly, reaching follicular phase levels about 4 days before the next menstrual period.

## The test is indicated for:

1. Ascertaining whether ovulation occurred in a menstrual cycle

2. Evaluation of placental function in pregnancy

3. Workup of some patients with adrenal or testicular tumors

NOTE:

In patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (ie, >5 mg/day), no specimen should be drawn until at least 8 hours after the last biotin administration.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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