



Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist CEO & Consultant Pathologist NAME : Miss. NIDHI **AGE/ GENDER** : 22 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1598505 **COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. :012409010047 **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** :01/Sep/2024 01:08 PM **BARCODE NO.** :01516118 **COLLECTION DATE** :01/Sep/2024 01:09PM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :03/Sep/2024 02:55PM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** MICROBIOLOGY CULTURE AEROBIC BACTERIA AND ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY: URINE CULTURE AND SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE DATE OF SAMPLE 01-09-2024 SPECIMEN SOURCE URINE **INCUBATION PERIOD** 48 HOURS by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE CULTURE **STERILE** by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE ORGANISM NO AEROBIC PYOGENIC ORGANISM GROWN AFTER 48 HOURS OF INCUBATION AT by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE 37*C **AEROBIC SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE** INTERPRETATION: In urine culture and sensitivity, presence of more than 100,000 organism per mL in midstream sample of urine is considered clinically significant. However in symptomatic patients, a smaller number of bacteria (100 to 10000/mL) may signify infection.
Colony count of 100 to 10000/ mL indicate infection, if isolate from specimen obtained by suprapubic aspiration or "in-and-out"

catheterization or from patients with indwelling catheters.

SUSCEPTIBILITY:

1. A test interpreted as SENSTITIVE implies that infection due to isolate may be appropriately treated with the dosage of an antimicrobial agent recommended for that type of infection and infecting species, unless otherwise indicated.. 2. A test interpreted as **INTERMEDIATE** implies that the" Infection due to the isolate may be appropriately treated in body sites where the drugs are

physiologically concentrated or when a high dosage of drug can be used". 3.A test interpreted as **RESISTANT** implies that the "isolates are not inhibited by the usually achievable concentration of the agents with normal

dosage, schedule and/or fall in the range where specific microbial resistance mechanism are likely (e.g. beta-lactamases), and clinical efficacy has not been reliable in treatment studies.

CAUTION:

Conditions which can cause a false Negative culture: 1. Patient is on antibiotics. Please repeat culture post therapy.

2. Anaerobic bacterial infection.

- 3. Fastidious aerobic bacteria which are not able to grow on routine culture media.
- 4. Besides all these factors, at least in 25-40 % of cases there is no direct correlation between in vivo clinical picture.

5. Renal tuberculosis to be confirmed by AFB studies.

*** End Of Report ***



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