

# **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Mr. AMAR SINGH

AGE/ GENDER : 68 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1598927

**COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. :012409020019

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 02/Sep/2024 09:39 AM BARCODE NO. :01516152 **COLLECTION DATE** : 02/Sep/2024 09:40AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 04/Sep/2024 09:39AM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Unit **Biological Reference interval** Value

### MICROBIOLOGY

## **CULTURE AEROBIC BACTERIA AND ANTIBIOTIC SENSITIVITY: URINE**

# **CULTURE AND SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE**

DATE OF SAMPLE 02-09-2024 SPECIMEN SOURCE **URINE** INCUBATION PERIOD 48 HOURS

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

**CULTURE STERILE** 

by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE

**ORGANISM** NO AEROBIC PYOGENIC ORGANISM GROWN AFTER 48 HOURS OF INCUBATION AT

# by AUTOMATED BROTH CULTURE **AEROBIC SUSCEPTIBILITY: URINE**

- 1. In urine culture and sensitivity, presence of more than 100,000 organism per mL in midstream sample of urine is considered clinically significant. However in symptomatic patients, a smaller number of bacteria (100 to 10000/mL) may signify infection.

  2. Colony could be 100 to 10000/ mL indicate infection, if isolate from specimen obtained by suprapubic aspiration or "in-and-out"
- catheterization or from patients with indwelling catheters.

- 1. A test interpreted as SENSTITIVE implies that infection due to isolate may be appropriately treated with the dosage of an antimicrobial agent
- recommended for that type of infection and infecting species, unless otherwise indicated..

  2. A test interpreted as **INTERMEDIATE** implies that the" Infection due to the isolate may be appropriately treated in body sites where the drugs are
- physiologically concentrated or when a high dosage of drug can be used".

  3.A test interpreted as **RESISTANT** implies that the "isolates are not inhibited by the usually achievable concentration of the agents with normal dosage, schedule and/or fall in the range where specific microbial resistance mechanism are likely (e.g. beta-lactamases), and clinical efficacy has not been reliable in treatment studies

## **CAUTION:**

- Conditions which can cause a false Negative culture:

  1. Patient is on antibiotics. Please repeat culture post therapy.
- 2. Anaerobic bacterial infection.
- 3. Fastidious aerobic bacteria which are not able to grow on routine culture media.
- 4. Besides all these factors, at least in 25-40 % of cases there is no direct correlation between in vivo clinical picture.
- 5. Renal tuberculosis to be confirmed by AFB studies.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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