

**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
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 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
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<b>NAME</b>	: Mr. S.S SEHGAL	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1603805
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 69 YRS/MALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012409060020
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	: SURJESH	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 06/Sep/2024 09:20 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 06/Sep/2024 09:46AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01516403	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 06/Sep/2024 10:53AM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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## ENDOCRINOLOGY

### THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM	0.868	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM	6.47	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM	1.608	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			

3rd GENERATION, ULTRA SENSITIVE

#### INTERPRETATION:

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction (hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.


CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced


#### LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.
2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin, salicylates).
3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult, due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (µIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days - 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40



  
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6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY ( $\mu$ U/mL)			
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00
3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10


#### INCREASED TSH LEVELS:


- 1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3.Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

#### DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- 2.Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3.Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism
- 5.Acute psychiatric illness
- 6.Severe dehydration.
- 7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
- 8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester



  
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### TUMOUR MARKER

#### PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA) - TOTAL

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA) - TOTAL:	0.7	ng/mL	0.0 - 4.0
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SERUM

by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

#### INTERPRETATION:

##### NOTE:

1. This is a recommended test for detection of prostate cancer along with Digital Rectal Examination (DRE) in males above 50 years of age.
2. False negative / positive results are observed in patients receiving mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy
3. PSA levels may appear consistently elevated / depressed due to the interference by heterophilic antibodies & nonspecific protein binding
4. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels
5. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with clinical findings and results of other investigations
6. Sites of Non-prostatic PSA production are breast epithelium, salivary glands, peri-urethral & anal glands, cells of male urethra & breast milk
7. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in hospitalized / sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual activity
8. The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assays from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to differences in assay methods, calibration, and reagent specificity.

#### RECOMMENDED TESTING INTERVALS

1. Preoperatively (Baseline)
2. 2-4 Days Post operatively
3. Prior to discharge from hospital
4. Monthly Follow Up if levels are high and showing a rising trend

POST SURGERY	FREQUENCY OF TESTING
1st Year	Every 3 Months
2nd Year	Every 4 Months
3rd Year Onwards	Every 6 Months

#### CLINICAL USE:

1. An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age and in those with two or more affected first degree relatives.
2. Followup and management of Prostate cancer patients.
3. Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer

#### INCREASED LEVEL:

1. Prostate cancer
2. Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia
3. Prostatitis



  
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4. Genitourinary infections

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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