

# **KOS Diagnostic Lab**

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

**NAME** : Baby. ISHIKA JAIN

**AGE/ GENDER** : 10 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1606001

**COLLECTED BY** :012409080031 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 08/Sep/2024 09:25 AM BARCODE NO. **COLLECTION DATE** :01516547 : 08/Sep/2024 09:29AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 08/Sep/2024 01:45PM

**CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

# **ENDOCRINOLOGY**

# THYROID FUNCTION TEST: FREE

FREE TRIIODOTHYRONINE (FT3): SERUM	3.001	pg/mL	1.60 - 3.90
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			
FREE THYROXINE (FT4): SERUM	0.902	ng/dL	0.70 - 1.50
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM	0.964	μIU/mL	0.60 - 5.50
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			

# 3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### **INTERPREATION:**

- 1. FT3 & FT4 are metabolic active form of thyroid harmones and correlate much better with clinical condition of the patient as compared to Total T4 levels. High FT3 & FT4 with normal TSH Levels and abnormal thyroid function (Total Thyroid) can occasionally be seen in cases of PERIPHERAL THYROID HARMONE RESISTANCE
- 2. TSH levels are subjected to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.

# **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- 1. Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by depressed serum FT3 & FT4 values and elevated serum TSH levels. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
  3. Hashimotos thyroiditis
- 4. DRUGS: Amphétamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
- 5. Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

# **DECREASED TSH LEVELS:**

- Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by elevated serum FT3 & FT4 values along with depressed TSH levels.
   Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
   Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

- Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary piťuatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psýchiatric illness
- 6. Severe dehydration.7. DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
- 8. Pregnancy: 1st Trimester

#### NOTE:

1. High FT3 levels accompanied by normal FT4 levels and depressed TSH levels may be seen T3 thyrotoxicosis, central hypothyroidism occurs due to

pituitary or thalamic malfunction
2. Secondary & Tertiary hypothyroidism, this relatively rare but important condition is indicated by presence of low serum FT3 and FT4 levels, in conjugation with TSH levels that are paradoxically either low/normal or are not elevated to levels that are expected.

\*\*\* End Of Report



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