



| | Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist | | Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mrs. AARTI | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 31 YRS/FEMALE | PAT | IENT ID | : 1606441 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG | NO./LAB NO. | : 012409080072 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REG | ISTRATION DATE | : 08/Sep/2024 07:59 PM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01516588 | COL | LECTION DATE | :08/Sep/202408:28PM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | C LAB REPORTING DATE | | : 08/Sep/2024 08:43PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD |), AMBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | IN | MUNOPATHOLO | GY/SEROLOGY | |
| | 1 | NIDAL SLIDE AGGLU | TINATION TEST | |
| SALMONELLA TYPHI | | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 80 |
| by SLIDE AGGLUTINA SALMONELLA TYPHI by SLIDE AGGLUTINA | IH | 1 : 20 | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARA by SLIDE AGGLUTINA | TYPHI AH | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARA | | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |

SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

*** End Of Report ***





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