



	Dr. Vinay Che MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons		Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. NEETU				
AGE/ GENDER	: 45 YRS/FEMALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1608051	
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.		: 012409100006	
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE		: 10/Sep/2024 07:18 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01516665	COLLECTION DATE		: 10/Sep/2024 07:25AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE		: 10/Sep/2024 12:53PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
		ENDOCRINC	DLOGY	J	
		ENDOCRINC HYROID FUNCTION			
TRIIODOTHYRONINI		HYROID FUNCTION		0.35 - 1.93	
TRIIODOTHYRONINI by cmia (chemilumii THYROXINE (T4): SE	E (T3): SERUM NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOAS	1.201 8.67	TEST: TOTAL		

day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4) and trilodothyronine (T3). Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal Normal or Low Normal		High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)	
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

Test Name			value	Unit		Biological Reference interv
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35- 5.50	
	RECOM	IMENDATIONS OF TSH LE	EVELS DURING PREC	SNANCY (µIU/mL)	•	
1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50			
2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00			
3rd Trimester				0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report ***





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