Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
MD (Pathology)
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	**: Mrs. JYOTI**		
AGE/ GENDER	: 35 YRS/FEMALE	**PATIENT ID**	: 1618012
COLLECTED BY	:	**REG. NO./LAB NO.**	**: 012409190015**
REFERRED BY	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	**REGISTRATION DATE**	: 19/Sep/2024 08:39 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517248	**COLLECTION DATE**	: 19/Sep/2024 08:42AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	**REPORTING DATE**	: 19/Sep/2024 08:52AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) ***by CALORIMETRIC***	**11.3[L]**	**gm/dL**	**12.0 - 16.0**

INTERPRETATION:-

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.
A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):

1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
5) Kidney failure
6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
5) Certain tumors
6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD *by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)*	**8.3^{H}**	**%**	**4.0 - 6.4**
ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE *by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)*	**191.51^{H}**	**mg/dL**	**60.00 - 140.00**

INTERPRETATION:

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):		
REFERENCE GROUP	**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %**	
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.4	
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	**Age > 19 Years**	
	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	Age < 19 Years	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAIc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3.Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution , given the pathological processes including anemia,increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	**REPORTING DATE**	: 19/Sep/2024 10:09AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE FASTING (F)

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA *by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)*	**153.51^{H}**	**mg/dL**	**NORMAL: < 100.0** **PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0** **DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0**

INTERPRETATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
QUANTITY RECIEVED *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	10	ml	
COLOUR *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
TRANSPARANCY *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	CLEAR		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	1.01		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	<=5.0		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID *by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY*	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	3-5	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) *by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT*	ABSENT		ABSENT

*** End Of Report ***

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