Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
MD (Pathology)
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	**: Mrs. SAMTA JOLLY**		
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/FEMALE	**PATIENT ID**	: 1623455
COLLECTED BY	:	**REG. NO./LAB NO.**	**: 012409240011**
REFERRED BY	:	**REGISTRATION DATE**	: 24/Sep/2024 09:05 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517590	**COLLECTION DATE**	: 24/Sep/2024 09:06AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	**REPORTING DATE**	: 24/Sep/2024 10:16AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL: SERUM

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL: SERUM *by CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE PAP*	173.39	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0

INTERPRETATION:

NATIONAL LIPID ASSOCIATION RECOMMENDATIONS (NLA-2014)	CHOLESTEROL IN ADULTS (mg/dL)	CHOLESTEROL IN ADULTS (mg/dL)
DESIRABLE	< 200.0	< 170.0
BORDERLINE HIGH	200.0 – 239.0	171.0 – 199.0
HIGH	>= 240.0	>= 200.0

NOTE:
1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.
2. As per National Lipid association - 2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

ENDOCRINOLOGY

THYROID FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM *by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)*	0.886	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM *by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)*	6.71	µgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM *by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)*	4.061	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

INTERPRETATION:

*TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.*TSH stimulates the production and secretion of the metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and trilodothyronine (T3).Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	T3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG),and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.
2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).
3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.
4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	**Refferance Range (ng/mL)**	**Age**	**Refferance Range (µg/dL)**	**Age**	**Reference Range (µIU/mL)**
0 - 7 Days	**0.20 - 2.65**	**0 - 7 Days**	**5.90 – 18.58**	**0 - 7 Days**	**2.43 - 24.3**
7 Days - 3 Months	**0.36 - 2.59**	**7 Days - 3 Months**	**6.39 - 17.66**	**7 Days - 3 Months**	**0.58 - 11.00**
3 - 6 Months	**0.51 - 2.52**	**3 - 6 Months**	**6.75 – 17.04**	**3 Days – 6 Months**	**0.70 - 8.40**

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Test Name			Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 – 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 – 5.50
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35– 5.50
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (µIU/mL)					
1st Trimester			0.10 – 2.50		
2nd Trimester			0.20 – 3.00		
3rd Trimester			0.30 – 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
3.Hashimotos thyroiditis
4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
2.Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
3.Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
4.Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
5.Acute psychiatric illness
6.Severe dehydration.
7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report ***

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