



00 3001 . 2000 CENT				
	<b>Dr. Vinay Chop</b> MD (Pathology & Mi Chairman & Consult	crobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1629341
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012409300013
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517986		COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 09:16AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAS	STHYA WE	LLNESS PANEL: 1.5	
	CO	MPLETE BLC	DOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (R	BCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		14.8	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
by CALORIMETRIC			N dillione (r	2.50.5.00
RED BLOOD CELL (RB by HYDRO DYNAMIC F	U) COUNT OCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	5.27 <sup>H</sup>	Millions/c	mm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUM	E (PCV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	44.8	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA		85	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	20.2		27.0.24.0
	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	28.2	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAF	R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	33.2	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER ON WIDTH (RDW-CV)	14.1	%	11.00 - 16.00
by CALCULATED BY AU	JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
	ON WIDTH (RDW-SD) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	44.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		16.13	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0
by CALCULATED		00.04	DATIO	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDE> by CALCULATED	(	22.84	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	<u>(WBCS)</u>			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE CO		5430	/cmm	4000 - 11000
by FLOW CYTOMETRY NUCLEATED RED BLO	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
by AUTOMATED 6 PAR	T HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
NUCLEATED RED BLO	OD CELLS (nRBCS) % JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL	%	< 10 %
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCO				
NEUTROPHILS		55	%	50 - 70
	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mr. MANIK SHARMA **AGE/ GENDER** : 21 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** :1629341 **COLLECTED BY** :012409300013 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01517986 **COLLECTION DATE** : 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 30/Sep/2024 09:16AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** LYMPHOCYTES 34 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 3 % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 8 % 2 - 12 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 2987 /cmm 2000 - 7500 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 800 - 4900 ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 1846 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 163 40 - 440 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 434 /cmm 80 - 880 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 - 110 0 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. 224000 150000 - 450000 PLATELET COUNT (PLT) /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 0.25 0.10 - 0.36 PLATELETCRIT (PCT) % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) 11 fL 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 76000 30000 - 90000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) 11.0 - 45.0 34 % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 15.0 - 17.0 16.5 % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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BARCODE NO.	: 01517986		LECTION DATE	1
				: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		ORTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 02:03PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
, ,	RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	5.1	%	4.0 - 6.4
ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION:	E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	99.67	mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00
	AS PER AMERICAN	DIABETES ASSOCIATIO		
	REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOS	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %	
	abetic Adults >= 18 years	/	<5.7	
	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4	
D	Viagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5	
		Goals of Th	Age > 19 Years	< 7.0
				>8.0
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Suggested:		
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Sug	Age < 19 Years	20.0

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTH	ROCYTE SEDIMEN	TATION RATE (ES	R)
	MENTATION RATE (ESR) GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETR	10 Y	mm/1st h	nr 0 - 20
s C-reactive protein . This test may also ystemic lupus erythk ONDITION WITH LOV low ESR can be see polycythaemia), sigr s sickle cells in sickl IOTE: . ESR and C - reactiv . Generally, ESR doe . CRP is not affected . If the ESR is elevat . Women tend to ha . Drugs such as dext	be used to monitor disease activi ematosus <b>W ESR</b> n with conditions that inhibit the ificantly high white blood cell co e cell anaemia) also lower the ES e protein (C-RP) are both markers s not change as rapidly as does C <b>by as many other factors as is ESF</b> ed, it is typically a result of two ty ve a higher ESR, and menstruation	ty and response to the normal sedimentatior unt (leucocytosis) , an SR. of inflammation. RP, either at the start <b>R</b> , <b>making it a better m</b> ypes of proteins, globu n and pregnancy can ca	erapy in both of the a n of red blood cells, si d some protein abno of inflammation or as <b>arker of inflammatior</b> lins or fibrinogen. ause temporary eleva	1.





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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	CLIN	IICAL CHEMISTR	//BIOCHEMISTR	Y
		GLUCOSE FA	STING (F)	
	F): PLASMA	94.63	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients.
 A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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0 9 0 0 1 : 2 0 0 8 CERT	IFIED LAD		EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE	
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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROFIL	E : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTA	L: SERUM	146.76	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL O	KIDASE PAP		<u> </u>	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.
				HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240
TRIGLYCERIDES: SER		66.72	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
by GLYCEROL PHOSP	PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)			BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
				VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL (	(DIRECT): SERUM	61.77 mg/dL	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBIT			5	BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 -
				60.0
		02 ( 5		HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTEROL: S by CALCULATED, SPE		83.65	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0
, , .				BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159
				HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
				VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTE		84.99	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189
				HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
				VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL	: SERUM	13.34	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPE		070.04	<b>/</b> II	
TOTAL LIPIDS: SERU by CALCULATED, SPE		372.24	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL		2.38	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0
				MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0
		1.05	DATIO	HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SEF by CALCULATED, SPE		1.35	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0
Sy ORECOLATED, OF				HIGH RISK: > 6.0

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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
TRIGLYCERIDES/HD		1.08 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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<b>.ab</b> are)	EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS
') ogist	Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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Dr. Vinay Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology Chairman & Consultant Pathol

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LT.	VER FUNCTION TE	ST (COMPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.46	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.14	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.32	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	16.9	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	19.6	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	0.86	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHY PROPANOL	57.54 L	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY	14.58	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.89	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GREEN	3.91	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.98	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.31	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

**INTERPRETATION** 

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2		
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)		
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0		
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5		





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HEPATOCELLULAR C	ARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS		> 1.3 (Slightly Incr	eased)

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KI	DNEY FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	32.44	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUN	Λ	1.09	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
by ENZYMATIC, SPEC BLOOD UREA NITRO by CALCULATED, SPE	GEN (BUN): SERUM	15.16	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITRO	GEN (BUN)/CREATININE	13.91	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			
UREA/CREATININE F	RATIO: SERUM	29.76	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM		5.78	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM		9.2	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SER		2.87	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
by PHOSPHOMOLYBE ELECTROLYTES	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
Sodium: Serum		136.5	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
by ISE (ION SELECTIV POTASSIUM: SERUN		4.58	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)	102.38	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLOME	RULAR FILTERATION RATE	99		

# INTERPRETATION:

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.



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	MD (Pa	inay Chopra athology & Microbiology) an & Consultant Patholog		u <b>gam Chopra</b> MD (Pathology) sultant Pathologist	
NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARM	1A			
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1629341	
COLLECTED BY	•		<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	:012409300013	1
REFERRED BY			REGISTRATION DA		
BARCODE NO.	: 01517986		COLLECTION DATE	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC L	۸D	REPORTING DATE	-	
CLIENT CODE.				: 30/Sep/2024 10:1	IðAIVI
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSO	N ROAD, AMBALA CANT	.T		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biologica	I Reference interval
burns, surgery, caché 7. Urine reabsorptior 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<	exia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) hass (subnormal creatin tetracycline, glucocort 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CF a (BUN rises disproporti superimposed on rena 10:1) WITH DECREASED	ine production) icoids) <b>REATININE LEVELS:</b> onately more than creat I disease.		otoxicosis, Cushing's syndro uropathy).	me, high protein diet,
burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. <b>INCREASED RATIO (&gt;</b> 1. Postrenal azotemia <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet and 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients <b>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</b> 1. Diabetic ketoacido	exia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) hass (subnormal creatin tetracycline, glucocorti 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CF a (BUN rises disproporti superimposed on rena 10:1) WITH DECREASED fosis. and starvation. e. creased urea synthesis (urea rather than creating imonemias (urea is virtue of inappropiate antidiur 10:1) WITH INCREASED ( upy (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creating who develop renal failue sis (acetoacetate cause	ine production) icoids) REATININE LEVELS: onately more than creat I disease. BUN : inine diffuses out of extr ually absent in blood). retic harmone) due to tu CREATININE: sion of creatine to creati ine). ure.	inine) (e.g. obstructive u acellular fluid). pular secretion of urea. nine).		
burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. <b>INCREASED RATIO (&gt;</b> 1. Postrenal azotemia <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet a 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;</b> 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients <b>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</b> 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin the	exia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) hass (subnormal creatin tetracycline, glucocorti 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CF a (BUN rises disproporti superimposed on rena 10:1) WITH DECREASED fosis. Ind starvation. e. creased urea synthesis (urea rather than creating imonemias (urea is virtue of inappropiate antidiur 10:1) WITH INCREASED ( upy (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creating who develop renal failue sis (acetoacetate cause creased BUN/creating rapy (interferes with creating a conversion) (interferes with creating a conversion) (interferes with creating a conversion) a conversion a conversion	ine production) icoids) REATININE LEVELS: onately more than creat disease. BUN : inine diffuses out of extr ually absent in blood). etic harmone) due to tu CREATININE: sion of creatine to creati ine). ure. es false increase in creat e ratio). eatinine measurement).	inine) (e.g. obstructive u acellular fluid). pular secretion of urea. nine).	uropathy).	
burns, surgery, cache 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. <b>INCREASED RATIO (&gt;</b> 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet a 3. Severe liver diseas 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 8. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients <b>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</b> 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an ir 2. Cephalosporin the <b>ESTIMATED GLOMERI</b>	exia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) hass (subnormal creatin tetracycline, glucocorti 20:1) WITH ELEVATED CF a (BUN rises disproporti superimposed on rena 10:1) WITH DECREASED tosis. Ind starvation. e. creased urea synthesis (urea rather than creating monemias (urea is virtue of inappropiate antidium 10:1) WITH INCREASED ( upp) (accelerates converse eleases muscle creating who develop renal failue creased BUN/creating rapy (interferes with creating and starvation creating the creating and starvation creating and starvation creating superimental converses and starvation creating and	ine production) icoids) REATININE LEVELS: onately more than creat disease. BUN : inine diffuses out of extr ually absent in blood). etic harmone) due to tu CREATININE: sion of creatine to creati ine). ure. es false increase in creat e ratio). eatinine measurement).	inine) (e.g. obstructive u racellular fluid). pular secretion of urea. nine).	uropathy). odologies,resulting in norm	
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Moderate decrease in GFR Severe decrease in GFR Kidney failure

Mild decrease in GFR

ghopra

60 - 89

30-59

15-29

<15

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G3a

G3b

G4

G5



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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant	biology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1629341
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012409300013
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517986	COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 10:18AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	LA CANTT	
<u> </u>			
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1629341
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 10:18AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		IRON PRO	FILE	
RON: SERUM		29.2 <sup>L</sup>	μg/dL	59.0 - 158.0
by FERROZINE, SPEC	N BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC)	280.29	ug (di	150.0 - 336.0
SERUM		200.29	μg/dL	150.0 - 550.0
by FERROZINE, SPEC				
TOTAL IRON BINDIN	IG CAPACITY (TIBC)	309.49	μg/dL	230 - 430
SERUM by SPECTROPHOTON	<b>IETERY</b>			
%TRANSFERRIN SAT		9.43 <sup>L</sup>	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SERU		219.74	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
by SPECTROPHOTOM	IETERY (FERENE)		5	
<u>INTERPRETATION:-</u>				

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON			

IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.

2. It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.

**TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):** 1. It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

## % TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1.Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con		Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE	P	ATIENT ID	: 1629341
COLLECTED BY	:	R	EG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012409300013
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	R	EGISTRATION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517986	C	<b>DLLECTION DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	R	EPORTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 10:33AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		ENDOCR	NOLOGY	
			NOLOGY ON TEST: TOTAL	
		<b>HYROID FUNCT</b> 0.897		0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SE	E (T3): SERUM NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	0.897 5.56	ON TEST: TOTAL	0.35 - 1.93 4.87 - 12.60

 CLINICAL CONDITION
 T3
 T4
 TSH

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

## LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3)	THYROX	(INE (T4)	THYROID STIMU	LATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (μg/dL)	Age	Reference Range ( µIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





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NAME	: Mr. MAN	IK SHARMA				
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/M	IALE		PATIENT ID	: 16293	41
COLLECTED BY	:			REG. NO./LAB NO.	:0124	09300013
REFERRED BY	:			<b>REGISTRATION DA</b>	. <b>TE</b> : 30/Sej	p/2024 08:54 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01517986	6		COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Sej	p/2024 08:56AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAG	GNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 30/Sej	p/2024 10:33AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	<b>S</b> : 6349/1, N	NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT			
Test Name			Value	11.1		Piological Deference interval
Test Name			Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 - 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87- 13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0 35 . 1 93	> 20 Vears (Adults)	1 87 - 12 60	> 20 Voars (Adults)	0.35 5 50	

> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREGN	ANCY ( μIU/mL)	
	1st Trimester			0.10 – 2.50	
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00	
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10	

## INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



AME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA				
GE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1629341	
OLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	:012409300013	
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM	
ARCODE NO.	: 01517986		COLLECTION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM	
LIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 10:49AM	
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTI			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interv	al
		гіл	AMINS		
	VI		YDROXY VITAMIN D3		
by CLIA (CHEMILUMI	ROXY VITAMIN D3): SERUM NESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	24.065 <sup>L</sup>	ng/mL	DEFICIENCY: < 20.0 INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0	
NTERPRETATION:	CIENT:	< 20			
	FICIENT:	21 - 29		ng/mL ng/mL	
PREFFERE	ED RANGE: CATION:	30 - 100 > 100		ng/mL ng/mL	
issue and tightly bou Vitamin D plays a p hosphate reabsorpt Severe deficiency n <b>DECREASED:</b> Lack of sunshine ex Linadequate intake,	und by a transport protein while rimary role in the maintenance ion, skeletal calcium deposition, nay lead to failure to mineralize	e in circulation. of calcium home , calcium mobilize newly formed os ity	ostatis. It promotes calciu ation, mainly regulated by teold in bone, resulting in e deficiency)	sport form of Vitamin D, being stored in a m absorption, renal calcium absorption a parathyroid harmone (PTH). rickets in children and osteomalacia in ac , that increases Vitamin D metabolism.	ind

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	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA			
AGE/ GENDER :	21 YRS/MALE	PATI	ENT ID	: 1629341
COLLECTED BY :	:	REG.	NO./LAB NO.	: 012409300013
EFERRED BY :		REGI	STRATION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01517986		ECTION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM
	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		RTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 10:58AM
	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference inter
		VITAMIN B12/CO	OBALAMIN	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINES	MIN: SERUM CCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	VITAMIN B12/CC 212.53 SSAY)	DBALAMIN pg/mL	190.0 - 830
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINES)		212.53		
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESC <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> <u>INCREASED</u> 1.Ingestion of Vitamin	CENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	212.53 SSAY) 1.Pregnancy	pg/mL	I B12
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESC <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> <u>INCREASED</u> 1.Ingestion of Vitamin 2.Ingestion of Estrogen	CENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA O VITAMIN B12 C	212.53 SSAY) 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspin	pg/mL DECREASED VITAMIN	I B12
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESC INTERPRETATION:- INCREASED 1.Ingestion of Vitamin 2.Ingestion of Estrogen 3.Ingestion of Vitamin	CENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	212.53 SSAY) 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspin 3.Ethanol Iges	pg/mL DECREASED VITAMIN rin, Anti-convulsants tion	I B12
NTERPRETATION:- INCREASED 1.Ingestion of Vitamin 2.Ingestion of Estrogen	C         MUROPARTICLE IMMUNOA           C	212.53 SSAY) 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspin	pg/mL DECREASED VITAMIN rin, Anti-convulsants tion ve Harmones	I B12

5.Vitamin B12 deficiency frequently causes macrocytic anemia, glossitis, peripheral neuropathy, weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of proprioception, poor coordination, and affective behavioral changes. These manifestations may occur in any combination; many patients have the neurologic defects without macrocytic anemia.

6.Serum methylmalonic acid and homocysteine levels are also elevated in vitamin B12 deficiency states.

7.Follow-up testing for antibodies to intrinsic factor (IF) is recommended to identify this potential cause of vitamin B12 malabsorption. **NOTE:**A normal serum concentration of vitamin B12 does not rule out tissue deficiency of vitamin B12. The most sensitive test for vitamin B12 deficiency at the cellular level is the assay for MMA. If clinical symptoms suggest deficiency, measurement of MMA and homocysteine should be considered, even if serum vitamin B12 concentrations are normal.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



Page 17 of 19





	Dr. Vinay Cl MD (Pathology Chairman & Co			(Pathology)						
NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA									
AGE/ GENDER	: 21 YRS/MALE	PAT	TIENT ID	: 1629341						
COLLECTED BY	:	REG	. NO./LAB NO.	: 012409300013						
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	REG	<b>SISTRATION DATE</b>	: 30/Sep/2024 08:54 AM						
BARCODE NO.	:01517986	COL	LECTION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM						
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REP	ORTING DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 10:15AM						
CLIENT ADDRESS										
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval						
CLINICAL PATHOLOGY										
URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION										
PHYSICAL EXAMINA	TION									
QUANTITY RECIEVED		10	ml							
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										
		PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TRANSPARANCY		CLEAR		CLEAR						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		/								
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		1.02		1.002 - 1.030						
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION										
REACTION		ACIDIC								
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										
PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
SUGAR		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										
pH		6.5		5.0 - 7.5						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BILIRUBIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
UROBILINOGEN		Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		N								
KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
BLOOD		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve	)	NEGATIVE (-ve)						
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY										

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mr. MANIK SHARMA					
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BARCODE NO.	: 01517986	COLLECT	TION DATE	: 30/Sep/2024 08:56AM : 30/Sep/2024 10:15AM		
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORT	ING DATE			
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT					
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval		
RED BLOOD CELLS (F	RBCs) CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3		
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		1-3	/HPF	0 - 5		

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-2	/HPF	ABSENT
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
CRYSTALS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
CASTS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
BACTERIA	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			. ,
OTHERS	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	, γ		
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)	ABSENT		ABSENT
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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