

Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
MD (Pathology)
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. CHANDER KANTA
AGE/ GENDER : 62 YRS/FEMALE
COLLECTED BY :
REFERRED BY :
BARCODE NO. : 01518121
CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

PATIENT ID : 1630958
REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012410010051
REGISTRATION DATE : 01/Oct/2024 11:43 AM
COLLECTION DATE : 01/Oct/2024 11:50AM
REPORTING DATE : 01/Oct/2024 12:22PM

| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------------|
|-----------|-------|------|-------------------------------|

HAEMATOLOGY

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|---|
| HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC | 9.9 ^L | gm/dL | 12.0 - 16.0 |
| RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 3.34 ^L | Millions/cmm | 3.50 - 5.00 |
| PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 30.9 ^L | % | 37.0 - 50.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 92.5 | fL | 80.0 - 100.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 29.1 | pg | 27.0 - 34.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 31.5 ^L | g/dL | 32.0 - 36.0 |
| RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 16.1 ^H | % | 11.00 - 16.00 |
| RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 54.6 | fL | 35.0 - 56.0 |
| MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED | 27.69 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0 |
| GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED | 43.77 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0 |

WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)

| | | | |
|---|------|------|--------------|
| TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 5260 | /cmm | 4000 - 11000 |
| NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | NIL | | 0.00 - 20.00 |
| NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | NIL | % | < 10 % |

DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)

| | | | |
|--|----|---|---------|
| NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 58 | % | 50 - 70 |
|--|----|---|---------|



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| LYMPHOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 18 ^L | % | 20 - 40 |
| EOSINOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 12 ^H | % | 1 - 6 |
| MONOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 12 | % | 2 - 12 |
| BASOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 0 ^H | % | 0 - 1 |
| IMMATURE GRANULOCTE (IG) % <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 0 | % | 0 - 5.0 |
| <u>ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT</u> | | | |
| ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 3051 | /cmm | 2000 - 7500 |
| ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 947 | /cmm | 800 - 4900 |
| ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 631 ^H | /cmm | 40 - 440 |
| ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 631 | /cmm | 80 - 880 |
| ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i> | 0 | /cmm | 0 - 110 |
| <u>PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.</u> | | | |
| PLATELET COUNT (PLT) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 220000 | /cmm | 150000 - 450000 |
| PLATELETCRIT (PCT) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 0.26 | % | 0.10 - 0.36 |
| MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 12 | fL | 6.50 - 12.0 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 85000 | /cmm | 30000 - 90000 |
| PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 38.5 | % | 11.0 - 45.0 |
| PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i> | 16.7 | % | 15.0 - 17.0 |
| NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD | | | |




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RECHECKED




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ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------|
| ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) | 49 ^H | mm/1st hr | 0 - 20 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------|

by RED CELL AGGREGATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

1. ESR is a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation associated with infection, cancer and autoimmune disease, but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it.
2. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other test such as C-reactive protein
3. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as some others, such as systemic lupus erythematosus

CONDITION WITH LOW ESR

A low ESR can be seen with conditions that inhibit the normal sedimentation of red blood cells, such as a high red blood cell count (polycythaemia), significantly high white blood cell count (leucocytosis), and some protein abnormalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such as sickle cells in sickle cell anaemia) also lower the ESR.

NOTE:

1. ESR and C - reactive protein (C-RP) are both markers of inflammation.
2. Generally, ESR does not change as rapidly as does CRP, either at the start of inflammation or as it resolves.
3. **CRP is not affected by as many other factors as is ESR, making it a better marker of inflammation.**
4. If the ESR is elevated, it is typically a result of two types of proteins, globulins or fibrinogen.
5. Women tend to have a higher ESR, and menstruation and pregnancy can cause temporary elevations.
6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it




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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)

C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP) QUANTITATIVE:
92^H
mg/L
0.0 - 6.0

SERUM

by NEPHLOMETRY

INTERPRETATION:

1. C-reactive protein (CRP) is one of the most sensitive acute-phase reactants for inflammation.
2. CRP levels can increase dramatically (100-fold or more) after severe trauma, bacterial infection, inflammation, surgery, or neoplastic proliferation.
3. CRP levels (Quantitative) has been used to assess activity of inflammatory disease, to detect infections after surgery, to detect transplant rejection, and to monitor these inflammatory processes.
4. As compared to ESR, CRP shows an earlier rise in inflammatory disorders which begins in 4-6 hrs, the intensity of the rise being higher than ESR and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc.,
5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process.

NOTE:

1. Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.
2. Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.




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RHEUMATOID FACTOR (RA): QUANTITATIVE - SERUM

| | | | |
|---|-------|-------|---|
| RHEUMATOID (RA) FACTOR QUANTITATIVE: SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY | 13.27 | IU/mL | NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0 |
|---|-------|-------|---|

INTERPRETATION:-

RHEUMATOID FACTOR (RA):

1. Rheumatoid factors (RF) are antibodies that are directed against the Fc fragment of IgG altered in its tertiary structure.
2. Over 75% of patients with rheumatoid arthritis (RA) have an IgM antibody to IgG immunoglobulin. This autoantibody (RF) is diagnostically useful although it may not be etiologically related to RA.
3. Inflammatory Markers such as ESR & C-Reactive protein (CRP) are normal in about 60 % of patients with positive RA.
4. The titer of RF correlates poorly with disease activity, but those patients with high titers tend to have more severe disease course.
5. The test is useful for diagnosis and prognosis of rheumatoid arthritis.

RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS:

1. Rheumatoid Arthritis is a systemic autoimmune disease that is multi-functional in origin and is characterized by chronic inflammation of the membrane lining (synovium) joints which leads to progressive joint destruction and in most cases to disability and reduction of quality life.
2. The disease spreads from small to large joints, with greatest damage in early phase.
3. The diagnosis of RA is primarily based on clinical, radiological & immunological features. The most frequent serological test is the measurement of RA factor.

CAUTION (FALSE POSTIVE):-

1. RA factor is not specific for Rheumatoid arthritis, as it is often present in healthy individuals with other autoimmune diseases and chronic infections.
2. Non rheumatoid and rheumatoid arthritis (RA) populations are not clearly separate with regard to the presence of rheumatoid factor (RF) (15% of RA patients have a nonreactive titer and 8% of nonrheumatoid patients have a positive titer).
3. Patients with various nonrheumatoid diseases, characterized by chronic inflammation may have positive tests for RF. These diseases include systemic lupus erythematosus, polymyositis, tuberculosis, syphilis, viral hepatitis, infectious mononucleosis, and influenza.
4. Anti-CCP have been discovered in joints of patients with RA, but not in other form of joint disease. Anti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more specific (98%) than RA factor.
5. Upto 30 % of patients with Seronegative Rheumatoid arthritis also show Anti-CCP antibodies.
6. The positive predictive value of Anti-CCP antibodies for Rheumatoid Arthritis is far greater than Rheumatoid factor.




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WIDAL SLIDE AGGLUTINATION TEST

| | | | |
|---|--------|-------|---------|
| SALMONELLA TYPHI O by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | 1 : 20 | TITRE | 1 : 80 |
| SALMONELLA TYPHI H by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | 1 : 20 | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |
| SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION | NIL | TITRE | 1 : 160 |

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.
2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.
2. Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.
3. A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.
4. A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repetition of the test after a week.
2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.
3. H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in O agglutinins indicate recent infection.




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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

| | | | |
|--|-------------|----|---------------|
| QUANTITY RECIEVED | 10 | ml | |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| COLOUR | PALE YELLOW | | PALE YELLOW |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| TRANSPARANCY | CLEAR | | CLEAR |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY | 1.02 | | 1.002 - 1.030 |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-------|----------------|
| REACTION | ACIDIC | | |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| PROTEIN | 2+ | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| SUGAR | Negative | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| pH | <=5.0 | | 5.0 - 7.5 |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| BILIRUBIN | Negative | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| NITRITE | Negative | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY. | | | |
| UROBILINOGEN | Normal | EU/dL | 0.2 - 1.0 |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| KETONE BODIES | Negative | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| BLOOD | Negative | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| ASCORBIC ACID | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION




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| RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | NEGATIVE (-ve) | /HPF | 0 - 3 |
| PUS CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | 1-3 | /HPF | 0 - 5 |
| EPITHELIAL CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | 2-4 | /HPF | ABSENT |
| CRYSTALS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| CASTS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| BACTERIA <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| OTHERS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i> | ABSENT | | ABSENT |

*** End Of Report ***




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