

**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 12:10PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## HAEMATOLOGY

### HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

<b>HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)</b> by CALORIMETRIC	11.5 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
--	-------------------	-------	-------------

#### INTERPRETATION:-

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the body's tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

#### ANEMIA ( DECREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)
- 2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)
- 3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)
- 4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs
- 5) Kidney failure
- 6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

#### POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoietin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

**NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**



  
 DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 02:13PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY

### GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)

GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD)	87.3	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 140.00 PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0 DIABETIC: > OR = 200.0
---	------	-------	--

#### INTERPRETATION

##### IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.
2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.
3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



  
 DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 01:30PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## ENDOCRINOLOGY

### THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)

THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM 2.531  $\mu$ IU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

#### INTERPRETATION:

AGE	REFERENCE RANGE ( $\mu$ IU/mL)
0 – 5 DAYS	0.70 – 15.20
6 Days – 2 Months	0.70 – 11.00
3 – 11 Months	0.70 – 8.40
1 – 5 Years	0.70 – 7.00
6 – 10 Years	0.60 – 5.50
11 - 15	0.50 – 5.50
> 20 Years (Adults)	0.27 – 5.50
<b>PREGNANCY</b>	
1st Trimester	0.10 - 3.00
2nd Trimester	0.20 - 3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30 - 4.10

**NOTE:- TSH levels are subjected to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.**

**USE:-** TSH controls biosynthesis and release of thyroid hormones T4 & T3. It is a sensitive measure of thyroid function, especially useful in early or subclinical hypothyroidism, before the patient develops any clinical findings or goitre or any other thyroid function abnormality.


#### INCREASED LEVELS:


- 1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism, may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending on degree of hypofunction.
- 2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3.Hashimotos thyroiditis.
- 4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, Iodine containing agents and dopamine antagonist.
- 5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge.

#### DECREASED LEVELS:

- 1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
- 2.Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.
- 3.Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism
- 5.Acute psychiatric illness
- 6.Severe dehydration.



  
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 01:30PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------


7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.


8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

**LIMITATIONS:**

- 1.TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.
- 2.Autoimmune disorders may produce spurious results.



  
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



Dr. Vinay Chopra  
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
MD (Pathology)  
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. BABITA  
AGE/ GENDER : 29 YRS/FEMALE  
COLLECTED BY :  
REFERRED BY : LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)  
BARCODE NO. : 01518304  
CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB  
CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

PATIENT ID : 1634183  
REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012410040048  
REGISTRATION DATE : 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM  
COLLECTION DATE : 04/Oct/2024 11:59 AM  
REPORTING DATE : 04/Oct/2024 05:54 PM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

### QUADRUPLE MARKER MATERNAL SCREENING

#### QUADRUPLE MARKER

#### PATEINT SPECIFICATIONS

DATE OF BIRTH	01-01-1985		
MATERNAL AGE	59	YEARS	
WEIGHT	40.2	Kg	
ETHNIC ORIGIN	ASIAN		ASIAN
H/O IVF	ABSENT		
H/O INSULIN DEPENDANT DIABETES	ABSENT		
H/O SMOKING	ABSENT		
H/O TRISOMY 21 SCREENING	ABSENT		

#### ULTRA SOUND SCAN DETAILS

DATE OF ULTRASOUND by ULTRASOUND SCAN	29-09-2024		
METHOD FOR GESTATION AGE ESTIMATION by ULTRASOUND SCAN	ULTRASOUND SCAN DETAILS		
FOETUS (NOS) by ULTRASOUND SCAN	1		
GA ON THE DAY OF SAMPLE COLLECTION by ULTRASOUND SCAN	18.6	WEEKS	
BIPARIETAL DIAMETER (BPD) by ULTRASOUND SCAN	41	mm	26 - 52

#### QUADRUPLE TEST - BIOCHEMICAL MARKERS

ALPHA FETO PROTEIN (AFP) PRENATAL SCREENING: SERUM by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	45.1	ng/mL	
ESTRIOL (uE3) UNCONJUGATED by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	3.57	ng/mL	
BETA HCG by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	12140	mIU/mL	
INHIBIN A by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	514	pg/mL	



DR. VINAY CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR. YUGAM CHOPRA  
CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 05:54PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

**MULTIPLE OF MEDIAN (MOM) VALUES**

AFP MOM	0.87
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	
ESTRIOL (uE3) MOM	2.02
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	
BETA HCG MOM	0.55
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	
INHIBIN A MOM	3.28
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	

**TRISOMY 21 SCREENING (DOWNS SYNDROME) RISK ASSESSMENT**

<b>TRISOMY 21 SCREENING RISK RESULT</b>	<b>POSITIVE (+ve)</b>	<b>NEGATIVE (-ve)</b>
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		
TRISOMY 21 AGE RISK	1:91 POSITIVE (+ve)	
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		
TRISOMY 21 BIOCHEMICAL RISK	1.123 POSITIVE (+ve)	RISK CUT OFF 1:250
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		

**TRISOMY 18 SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT**

TRISOMY 18 AGE RISK	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		
TRISOMY 18 SCREENING RISK	< 1:10000 NEGATIVE (-ve)	RISK CUT OFF 1:100
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		


**NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT**


NEURAL TUBE DEFECT SCREENING RISK	NEGATIVE (-ve)	RISK CUT OFF 1:50
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		
SPINA BIFIDA/ANENCEPHALY SCREENING RISK	< 1:10000 NEGATIVE (-ve)	RISK CUT OFF 1:50
by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)		

**INTERPRETATION:**

1. Multiple marker serum has become standard tool used in obstetric care to identify pregnancies that may have increased risk for certain birth defects such as NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS (NTD'S), DOWN'S SYNDROME (TRISOMY 21) AND TRISOMY 18. The screen is performed by measuring analytes in maternal serum that are produced by the fetus and the placenta. The analytes values along with maternal demographic information such as age, weight, gestational age, diabetic status, and race are used together in mathematical model to derive risk estimate.
2. The laboratory establishes a specific cut off for each condition, which classifies each screen as either screen-positive or screen-negative.
3. A screen-positive result indicates that the value obtained exceeds the established cut off.
4. The estimated risk calculation and screen results are dependant on accurate information for gestation, maternal age, race, IDD, and weight. Inaccurate information can lead to significant alterations in the estimated risk. In particular, erroneous assessment of gestational age can result in false-positive or false-negative screen results. Because of its increased accuracy, we therefore recommend determination of



  
**DR. VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR. YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 05:54PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

gestational age by ultrasound, rather than by last menstrual period (LMP), When possible.

4.A negative screen indicates a lower probability of having a baby with TRISOMY 21 ,TRISOMY 18 and NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS, but does not completely exclude the possibility.

5.A positive screen on the contrary only indicates a higher probability of having a baby with TRISOMY 21, TRISOMY 18 and NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS, and needs confirmation by cytogenetic studies and/or level II scan.

**NOTE:**

1.Triplet and higher multiple pregnancies cannot be interpreted

2.The reportable range for Trisomy 21, Trisomy 18 and NTD : >1:50 to < 1:10000

3.TRISOMY 21: HIGH RISK: >1:50 - 1:250

4.TRISOMY 18: HIGH RISK: >1:50 - 1:100

5.NEURAL TUBE DEFECT (NTD'S): HIGH RISK: >1:50


6.Biological markers evaluated in this test have marked as H(HIGH) or L(LOW) since there is wide variation in Alpha Fetoprotein, HCG and Unconjugated Estriol ranges depending upon gestational age. "In Range" and "Out of Range" columns are not applicable for the parameters appearing in Multiple of Median (MoM) and Risk calculation.


7.Individually, Alpha Fetoprotein or HCG or unconjugated Estriol levels do not correlate with risk assessment of Trisomy 18, Trisomy 21 or Neural Tube Defects

**TRISOMY 21 (DOWN SYNDROME) RISK ASSESSMENT : SCREEN POSITIVE.**

**NOTE: Please Correlate Clinically and Repeat Test After 2 Weeks With Current USG Copy**



  
**DR.VINAY CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
**DR.YUGAM CHOPRA**  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



Dr. Vinay Chopra  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 01:02PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------------

## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

### URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

#### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION


QUANTITY RECIEVED	10	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
COLOUR	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY	CLEAR		CLEAR
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.01		1.002 - 1.030
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			


#### CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

REACTION	ACIDIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
PROTEIN	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
SUGAR	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
pH	6.5		5.0 - 7.5
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BILIRUBIN	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
NITRITE	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.			
UROBILINOGEN	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
KETONE BODIES	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
BLOOD	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
ASCORBIC ACID	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			

#### MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



  
 DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

**Dr. Vinay Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist


**Dr. Yugam Chopra**  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist


<b>NAME</b>	: Mrs. BABITA	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1634183
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 29 YRS/FEMALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012410040048
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:56 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: LOOMBA HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 11:59AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01518304	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 04/Oct/2024 01:02PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3
PUS CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	1-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	2-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) <i>by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT</i>	ABSENT		ABSENT

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
 DR.VINAY CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

  
 DR.YUGAM CHOPRA  
 CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST  
 MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

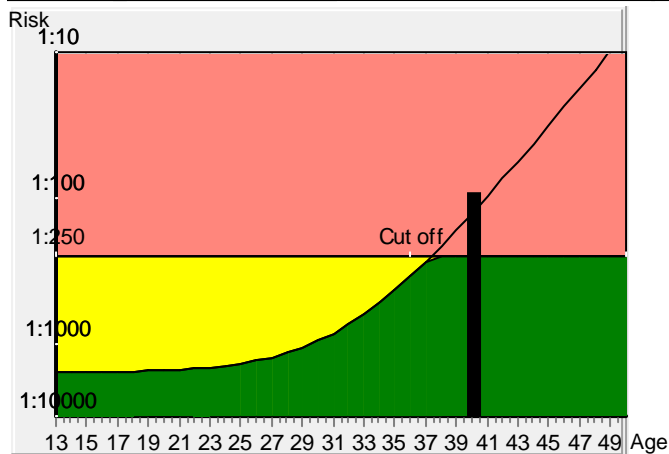


### Result Down's syndrome screening

Name	MRS. ZAHIDA	Sample ID	2410220069/AMB	diabetes	no
Patient ID		D.O.B.	1/01/1985	Fetuses	1
Day of serum taking	2/10/2024	Age at delivery	40.2	Smoker	no
Date of report:	4/10/2024	Weight [kg]	59 kg	IVF	no
Previous trisomy 21 pregnancies	no			Ethnic origin	Asian

### Corrected MoM's and calculated risks

AFP	45.1	ng/ml	0.87	Corr. MoM	Gestational age at sample date	18 + 6
uE3	3.57	ng/ml	2.02	Corr. MoM	determination method	BPD Hadlock
HCG	12140	mIU/ml	0.55	Corr. MoM	Physician	
Inh-A	514	pg/ml	3.28	Corr. MoM		



**Tr.21 risk**  
at term

1:91

**Age risk**  
at term

1:123

### Down's Syndrome Risk

**The calculated risk for Trisomy 21 is above the cut off which represents an increased risk.**

After the result of the Trisomy 21 test it is expected that among 91 women with the same data, there is one woman with a trisomy 21 pregnancy and 90 women with not affected pregnancies.

Inhibin-A is high.

The calculated risk by PRISCA depends on the accuracy of the information provided by the referring physician.

Please note that risk calculations are statistical approaches and have no diagnostic value!

### Neural tube defects risk

**The corrected MoM AFP (0.87) is located in the low risk area for neural tube defects.**

### Risk for trisomy 18

**The calculated risk for trisomy 18 is < 1:10000, which indicates a low risk.**

below cut off

Below Cut Off, but above Age Risk

above cut off

Prisca 5.2.0.13