CLIENT CODE.



KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

: 04/Oct/2024 01:54PM

NAME : Mr. VARDAN

AGE/ GENDER : 13 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1634290

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012410040059

REFERRED BY : DR. VIVEK MALHOTRA **REGISTRATION DATE** : 04/Oct/2024 01:33 PM BARCODE NO. :01518315 **COLLECTION DATE** : 04/Oct/2024 01:35PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

REPORTING DATE

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	13.4	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	5.31	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.50
by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV)	41.9	%	35.0 - 49.0
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	78.8 ^L	fL	80.0 - 100.0
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	25.2 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	32	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	14.2	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	41.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	14.84	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	21.04	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	7340	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by automated 6 part hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL	%	< 10 %
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	77 ^H	%	50 - 70



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	13 ^L	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1 ^L	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy	9	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5652	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	954	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by Flow Cytometry by SF cube & microscopy	73	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy	661	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKE	0 E RS.	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	279000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.3	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	11	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	93000 ^H	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	33.2	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0



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Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY DENGUE FEVER ANTIBODY IgG - ELISA (QUANTITATIVE)

DENGUE ANTIBODY IgG - QUANTITATIVE

0.19

ABSORBANCE

< 0.30

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOSORBENT ASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

DENGUE IGM ELISA				
VALUE	RESULT			
NEGATIVE	Less than 0.30 OD (Absorbance)			
EQUIVOCAL	0.30 to 0.50 OD (Absorbance)			
POSITIVE	More than 0.50 OD (Absorbance)			
STRONGLY POSITIVE	More than 1.00 OD (Absorbance)			

- 1. Treatment is often indicated prior to completion of serologic diagnosis, which requires at least two weeks.
- 2. Although dengue fever is usually not treated with antibiotics.
- 3.Diagnosis of dengue infection should not be made based on results of the IVD micro well Elisa dengue fever test alone, but in conjunction with other clinical signs and symptoms and other laboratory findings.
- 4.Epidemiologic factors, clinical findings, exposure to endemic regions, and other laboratory results should be considered when making a diagnosis.



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Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

DENGUE FEVER ANTIBODY IGM - ELISA (QUANTITATIVE)

DENGUE ANTIBODY IgM - QUANTITATIVE by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOSORBENT ASSAY)

6

ABSORBANCE <

< 0.30

INTERPRETATION:

DENGUE IGM ELISA				
VALUE	RESULT			
NEGATIVE	Less than 0.30 OD (Absorbance)			
EQUIVOCAL	0.30 to 0.50 OD (Absorbance)			
POSITIVE	More than 0.50 OD (Absorbance)			
STRONGLY POSITIVE	More than 1.00 OD (Absorbance)			

- 1. Treatment is often indicated prior to completion of serologic diagnosis, which requires at least two weeks.
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Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

DENGUE FEVER ANTIGEN NS1 - ELISA (QUANTITATIVE)

DENGUE NS1 ANTIGEN 0.14 INDEX NEGATIVE: < 0.90

QUANTITATIVE BORDERLINE: 0.90 - 1.10

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOSORBENT ASSAY)

POSITIVE (>10)

DENGUE NS1 ANTIGEN NEGATIVE (-ve) NEGATIVE (-ve)
RESULT

by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOSORBENT ASSAY)

INTERPRETATION

DENGUE ANTIGEN NS1			
VALUE	UNIT	RESULT	
< 0.90	INDEX	NEGATIVE (-ve)	
0.90 - 1.10	INDEX	BORDERLINE	
>=1.10	INDEX	POSITIVE (+ve)	

^{1.} The test becomes positive within 0-9 days of exposure to the virus (positive results are obtained within 24 hours of exposure in the overwhelming majority of patients) and generally remains positive till 15 days after exposure. The Dengue NS-1 antigen test is extremely useful in the early diagnosis of the disease thus helping in proper follow up and monitoring of the patients.

*** End Of Report ***



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^{2.} The IgM antibodies on the other hand take a minimum of 5-10 days in primary infection and 4-5 days in secondary infections to test positive and hence are suitable for the diagnosis of dengue fever only when the fever is approximately one week old.