



	Dr. Vinay Che MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons		Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
AME	: Mr. RAKESH KHANNA			
GE/ GENDER	: 54 YRS/MALE	PATIE	NT ID	: 1635555
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. N	[0./LAB NO.	: 012410050049
REFERRED BY	:	REGIS	TRATION DATE	: 05/Oct/2024 05:01 PM
BARCODE NO.	: 01518377		CTION DATE	: 05/Oct/2024 05:04PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		RTING DATE	: 05/Oct/2024 06:04PM
			ATING DATE	. 03/ 0(1/ 2024 00.04F M
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CAN I I		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
				10 64
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) INTERPRETATION:		7.1 ^H 157.07 ^H	% mg/dL	4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
_		ETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):		
	FERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %		n %
	etic Adults >= 18 years Risk (Prediabetes)	<5.7 5.7 - 6.4		
	gnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5		
Dia	ghosing Diabetes	Δα	e > 19 Years	
		Goals of Therapy: < 7.0)
	goals for glycemic control	Actions Suggested: >8.0		
Therapeutic	0 0 0	Age < 19 Years		
Therapeutic		Ade	e < 19 years	

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate. 4. High

HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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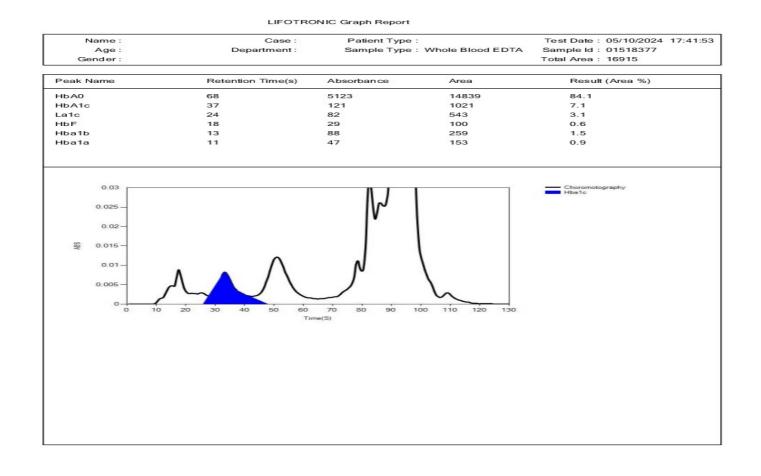


TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consult	crobiology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist			
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DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

*** End Of Report ***

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