



	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopr</b> MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1636479
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	: SURJESH		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012410070026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBA	LA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01518462		COLLECTION DATE	: 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 07/Oct/2024 10:42AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAS	THYA WI	ELLNESS PANEL: GT	
	COM	APLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS (RI	BCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)		11.5 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RB	C) COUNT DCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.47	Millions/cr	mm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUM		36.1 <sup>L</sup>	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR by CALCULATED BY AU	VOLUME (MCV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	80.7	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	25 <sup>L</sup>	pg	27.0 - 34.0
by CALCULATED BY A	R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	30.9 <sup>L</sup>	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	ON WIDTH (RDW-CV) utomated hematology analyzer	16.9 <sup>H</sup>	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTI		51.1	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		18.05	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDE>	(	29.65	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS	(WBCS)			
	DUNT (TLC) by sf cube & microscopy	7570	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLO		NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLO		NIL	%	< 10 %
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCO				
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY	BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	66	%	50 - 70

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO AGE/ GENDER : 70 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1636479 **COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH :012410070026 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY** : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** :07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01518462 **COLLECTION DATE** :07/Oct/2024 10:17AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :07/Oct/2024 10:42AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval** LYMPHOCYTES 20 - 40 27 % by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 2 % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 5 MONOCYTES % 2 - 12 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 4996 /cmm 2000 - 7500 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 800 - 4900 ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 2044 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 151 40 - 440 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 378 80 - 880 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 - 110 0 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. 150000 - 450000 PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 166000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 0.10 - 0.36 PLATELETCRIT (PCT) 0.18 % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 14<sup>H</sup> **MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)** fL 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 77000 30000 - 90000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) % 11.0 - 45.0 61.1<sup>H</sup> by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 15.0 - 17.0 PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 16.1 % by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

RECHECKED



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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 07/Oct/2024 03:59PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AI			
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			NEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	
GLYCOSYLATED HAEI WHOLE BLOOD	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	OSYLATED HA 12.3 <sup>H</sup>	NEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) %	4.0 - 6.4
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): rmance liquid chromatography)			4.0 - 6.4 60.00 - 140.00
NHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO <u>NTERPRETATION:</u>	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup> MABETES ASSOCI	mg/dL ATION (ADA):	60.00 - 140.00
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION:	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup> MABETES ASSOCI	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): _YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB	60.00 - 140.00
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: Non dia	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup> MABETES ASSOCI	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): _YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7	60.00 - 140.00
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: NOT dia Non dia A	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup> MABETES ASSOCI	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): 	60.00 - 140.00
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: NOT dia Non dia A	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup> MABETES ASSOCI	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5	60.00 - 140.00
NHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: NOT DIA Non dia A	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup>	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years	60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: Non dia A D	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes) iagnosing Diabetes	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup>	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 – 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years of Therapy:	60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %
WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFO ESTIMATED AVERAG by HPLC (HIGH PERFO INTERPRETATION: Non dia A D	MOGLOBIN (HbA1c): RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) E PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) AS PER AMERICAN D REFERENCE GROUP abetic Adults >= 18 years t Risk (Prediabetes)	12.3 <sup>H</sup> 306.31 <sup>H</sup>	% mg/dL ATION (ADA): YCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB <5.7 5.7 - 6.4 >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years	60.00 - 140.00 (HBAIC) in %

**KOS Diagnostic Lab** 

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

### COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4. High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





NAME		nsultant Pathologist	CEO & Consultant Pa	athology) ithologist
	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHI	LLO		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIE	NT ID	: 1636479
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. N	O./LAB NO.	: 012410070026
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (A	MBALA CANTT) <b>REGIS</b>	<b>FRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01518462	COLLE	CTION DATE	:07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPOR	TING DATE	:07/Oct/2024 11:16AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	ERYTH	HROCYTE SEDIMENT	TION RATE (ESR)	
	VENTATION RATE (ESR)	23 <sup>H</sup>	mm/1st hr	0 - 20
NTERPRETATION:	GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMET			
	c test because an elevated resu does not tell the health practitic			associated with infection, cancer and auto ody or what is causing it.
. An ESR can be affect s C-reactive protein	cted by other conditions besides	s inflammation. For this re	eason, the ESR is typic	ally used in conjunction with other test suc
. This test may also I	be used to monitor disease activ	vity and response to thera	py in both of the abo	ve diseases as well as some others, such as
ystemic lupus erythe				
A low ESR can be see	n with conditions that inhibit the	e normal sedimentation of	f red blood cells, such	as a high red blood cell count
polycytnaemia), sign is sickle cells in sickle	e cell anaemia) also lower the E	SR.	some protein abnorm	alities. Šome changes in red cell shape (su
IOTE:	protoin (C DD) are both marker	a of inflommation		
2. Generally, ESR doe	e protein (C-RP) are both marker s not change as rapidly as does	CRP, either at the start of	inflammation or as it	resolves.
3. CRP is not affected	by as many other factors as is ES	SR, making it a better mar	ker of inflammation.	
4. If the ESR is elevate	ed, it is typically a result of two	types of proteins, alobuli	ns or fibringgen.	

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it





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NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHII	LLO		
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COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	RE	G. NO./LAB NO.	: 012410070026
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BARCODE NO.	: 01518462	CO	LLECTION DATE	:07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	RE	PORTING DATE	:07/Oct/2024 04:30PM
TIENT ADDDECC	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMDALA CANTT		
LIENI ADDRESS	. 0349/ 1, MCHOLSON KOAD, .	AMDALA CANTI		
	. 0349/1, NICHOLSON KOAD,	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		Value	Unit Y/BIOCHEMISTR	
CLIENT ADDRESS		Value	Y/BIOCHEMISTR	

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,		EI OKTING DATE	.07/0Cl/2024 11.19AW
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
Test Mame		value	Unit	biological Reference interval
		LIPID PROF	FILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTA by CHOLESTEROL O		160.14	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - 239.0 HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: SE	RUM PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	216.32 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
HDL CHOLESTEROL by SELECTIVE INHIBIT		49.86	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 - 60.0 HIGH HDL: > OR = 60.0
LDL CHOLESTEROL: by CALCULATED, SPI	SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	67.02	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0 HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTE by CALCULATED, SPI	EROL: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	110.28	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0 BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROL by CALCULATED, SPL	.: SERUM ectrophotometry	43.26	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
TOTAL LIPIDS: SERU		536.6	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL		3.21	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
LDL/HDL RATIO: SEF by calculated, spi	RUM ectrophotometry	1.34	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
TRIGLYCERIDES/HDL	RATIO: SERUM	4.34	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

## **INTERPRETATION:**

1.Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol. 2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL.

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

LIVE	ER FUNCTION TEST (CO	MPLETE)	
BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM by diazotization, spectrophotometry	0.66	mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.29	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometry	0.37	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	26.09	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	16.38	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometry	1.59	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL PROPANOL	72.2	U/L	40.0 - 150.0
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM by szasz, spectrophtometry	31	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	7.77	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL GREEN	4.11	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUM by calculated, spectrophotometry	3.66 <sup>H</sup>	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometry	1.12	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

## **INTERPRETATION**

NOTE: To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012410070026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01518462	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	:07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	:07/Oct/2024 11:19AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6
FOOR FROGROUTIC JIGN	1.2 - 1.0



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Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO **AGE/ GENDER** : 70 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1636479 **COLLECTED BY** : SURJESH :012410070026 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY** : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT) **REGISTRATION DATE** :07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01518462 **COLLECTION DATE** :07/Oct/2024 10:17AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :07/Oct/2024 11:50AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE) UREA: SERUM** 26.9 mg/dL by UREASE - GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH) **CREATININE: SERUM** 0.74 mg/dL by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN): SERUM 12.57 mg/dL by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE 16.99 RATIO RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY RATIO **UREA/CREATININE RATIO: SERUM** 36.35 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY URIC ACID: SERUM 4.4 mg/dL by URICASE - OXIDASE PEROXIDASE 9.39 CALCIUM: SERUM mg/dL

Dr. Vinay Chopra

8.50 - 10.60 by ARSENAZO III, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM 3.56 mg/dL 2.30 - 4.70 by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY **ELECTROLYTES** SODIUM: SERUM 137.9 mmol/L 135.0 - 150.0 by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) POTASSIUM: SERUM 4.48 mmol/L 3.50 - 5.00 by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) CHLORIDE: SERUM 103.43 mmol/L 90.0 - 110.0 by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE) **ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE** 87

ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED **INTERPRETATION:** 

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.



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**Biological Reference interval** 

10.00 - 50.00

0.40 - 1.20

7.0 - 25.0

10.0 - 20.0

2.50 - 6.80





Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology Chairman & Consultant Pathologia         Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology CEO & Consultant Pathologia           NAME         MS. SUKHEET KAUR DHILLO           AGE/ GENDER         T/O YIS/FEMALE         PATIENT ID         : 1636479           COLLECTED BY         SURJESH         REG. NO./LAB NO.         : 012410070026           REFERED BY         CONTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)         REGISTRATION DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM           BARCODE NO.         : 01518462         COLLECTION DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM           CLIENT CODE         : GOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB         REPORTING DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM           CLIENT CODE         : GOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB         REPORTING DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM           CLIENT CODE         : GOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB         REPORTING DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM           CLIENT CODE         : GOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB         REPORTING DATE         : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM           CLIENT ADDRESS         : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT         Escores protein intake         : High protein intake           1         : High protein intake         : High protein intake         : High protein intake         : High protein intake           1         : Unice restored locarent         : Interestored locarent         : Interestored locarent         : Interestored					
AGE/ GENDER       : 0.1YRS/FEMALE       PATIENT ID       : 1636479         COLLECTED BY       : SURJESH       REG. NO./LAB NO.       : 012410070026         REFERED BY       : CENTRAL PIDENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)       REGISTRATION DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM         BARCODE NO.       : 01518462       COLLECTION DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM         CLENT CODE       :: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 11:50AM         CLENT ADDRESS       :: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       Biological Reference interval         3. GI haemorrhage.       -       -       Impaired renal function plus       -         6. Excess protein intake       :       -       Syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cacheda, high fevel).       -         1. Unite reabsterine, glucocotroidy       -       -       -       -       -         8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)       -       -       -       -       -         9. Cortain drugs (e.g. tertarycline, glucocotroidy)       -		MD (Pathology & Micr	obiology)	MD (Pathology)	
COLLECTED EY       SURJESH       EGC. NO./LAB NO.       SU12410070026         REFERED BY       CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTY)       REGISTRATION DATE       :07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM         BARCODE NO.       SU1518462       COLLECTION DATE       :07/Oct/2024 10:17 AM         CLIENT CODE       :KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       :07/Oct/2024 11:50 AM         CLIENT ADDRESS       :6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       Image: Control of the contof the control of	NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO			
REFERENDEY       : CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)       REGISTRATION DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM         BARCODE NO.       : 01518462       COLLECTION DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM         CLIENT CODE       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 11:50AM         CLIENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       REPORTING DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 11:50AM         IENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       Reloanting the control of the c	AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479	
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BARCODE NO.       : 01518462       COLLECTION DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM         CLIENT CODE       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : 07/Oct/2024 11:50AM         CLIENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT       Image: 107/Oct/2024 11:50AM         Test Name       Value       Unit       Biological Reference interval         3. Gl haemorrhage.       1. High protein intake.       5. Imagined renal function plus         6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, Gl bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high frey?         0. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)       8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)         9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline. glucocorticolosis)       IMERASED RATIO (<20-1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:					1 AM
CLENT CODE       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       REPORTING DATE       : OT/Oct/2024 11:50AM         CLENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT         Iest Name       Value       Unit       Biological Reference interval         3. Gl haemorrhage.       4. High protein intake.       5. Impaired renal function plus         6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, Gl bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever).       . Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)         8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)       . Ostrain drug (e.g. oterscyleine, glucocorticoids)         9. Certain drug (e.g. oterscyleine, glucocorticoids)       .         9. Ostrenal azotemia lagoreling ingosod on renal disease.         9. Ostrenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.         9. Ostrenal advalar necrosis.         9. Ostrenal azotemia usperimosed on renal disease.         9. Ostrenal azotemia usperimosed on renal disease.         9. Ostrenal azotemia usperimosed on renal disease.         9. Ostrenal azotemia distarvation.         9. Severe liver disease. <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><th></th></tr<>			,		
CLENT ADDRESS       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT         Image: 10 monormage: 10					
Test Name         Value         Unit         Biological Reference interval           3. Gl haemorrhage.         4. High protein intake.         5. Impaired renal function plus           6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, Gl bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever).           1. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)         8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)           9. Certain drugs (e.g. tretzycline, glucocriticolds)         INCREASED RATIO (20:1) WITH ELEVATED CREATININE LEVELS:           1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).         2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.           PECERASED RATIO (10:1) WITH DECREASED BUN :         1. Acute tubular necrosis.           2. Low protein diet and starvation.         3. Severe liver disease.           3. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.         5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).           6. Inherited hyperamomenias (urea is virtually absent in blood).         7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.           8. Pregnancy.         ECREASED RATIO (c1:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:           1. Phenacimide therapy (accelerates conversion of creatine to creatinine).         2. Rehadomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).           1. Nubusclik totacacidosis (acetoacetate causes false increase in crea				: 07/Oct/2024 11:50	JAM
S GI haemorrhage. High protein intake. High protein intake. Impaired renal function plus Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, GI bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever). Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy) Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production) G ertain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids) INCREASED RATIO (-20:1) WITH ELVENDE OREATININE LEVELS: POSTERIA RATIO (-20:1) WITH DECREATED CREATININE LEVELS: Acute tubular necrosis. C up protein diet and starvation. Severe liver disease. DECREASED RATIO (-10:1) WITH DECREATININE LIVELS: Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid). Inder disease urea is virtually absent in blood). Stabel (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (-10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE: Repeated fluids: (acetacetate causes false increase in creatinine). Representation. Representation: Repeated fluid: Representation: Repeated fluid: Representation: Repeated fluid: Representation: Repres	CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTT		
4. High protein intake.         5. Impaired renal function plus         6. Excess protein intake or production or tissue breakdown (e.g. infection, Gi bleeding, thyrotoxicosis, Cushing's syndrome, high protein diet, burns, surgery, cachexia, high fever).         7. Urine reabsorption (e.g. ureter colostomy)         8. Reduced muscle mass (subnormal creatinine production)         9. Certain drugs (e.g. tetracycline, glucocorticoids)         INCREASED RATIO (>2:0.1) WITH ELVENED CREATININE LEVELS:         1. Postrenal azotemia (BUN rises disproportionately more than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive uropathy).         2. Prerenal azotemia superimposed on renal disease.         DECREASED RATIO (>1:0.1) WITH DECREASED BUN :         1. Acute tubular necrosis.         2. Low protein diet and starvation.         3. Severe liver disease.         4. Other causes of decreased urea synthesis.         5. Repeated dialysis (urea rather than creatinine diffuses out of extracellular fluid).         6. Inherited hyperammonemias (urea is virtually absent in blood).         7. SIADH (syndrome of inappropiate antidiuretic harmone) due to tubular secretion of urea.         8. Pregnancy.         DECREASED RATIO (<10:1) WITH INCREASED CREATININE:         1. Phanacimide therapy (accelerate conversion of creatine to creatinine).         2. Rhabdomyolysis (releases muscle creatinine).         3. Muscular patients who develop renal failure.	Test Name		Value Unit	t Biological	Reference interval
Cephalosporin therapy (interferes with creatinine measurement).         ESTIMATED GLOMERULAR FILTERATION RATE:         CKD STAGE       DESCRIPTION       GFR (mL/min/1.73m2)       ASSOCIATED FINDINGS         G1       Normal kidney function       >90       No proteinuria         G2       Kidney damage with       >90       Presence of Protein , normal or high GFR         G3a       Mild decrease in GFR       60 -89	<ol> <li>Postrenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;</li> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ar</li> <li>Severe liver disease</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis (</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome of</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (</li> <li>Phenacimide thera</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>a (BUN rises disproportionately more superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>a (BUN rises disproportionately more superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>a (BUN) WITH DECREASED BUN : osis.</li> <li>b osis.</li> <li>b otimate distance of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>b otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>b otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>b otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>d otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>d otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <li>d otimate display of the superimposed on renal disease.</li> <li>d otimate display of the superimposed on renal failure.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <lic li="" osis.<=""> <li>c osis.</li> <li>c osis.</li> <lic li="" osis.<=""> <li>c osis.<th>than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive but of extracellular fluid). blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine).</th><th></th><th>l ratio when dehydratic</th></li></lic></lic></ul>	than creatinine) (e.g. obstructive but of extracellular fluid). blood). due to tubular secretion of urea. e to creatinine).		l ratio when dehydratic
CKD STAGEDESCRIPTIONGFR (mL/min/1.73m2)ASSOCIATED FINDINGSG1Normal kidney function>90No proteinuriaG2Kidney damage with normal or high GFR>90Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urineG3aMild decrease in GFR60 -89	should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther	creased BUN/creatinine ratio). apy (interferes with creatinine measu			<b>,</b>
G1Normal kidney function>90No proteinuriaG2Kidney damage with normal or high GFR>90Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urineG3aMild decrease in GFR60 -89	CKD STAGE		GFR ( mL/min/1.73m2 )	ASSOCIATED FINDINGS	
G2     Kidney damage with normal or high GFR     >90     Presence of Protein , Albumin or cast in urine       G3a     Mild decrease in GFR     60 -89				No proteinuria	
G3a Mild decrease in GFR 60 -89	G2	Kidney damage with	>90		
				Albumin or cast in urine	
G3D     Moderate decrease in GFR     30-59       G4     Severe decrease in GFR     15-29	G3b	Moderate decrease in GFR			

G5

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Kidney failure

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

<15









	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologi		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012410070026
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 11:50AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANT	Г	
Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated





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	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbio Chairman & Consultant Pa	logy) ME	n <b>Chopra</b> D (Pathology) It Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	:07/Oct/2024 11:47AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT	
Test Name	Val	ue Unit	Biological Reference interval
	E	NDOCRINOLOGY	
	THYROID	FUNCTION TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONIN		'64 ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
by CMIA (CHEMILLIMI	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	0	4.07 12.40
	RUM 6.5	9 μgm/dL	4.87 - 12.60
THYROXINE (T4): SE	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		

trilodothyronine (T3).Failure at any level of regulation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid axis will result in either underproduction (hypothyroidism) or overproduction(hyperthyroidism) of T4 and/or T3.

CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3	T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidism:	Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)
Subclinical Hypothyroidism:	Normal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High
Primary Hyperthyroidism:	Increased	Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)
Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:	Normal or High Normal	Normal or High Normal	Reduced

### LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)	
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40





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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** 

NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO		
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479
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<b>REFERRED BY</b>	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA CANTT)	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01518462	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 07/Oct/2024 11:47AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTI		

Test Name			Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREG	VANCY ( µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester		0.10 - 2.50			
	2nd Trimester		0.20 - 3.00			
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

### **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

Dr. Vinay Chopra

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

**DECREASED TSH LEVELS:** 

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8. Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Patholog

: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILLO

re)	EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS
gist	Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist
PA	TIENT ID : 1636479

ТМ

Test Name	I	/alue Unit	Biological Reference interval
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAI	LA CANITI	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 07/Oct/2024 11:06AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01518462	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	:07/Oct/2024 10:17AM
REFERRED BY	: CENTRAL PHOENIX CLUB (AMBALA	A CANTT) REGISTRATION DATE	:07/Oct/2024 10:14 AM
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	:012410070026
			. 1000110
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1636479

# **URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION**

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
QUANTITY RECIEVED	10	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY COLOUR	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY TRANSPARANCY	CLEAR		CLEAR
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.01		1 002 1 020
SPECIFIC GRAVITY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.01		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY SUGAR	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
pH by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY KETONE BODIES	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BLOOD	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ASCORBIC ACID	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)

by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION



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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.

NAME







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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mrs. SUKHJEET KAUR DHILL	0			
AGE/ GENDER	: 70 YRS/FEMALE	PATIEN	T ID	: 1636479	
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO	)./LAB NO.	: 012410070026	
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	0040/1 NICHOLCON DOAD AN				
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANTT			
CLIENT ADDRESS Test Name	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AP	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
Test Name RED BLOOD CELLS (F			Unit /HPF	Biological Reference interval	
Test Name RED BLOOD CELLS (F by MICROSCOPY ON O PUS CELLS	RBCs)	Value		Biological Reference interval 0 - 3 0 - 5	

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		
CRYSTALS	NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		
CASTS	NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		
BACTERIA	NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		
OTHERS	NEGATIVE (-ve)	NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT		
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)	ABSENT	ABSENT

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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