Dr. Vinay Chopra
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Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
MD (Pathology)
CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	**: Mrs. SUNITA**		
AGE/ GENDER	: 52 YRS/FEMALE	**PATIENT ID**	: 1642009
COLLECTED BY	:	**REG. NO./LAB NO.**	**: 012410130004**
REFERRED BY	:	**REGISTRATION DATE**	: 13/Oct/2024 08:13 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01518778	**COLLECTION DATE**	: 13/Oct/2024 08:21AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	**REPORTING DATE**	: 13/Oct/2024 04:08PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	**8.1^{H}**	**%**	**4.0 - 6.4**
WHOLE BLOOD			
by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE	**185.77^{H}**	**mg/dL**	**60.00 - 140.00**
by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)			

INTERPRETATION:

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):		
REFERENCE GROUP	**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %**	
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.4	
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	**Age > 19 Years**	
	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	Age < 19 Years	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.

2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAIc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3.Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropiate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications

5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution , given the pathological processes including anemia,increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

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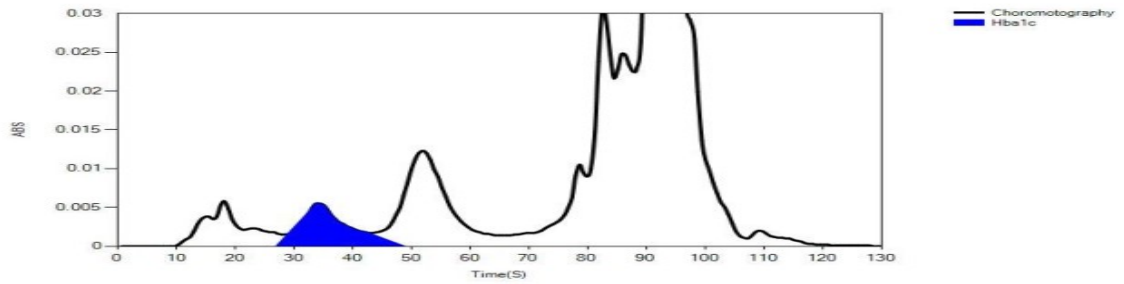
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

LIFOTRONIC Graph Report

Name :	Case :	Patient Type :		Test Date : 13/10/2024 15:52:46
Age :	Department :	Sample Type : Whole Blood EDTA		Sample Id : 01518778
Gender :				Total Area : 14652

Peak Name	Retention Time(s)	Absorbance	Area	Result (Area %)
HbA0	68	4561	12817	83.4
HbA1c	38	123	1028	8.1
La1c	25	56	404	2.6
HbF	17	23	116	0.8
Hba1b	13	59	174	1.1
Hba1a	11	38	113	0.7



*** End Of Report ***

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