



| | MD (Pathology & Mi | Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist | | n Chopra (Pathology) t Pathologist | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|--|
| NAME | : Mrs. MANMEET KAUR | | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 39 YRS/FEMALE | | PATIENT ID | : 1620160 | |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012410140005 | |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | | : 14/Oct/2024 07:23 AM | |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01518848 | COLLECTION DATE | | : 14/Oct/2024 07:24AM | |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPORTING DATE | | : 14/Oct/2024 10:16AM | |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMI | | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval | |
| | | ENDO | CRINOLOGY | | |
| | THY | ROID FUN | ICTION TEST: TOTAL | | |
| TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM 0.9 by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) | | 0.961 _{Y)} | ng/mL | 0.35 - 1.93 | |
| THYROXINE (T4): SERUM 8.84 by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY) | | µgm/dL | 4.87 - 12.60 | | |
| THYROID STIMULAT | ING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM | 3.166 | μIU/mL | 0.35 - 5.50 | |
| TSH levels are subject to a day has influence on the trilodothyronine (T3).Fai | | mulates the p | roduction and secretion of the m | om. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of to letabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and er underproduction (hypothyroidism) or | |

| CLINICAL CONDITION | T3 | T4 | TSH |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Primary Hypothyroidism: | Reduced | Reduced | Increased (Significantly) |
| Subclinical Hypothyroidism: | Normal or Low Normal | Normal or Low Normal | High |
| Primary Hyperthyroidism: | Increased | Increased | Reduced (at times undetectable) |
| Subclinical Hyperthyroidism: | Normal or High Normal | Normal or High Normal | Reduced |

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (eg: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levles in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

| TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3) | | THYROXINE (T4) | | THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH) | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Age | Refferance Range (ng/mL) | Age | Refferance Range (µg/dL) | Age | Reference Range (μIU/mL) | |
| 0-7 Days | 0.20 - 2.65 | 0 - 7 Days | 5.90 - 18.58 | 0 - 7 Days | 2.43 - 24.3 | |
| 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.36 - 2.59 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 6.39 - 17.66 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.58 - 11.00 | |
| 3 - 6 Months | 0.51 - 2.52 | 3 - 6 Months | 6.75 - 17.04 | 3 Days – 6 Months | 0.70 - 8.40 | |





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT





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| | | | |
| Test Name | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |

| Test Marine | | value | Unit | | Biological Reference in |
|---------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| 0.74 - 2.40 | 6 - 12 Months | 7.10 - 16.16 | 6 – 12 Months | 0.70 - 7.00 | |
| 0.92 - 2.28 | 1 - 10 Years | 6.00 - 13.80 | 1 – 10 Years | 0.60 - 5.50 | |
| 0.35 - 1.93 | 11 - 19 Years | 4.87-13.20 | 11 – 19 Years | 0.50 - 5.50 | |
| 0.35 - 1.93 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 4.87 - 12.60 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.35-5.50 | |
| RECOM | VENDATIONS OF TSH LE | VELS DURING PREG | NANCY (µIU/mL) | | |
| 1st Trimester | | | 0.10 – 2.50 | | |
| 2nd Trimester | | | 0.20 - 3.00 | | |
| 3rd Trimester | | | 0.30 - 4.10 | | |
| | 0.92 - 2.28 0.35 - 1.93 0.35 - 1.93 RECOMI 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester | 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LE 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester | 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREG 1st Trimester 2nd Trimester | 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 1 - 10 Years 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 11 - 19 Years 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (μU/mL) 1st Trimester 0.10 - 2.50 2nd Trimester 0.20 - 3.00 | 0.92 - 2.28 1 - 10 Years 6.00 - 13.80 1 - 10 Years 0.60 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 11 - 19 Years 4.87 - 13.20 11 - 19 Years 0.50 - 5.50 0.35 - 1.93 > 20 Years (Adults) 4.87 - 12.60 > 20 Years (Adults) 0.35 - 5.50 RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY (μU/mL) 1st Trimester 0.10 - 2.50 2nd Trimester 0.20 - 3.00 |

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2.Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid harmone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report **





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