



	Dr. Vinay C MD (Pathology Chairman & Co		licrobiology) MD (Pathology)		
NAME	: Mrs. PAYAL				
AGE/ GENDER	: 31 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1662727	
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012411060003	
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 06/Nov/2024 07:35 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01520191	COLLECTION		: 06/Nov/2024 07:37AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 06/Nov/2024 02:08PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	AMBALA CANTT			
	. 0010/1, 101010101001010				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference inter	rval
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM	1.002	TION TEST: TOTAI ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93	
THYROXINE (T4): S	iescent microparticle immuno, SERUM iescent microparticle immuno,	9.91	µgm/d	L 4.87 - 12.60	
THYROID STIMULA	ATING HORMONE (TSH): SER	UM 0.206^L	µIU/m	L 0.35 - 5.50	
INTERPRETATION:					
day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai	measured serum TSH concentrations. 1	SH stimulates the pro	oduction and secretion of the	<i>pm. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence tim</i> metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and her underproduction (hypothyroidism) or	
CLINICAL CONDITION	T3		T4	TSH	
Primary Hypothyroidis			Reduced	Increased (Significantly)	
Subclinical Hypothyroi	dism: Normal or Lov	w Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High	
Primary Hyperthyroidi	sm: Increased		Increased	Reduced (at times undetectable)	
	A DE LA DE		NU LIPLAN L		

LIMITATIONS:-

Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

Normal or High Normal

Reduced

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (µIU/mL)	
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	

Normal or High Normal





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)









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Test Name		Value Unit		t Biological Reference interval		
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PREG	NANCY (µIU/mL)		
1st Trimester				0.10 - 2.50		
2nd Trimester				0.20 - 3.00		
3rd Trimester				0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4.Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

*** End Of Report ***





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

