

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology)

CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. RATNA LUXMI

AGE/ GENDER : 38 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 1669625

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012411120053

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 : 12/Nov/2024 01:37 PM

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 : 01520672
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 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 12/Nov/2024 02:29 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY HAEMOGLOBIN (HB)

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) 11.1^{L} gm/dL 12.0 - 16.0

by CALORIMETRIC INTERPRETATION:-

Hemoglobin is the protein molecule in red blood cells that carries oxygen from the lungs to the bodys tissues and returns carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs.

A low hemoglobin level is referred to as ANEMIA or low red blood count.

ANEMIA (DECRESED HAEMOGLOBIN):

1) Loss of blood (traumatic injury, surgery, bleeding, colon cancer or stomach ulcer)

2) Nutritional deficiency (iron, vitamin B12, folate)

3) Bone marrow problems (replacement of bone marrow by cancer)

4) Suppression by red blood cell synthesis by chemotherapy drugs

5) Kidney failure

6) Abnormal hemoglobin structure (sickle cell anemia or thalassemia).

POLYCYTHEMIA (INCREASED HAEMOGLOBIN):

- 1) People in higher altitudes (Physiological)
- 2) Smoking (Secondary Polycythemia)
- 3) Dehydration produces a falsely rise in hemoglobin due to increased haemoconcentration
- 4) Advanced lung disease (for example, emphysema)
- 5) Certain tumors
- 6) A disorder of the bone marrow known as polycythemia rubra vera,
- 7) Abuse of the drug erythropoetin (Epogen) by athletes for blood doping purposes (increasing the amount of oxygen available to the body by chemically raising the production of red blood cells).

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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PROTHROMBIN TIME STUDIES (PT/INR)

PT TEST (PATIENT) by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION	22.3 ^H	SECS	11.5 - 14.5
PT (CONTROL) by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION	12	SECS	
ISI by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION	1.1		
INTERNATIONAL NORMALISED RATIO (INR) by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION	1.98 ^H		0.80 - 1.20
PT INDEX by PHOTO OPTICAL CLOT DETECTION	53.81	%	
ADVICE	TANDA MAGA	DDEL AME OF THE OAT TH	

ADVICE KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

INTERPRETATION:-

- 1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.
- 2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications
- 3. Results should be clinically correlated.
- 4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC RANGE FOR ORAL ANTI-COAGULANT THERAPY (INR)					
INDICATION		INTERNATIONAL NORMALIZED RATIO (INR)			
Treatment of venous thrombosis					
Treatment of pulmonary embolism			1		
Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves					
Valvular heart disease	Low Intensity		2.0 - 3.0		
Acute myocardial infarction					
Atrial fibrillation					
Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position					
Recurrent embolism			2.5 - 3.5		
Mechanical heart valve	High Intensity				
Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺					



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COMMENTS:

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are:

1. Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3. Vit K. deficiency.

4. Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5. Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency

RECHECKED.

*** End Of Report *



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