

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mr. SALMAN

AGE/ GENDER : 32 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** : 1675985

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012411190037

 REFERRED BY
 : 19/Nov/2024 12:39 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01521089
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 19/Nov/2024 12:41 PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 19/Nov/2024 03:50 PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): 6.9^H % 4.0 - 6.4 WHOLE BLOOD

by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE **151.33^H** mg/dL 60.00 - 140.00

by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)

ADVICE KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

INTERPRETATION:

AS PER AMERICAN DI	ABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):	
REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGL	OGIB (HBAIC) in %
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.	4
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
	Age > 19 Years	
	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	Age < 19 Years	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

COMMENTS:

- 1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.
- 2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.
- 3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

 4. High
- HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications
- 5. Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.
- 6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.
- 7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-spienctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. :012411190037

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 19/Nov/2024 12:39 PM BARCODE NO. :01521089 **COLLECTION DATE** : 19/Nov/2024 12:41PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

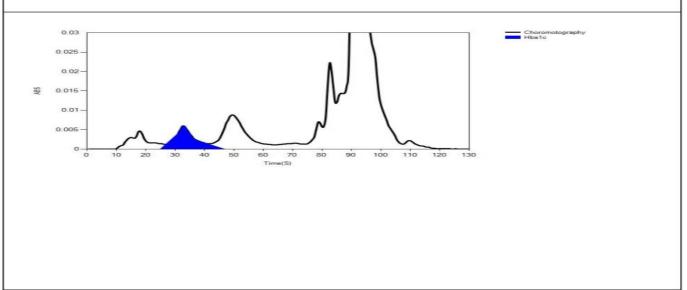
Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE

LIFOTRONIC Graph Report

Name :	Case:	Patient Type :	Test Date: 19/11/2024 15:31:16
Age:	Department:	Sample Type: Whole Blood EDTA	Sample ld: 01521089
Gender:			Total Area: 13065

Peak Name	Retention Time(s)	Absorbance	Area	Result (Area %)
HbA0	67	4349	11680	86.3
HbA1c	36	88	752	6.9
La1c	24	59	375	2.8
HbF	16	16	80	0.6
Hba1b	13	48	157	1.2
Hba1a	09	15	21	0.2





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Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE RANDOM (R)

GLUCOSE RANDOM (R): PLASMA NORMAL: < 140.00 179.61^H mg/dL

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 140.0 - 200.0

DIABETIC: > 0R = 200.0

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A random plasma glucose level below 140 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A random glucose level between 140 - 200 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prinadial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A random glucose level of above 200 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.

* End Of Report ***



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