



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar	obiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. JASBIR SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1677921
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH		<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012411210030
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 21/Nov/2024 10:29 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01521201		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 10:38AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 10:49AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
			LLNESS PANEL: 1.0 .00D COUNT (CBC)	0
	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
HAEMOGLOBIN (H by CALORIMETRIC	B)	11.2 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (		3.87	Millions/	/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
by HYDRO DYNAMIC F PACKED CELL VOL	FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE UMF. (PCV)	34 <sup>L</sup>	%	40.0 - 54.0
by CALCULATED BY A	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	-		
MEAN CORPUSCUL by CALCULATED BY A	AR VOLUME (MCV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	87.7	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.9	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCUL	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	33	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
•	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15.2	%	11.00 - 16.00
by CALCULATED BY A	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	49.8	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		22.66	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: <
by CALCOLATED				13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA:
				>13.0
GREEN & KING INI by CALCULATED	DEX	34.4	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0
-				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >
WHITE BLOOD CE	IIS (WRCS)			65.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTH		8280	/cmm	4000 - 11000
by FLOW CYTOMETR	Y BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY			
	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) rt hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
	BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %
by CALCULATED BY A	AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER			





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





NAME

AGE/ GENDER

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**BARCODE NO.** 

**CLIENT CODE.** 

**CLIENT ADDRESS** 



Dr. Yugam Chopra Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist MD (Pathology) **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** : Mr. JASBIR SINGH **PATIENT ID** : 49 YRS/MALE :1677921 : SURJESH REG. NO./LAB NO. :012411210030 **REGISTRATION DATE** : : 21/Nov/2024 10:29 AM :01521201 **COLLECTION DATE** : 21/Nov/2024 10:38AM : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :21/Nov/2024 10:49AM : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Vah .....

Test Name	Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)			
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	60	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES by flow cytometry by sf cube & microscopy	30	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	8 <sup>H</sup>	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	4968	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2484	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	662 <sup>H</sup>	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	166	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.		
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	204000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	0.2	%	0.10 - 0.36
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	51000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	24.9	%	11.0 - 45.0
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	16.5	%	15.0 - 17.0



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Test Name	Value	e Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>



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MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



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est Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
mune disease, but An ESR can be affe C-reactive protein This test may also stemic lupus eryth <b>NDITION WITH LO</b> ow ESR can be see olycythaemia), sig sickle cells in sick <b>DTE:</b>	does not tell the health practitic cted by other conditions besides be used to monitor disease activ ematosus <b>W ESR</b> In with conditions that inhibit the	ner exactly whe inflammation. F ity and response ount and response ount (leucocytos SR. s of inflammatio CRP, either at th	re the inflammation is in the for this reason, the ESR is ty e to therapy in both of the a intation of red blood cells, s is), and some protein abno n.	picallý used in conjunction with other test suc bove diseases as well as some others, such as uch as a high red blood cell count rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (suc s it resolves.
Generally, ESR doe CRP is not affected If the ESR is elevat Women tend to ha Drugs such as dex	ed, it is typically a result of two t we a higher ESR, and menstruation	ypes of proteins on and pregnanc	etter marker of inflammation s, globulins or fibrinogen. y can cause temporary eleva	





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	CLIN	NICAL CHEMIST	RY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
		GLUCOSE F	ASTING (F)	
	G (F): PLASMA	77.33	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
			FILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TO	TAL·SEDIM	174.6	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL 10		174.0	iiig/ uL	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
				239.0
				HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
TRIGLYCERIDES: S	SERUM	161.56 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
by GLYCEROL PHOSE	PHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)	101.00	0	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -
				199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
				VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0
	L (DIRECT): SERUM	<b>26.36<sup>L</sup></b>	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0
by SELECTIVE INHIBIT	TION			BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0
				HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTERO		115.93	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0
by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY			ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.0
				BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - 159.0
				HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0
NON UDI CUOLES	TEDOL CEDUM	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ib / a	VERY HIGH: $> OR = 190.0$
NON HDL CHOLES by CALCULATED, SPE	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	148.24 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159.0
				BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -
				189.0 HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
				VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0
VLDL CHOLESTER		32.31	mg/dL	0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPE TOTAL LIPIDS: SEF	ECTROPHOTOMETRY RUM	510.76	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
	ECTROPHOTOMETRY	510.70	Ũ	330.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HI	DL RATIO: SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	6.62 <sup>H</sup>	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40
by CALCULATED, SPE	LUIKUFAUIUMEIKI			AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0
				HIGH RISK: > 11.0
		1	)	
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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: S		4.4 <sup>H</sup>	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	6.13 <sup>H</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

## **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
		<b>FUNCTION</b> 0.95 0.27	T <b>TEST (COMPLETE)</b> mg/dL mg/dL	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40
	SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.21	Ilig/ uL	0.00 - 0.40
BILIRUBIN INDIRE	ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.68	mg/dL	0.10 - 1.00
SGOT/AST: SERUN by IFCC, WITHOUT P	I (RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	55.8 <sup>H</sup>	U/L	7.00 - 45.00
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	I KRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	35.8	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPI	ERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.56	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSP by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	HATASE: SERUM IYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	78.88	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTRO	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	94.37 <sup>H</sup>	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		5.79 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by BROMOCRESOL G		3.14 <sup>L</sup>	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPI	I ECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.65	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERU by CALCULATED, SPI	M ectrophotometry	1.18	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

INTERPRETATION

**NOTE:** To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range.

USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

## INCREASED:

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)





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Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interva

## **DECREASED:**

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNI	EY FUNCTIO	N TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM		62.1 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SER		2.35 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.40
	ROGEN (BUN): SERUM	29.02 <sup>H</sup>	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITH RATIO: SERUM	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	12.35	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININ		26.43	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS	1	6.65	mg/dL	3.60 - 7.70
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPE		9.23	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SH		2.98	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES				
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	/E ELECTRODE)	142.6	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERU by ISE (ION SELECTIV	M	3.51	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUN by ISE (ION SELECTIV		106.95	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
ESTIMATED GLON	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
(eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE	33.1		
INTERPRETATION: To differentiate betw	veen pre- and post renal azotemia.			

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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Test Name			Value	Un	nit	Biolog	ical Referen	ce interva
9. Certain drugs (e.g. <b>NCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</b>	tetracycline, glu 0:1) WITH ELEV (BUN rises disp superimposed o	ATED CREATININE LEV proportionately more on renal disease.		ne) (e.g. obstructive	e uropathy).			
<ol> <li>Certain drugs (e.g.</li> <li>NCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</li> <li>Postrenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>Perenal azotemia</li> <li>CECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ar</li> <li>Severe liver disease</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis (</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome c</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>PECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Phenacimide thera</li> <li>Rhabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>NAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>hould produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin ther</li> <li>STAGE</li> </ol>	tetracycline, glu <b>0:1) WITH ELEV</b> (BUN rises disp superimposed of <b>0:1) WITH DECR</b> osis. Id starvation. creased urea sy urea rather tha monemias (urea f inappropiate a <b>0:1) WITH INCR</b> py (accelerates eleases muscle who develop re- sis (acetoacetat creased BUN/cr apy (interferes <b>ULAR FILTERATIO</b> Nor	acocorticoids) ATED CREATININE LEVE proportionately more on renal disease. EASED BUN : ATEASED BUN : A transitional diffuses of a is virtually absent in antidiuretic harmone) EASED CREATININE: conversion of creating creatinine). nal failure. e causes false increase eatinine ratio). with creatinine measu. N RATE: DESCRIPTION mal kidney function	han creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinin e in creatinin rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). ne with certain met L/min/1.73m2 ) >90	a. thodologies, ASSOCIA	<b>TED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria		en dehydra
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     Muscular patients     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     CEphalosporin ther     STADE     CKD STAGE	tetracycline, glu <b>0:1) WITH ELEV</b> (BUN rises disp superimposed of <b>0:1) WITH DECR</b> osis. Id starvation. creased urea sy urea rather tha monemias (urea f inappropiate a <b>0:1) WITH INCR</b> py (accelerates eleases muscle who develop re- sis (acetoacetat creased BUN/cr apy (interferes <b>ILAR FILTERATIO</b> Non Ki	accoorticoids) ATED CREATININE LEVE proportionately more on renal disease. EASED BUN : ATEASED BUN : A transitional diffuses of a is virtually absent in antidiuretic harmone) EASED CREATININE: conversion of creating creatinine). nal failure. e causes false increase eatinine ratio). with creatinine measu. N RATE: DESCRIPTION mal kidney function dney damage with	han creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinin e in creatinin rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). ne with certain met L/min/1.73m2 )	a. thodologies, ASSOCIA Presen	<b>TED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria ce of Protein ,		en dehydra
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     CEREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Nepeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Pregnancy.     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Phenacimide thera     Rhabdomyolysis (r     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     CEphalosporin ther     STADE GLOMERL     CKD STAGE     G1	tetracycline, glu <b>0:1) WITH ELEV</b> (BUN rises disp superimposed of <b>0:1) WITH DECR</b> osis. Id starvation. creased urea sy urea rather tha monemias (urea f inappropiate a <b>0:1) WITH INCR</b> py (accelerates eleases muscle who develop re- sis (acetoacetat creased BUN/cr apy (interferes <b>ILAR FILTERATIO</b> Non Ki	acocorticoids) ATED CREATININE LEVE proportionately more on renal disease. EASED BUN : ATEASED BUN : A transitional diffuses of a is virtually absent in antidiuretic harmone) EASED CREATININE: conversion of creating creatinine). nal failure. e causes false increase eatinine ratio). with creatinine measu. N RATE: DESCRIPTION mal kidney function	han creatinin but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatinin e in creatinin rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). ne with certain met L/min/1.73m2) >90	a. thodologies, ASSOCIA Presen	<b>TED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria		en dehydra
Certain drugs (e.g.     NCREASED RATIO (>2     Postrenal azotemia     Prerenal azotemia     DECREASED RATIO (<1     Acute tubular necr     Low protein diet ar     Severe liver disease     Other causes of de     Repeated dialysis (     Inherited hyperam     SIADH (syndrome c     Rhabdomyolysis (r     NAPPROPIATE RATIO     Diabetic ketoacido     hould produce an in     Cephalosporin ther     STIMATED GLOMERU     G1     G2     G3a     G3b	tetracycline, glu 0:1) WITH ELEV/ (BUN rises disp superimposed of 0:1) WITH DECR osis. Id starvation. creased urea sy urea rather tha monemias (urea f inappropiate a 0:1) WITH INCR py (accelerates eleases muscle who develop re sis (acetoacetat creased BUN/cr apy (interferes LAR FILTERATIO Non Ki Non Mod	accorticoids) ATED CREATININE LEVE proportionately more on renal disease. EASED BUN : ATESED BUN : ATESED BUN : A creatinine diffuses of a is virtually absent in antidiuretic harmone) EASED CREATININE: conversion of creating creatinine). nal failure. e causes false increase eatinine ratio). with creatinine measu. NRATE: DESCRIPTION mal kidney function dney damage with ormal or high GFR ild decrease in GFR erate decrease in GFR	but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatining e in creatining rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain met L/min/1.73m2 ) >90 >90 60 -89 30-59	a. thodologies, ASSOCIA Presen	<b>TED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria ce of Protein ,		en dehydra
<ul> <li>P. Certain drugs (e.g.</li> <li>INCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>Prerenal azotemia</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Acute tubular necr</li> <li>Low protein diet ar</li> <li>Severe liver disease</li> <li>Other causes of de</li> <li>Repeated dialysis (</li> <li>Inherited hyperam</li> <li>SIADH (syndrome c</li> <li>Pregnancy.</li> <li>DECREASED RATIO (&lt;1</li> <li>Phenacimide thera</li> <li>Rabdomyolysis (r</li> <li>Muscular patients</li> <li>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</li> <li>Diabetic ketoacido</li> <li>Should produce an in</li> <li>Cephalosporin ther</li> <li>ESTIMATED GLOMERL</li> <li>G1</li> <li>G2</li> </ul>	tetracycline, glu 0:1) WITH ELEV/ (BUN rises disp superimposed of 0:1) WITH DECR osis. Id starvation. creased urea sy urea rather tha monemias (urea f inappropiate a 0:1) WITH INCR py (accelerates eleases muscle who develop re sis (acetoacetat creased BUN/cr apy (interferes LAR FILTERATIO Non Ki Non Mod	accocrticoids) ATED CREATININE LEVE proportionately more on renal disease. EASED BUN : ATESED BUN : ATESED BUN : A creatinine diffuses of a is virtually absent in antidiuretic harmone) EASED CREATININE: conversion of creating creatinine). nal failure. e causes false increase eatinine ratio). with creatinine measu. N RATE: DESCRIPTION mal kidney function dney damage with ormal or high GFR_ ild decrease in GFR	but of extrace blood). due to tubula e to creatining e in creatining rement).	ellular fluid). ar secretion of urea e). e with certain met L/min/1.73m2 ) >90 >90 60 -89	a. thodologies, ASSOCIA Presen	<b>TED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria ce of Protein ,		en dehydra





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)









<b>: Mr. JASBIR SINGH</b> : 49 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1677921
: 49 YRS/MALE	PATIENT ID	: 1677921
: SURJESH	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012411210030
:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 21/Nov/2024 10:29 AM
: 01521201	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 10:38AM
: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 21/Nov/2024 01:59PM
: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		
		Biological Reference interval
	: : 01521201 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REGISTRATION DATE       : 01521201       : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB       : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



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DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consu	licrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD EO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. JASBIR SINGH			
AGE/ GENDER	: 49 YRS/MALE	PATIENT	ID	: 1677921
COLLECTED BY	: SURJESH	REG. NO./	LAB NO.	: 012411210030
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRA	ATION DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 10:29 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01521201	COLLECT	ION DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 10:38AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTI	NG DATE	: 21/Nov/2024 04:28PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICAL PATHO	LOGY	
	URINE ROU	TINE & MICROSCOR	PIC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMI	NATION			
QUANTITY RECIEV		10	ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	HAZY		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.02		1.002 - 1.030
-	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
CHEMICAL EXAMI	INATION			
REACTION by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN		3+		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1+		NEGATIVE (-ve)
	CTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	6		5.0 - 7.5
pH by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	0		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
•	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.			
UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC BLOOD	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	TRACE		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLEC	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
ASCORBIC ACID	TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
MICROSCOPIC EX				
RED BLOOD CELLS		3-4	/HPF	0 - 3
by MICROSCOPY ON (	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AI	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
PUS CELLS	CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	<b>Value</b> 1-3	Unit /HPF	<b>Biological Reference interval</b> 0 - 5
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON C				0

 CRYSTALS
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

 by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

 by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

 BACTERIA
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

 by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

 OTHERS
 NEGATIVE (-ve)

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA)

by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

ABSENT



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) thopro

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

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NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

ABSENT