

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra
MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. CHITRA SARWARA

AGE/ GENDER : 49 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1679621

COLLECTED BY: SURJESH REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012411220044

 REFERRED BY
 : 22/Nov/2024 05:44 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01521268
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 22/Nov/2024 05:54PM

 CLIENT CODE.
 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
 REPORTING DATE
 : 22/Nov/2024 06:29PM

CLIENT ADDRESS: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	12.7	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	4.5	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	40.4	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	89.8	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by Calculated by automated hematology analyzer	28.2	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	31.4 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by Calculated by automated hematology analyzer	13.9	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	46.5	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	19.96	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	27.72	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)			
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by Flow cytometry by SF cube & microscopy	4470	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by automated 6 part hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %



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by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER



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Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
55	%	50 - 70
30	%	20 - 40
5	%	1 - 6
10	%	2 - 12
0	%	0 - 1
2459	/cmm	2000 - 7500
1341	/cmm	800 - 4900
224	/cmm	40 - 440
447	/cmm	80 - 880
0	/cmm	0 - 110
E MARKERS.		
203000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
0.25	%	0.10 - 0.36
12 ^H	fL	6.50 - 12.0
84000	/cmm	30000 - 90000
41.5	%	11.0 - 45.0
16.3	%	15.0 - 17.0
	55 30 5 10 0 2459 1341 224 447 0 E MARKERS. 203000 0.25 12H 84000 41.5 16.3	55 % 30 % 5 % 10 % 0 % 2459 /cmm 1341 /cmm 224 /cmm 447 /cmm 0 /cmm EMARKERS. 203000 /cmm 0.25 % 12H fL 84000 /cmm 41.5 % 16.3 %



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CLIENT CODE.

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 22/Nov/2024 05:44 PM **COLLECTION DATE** BARCODE NO. :01521268 : 22/Nov/2024 05:54PM

: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval**

REPORTING DATE



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



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 : 22/Nov/2024 07:00PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY DENGUE FEVER COMBO SCREENING - (NS1 ANTIGEN, IgG AND IgM)

DENGUE NS1 ANTIGEN - SCREENING
by ICT (IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY)

DENGUE ANTIBODY IgG - SCREENING
by ICT (IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY)

DENGUE ANTIBODY IgM - SCREENING

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

NEGATIVE (-ve)

by ICT (IMMUNOCHROMATOGRAPHY)

INTERPRETATION:-

- 1. This is a solid phase immunochromatographic ELISA test for the qualitative detection of the specific IgG and IgM antibodies against the Dengue virus.
- 2.The IgM antibodies take a minimum of 5-10 days in primary infection and 4-5 days in secondary infections to test positive and hence are suitable for the diagnosis of dengue fever only when the fever is approximately one week old.
- 3.The IgG antibodies develop at least two weeks after exposure to primary infection and subsequently remain positive for the rest of the life. A positive result is incapable of differentiating a current infection from a past infection.

4. The Dengue NS-1 antigen test is most suited for early diagnosis (within the first week of exposure).



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TITRE

TITRE

1:160

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NIL

NIL

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

1 est Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval			
WIDAL SLIDE AGGLUTINATION TEST						
SALMONELLA TYPHI O by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION	1:80	TITRE	1:80			
SALMONELLA TYPHI H	1:20	TITRE	1:160			

SALMONELLA PARATYPHI AH
by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH

by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION

by SLIDE AGGLUTINATION

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant. 2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

- 1.Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.
- 2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.
- 3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.
- 4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

- 1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever i.e High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.
- 2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.
- 3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

*** End Of Report ***



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