

Dr. Vinay Chopra
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Dr. Yugam Chopra
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CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Ms. VAISHALI
AGE/ GENDER : 30 YRS/FEMALE
COLLECTED BY :
REFERRED BY :
BARCODE NO. : 01522256
CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB
CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

PATIENT ID : 1680201
REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012412100021
REGISTRATION DATE : 10/Dec/2024 09:52 AM
COLLECTION DATE : 10/Dec/2024 09:53AM
REPORTING DATE : 10/Dec/2024 11:13AM

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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HAEMATOLOGY COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES

HAEMOGLOBIN (HB) by CALORIMETRIC	9.6 ^L	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	3.98	Millions/cmm	3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLUME (PCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	32.4 ^L	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	81.5	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	24.1 ^L	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	29.6 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	18.4 ^H	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	56.5 ^H	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by CALCULATED	20.48	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDEX by CALCULATED	37.65	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0

WHITE BLOOD CELLS (WBCS)

TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (TLC) by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	5910	/cmm	4000 - 11000
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) by AUTOMATED 6 PART HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
NUCLEATED RED BLOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % by CALCULATED BY AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL	%	< 10 %



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<u>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)</u>			
NEUTROPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	54	%	50 - 70
LYMPHOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	35	%	20 - 40
EOSINOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	7 ^H	%	1 - 6
MONOCYTES <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	4	%	2 - 12
BASOPHILS <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	0	%	0 - 1
<u>ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT</u>			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	3191	/cmm	2000 - 7500
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	2068	/cmm	800 - 4900
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	414	/cmm	40 - 440
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	236	/cmm	80 - 880
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	0	/cmm	0 - 110
ABSOLUTE IMMATURE GRANULOCYTE COUNT <i>by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY</i>	0	/cmm	0.0 - 999.0
<u>PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS.</u>			
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) <i>by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE</i>	7000 ^L	/cmm	150000 - 450000
NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
RECHECKED. Correlate clinically			




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IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY

HEPATITIS C VIRUS (HCV) ANTIBODY: TOTAL

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL: SERUM	0.1	S/CO	NEGATIVE: < 1.00
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)			POSITIVE: > 1.00

HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY (HCV) TOTAL
 RESULT NON - REACTIVE

by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:-

RESULT (INDEX)	REMARKS
< 1.00	NON - REACTIVE/NOT - DETECTED
> =1.00	REACTIVE/ASYMPTOMATIC/INFECTIVE STATE/CARRIER STATE.

Hepatitis C (HCV) is an RNA virus of Favivirus group transmitted via blood transfusions, transplantation, injection drug abusers, accidental needle punctures in healthcare workers, dialysis patients and rarely from mother to infant. 10 % of new cases show sexual transmission. As compared to HAV & HBV , chronic infection with HCV occurs in 85 % of infected individuals. In high risk population, the predictive value of Anti HCV for HCV infection is > 99% whereas in low risk populations it is only 25 %.

USES:

- Indicator of past or present infection, but does not differentiate between Acute/ Chronic/Resolved Infection.
- Routine screening of low and high prevalence population including blood donors.

NOTE:

- False positive results are seen in Auto-immune disease, Rheumatoid Factor, HYpergammaglobulinemia, Paraproteinemia, Passive antibody transfer, Anti-idiotypes and Anti-superoxide dismutase.
- False negative results are seen in early Acute infection, Immunosuppression and Immuno— incompetence.
- HCV-RNA PCR recommended in all reactive results to differentiate between past and present infection.




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RHEUMATOID FACTOR (RA): QUANTITATIVE - SERUM

RHEUMATOID (RA) FACTOR QUANTITATIVE: SERUM by NEPHLOMETRY	9.63	IU/mL	NEGATIVE: < 18.0 BORDERLINE: 18.0 - 25.0 POSITIVE: > 25.0
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INTERPRETATION:-

RHEUMATOID FACTOR (RA):

1. Rheumatoid factors (RF) are antibodies that are directed against the Fc fragment of IgG altered in its tertiary structure.
2. Over 75% of patients with rheumatoid arthritis (RA) have an IgM antibody to IgG immunoglobulin. This autoantibody (RF) is diagnostically useful although it may not be etiologically related to RA.
3. Inflammatory Markers such as ESR & C-Reactive protein (CRP) are normal in about 60 % of patients with positive RA.
4. The titer of RF correlates poorly with disease activity, but those patients with high titers tend to have more severe disease course.
5. The test is useful for diagnosis and prognosis of rheumatoid arthritis.

RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS:

1. Rheumatoid Arthritis is a systemic autoimmune disease that is multi-functional in origin and is characterized by chronic inflammation of the membrane lining (synovium) joints which leads to progressive joint destruction and in most cases to disability and reduction of quality life.
2. The disease spreads from small to large joints, with greatest damage in early phase.
3. The diagnosis of RA is primarily based on clinical, radiological & immunological features. The most frequent serological test is the measurement of RA factor.

CAUTION (FALSE POSTIVE):-

1. RA factor is not specific for Rheumatoid arthritis, as it is often present in healthy individuals with other autoimmune diseases and chronic infections.
2. Non rheumatoid and rheumatoid arthritis (RA) populations are not clearly separate with regard to the presence of rheumatoid factor (RF) (15% of RA patients have a nonreactive titer and 8% of nonrheumatoid patients have a positive titer).
3. Patients with various nonrheumatoid diseases characterized by chronic inflammation may have positive tests for RF. These diseases include systemic lupus erythematosus, polymyositis, tuberculosis, syphilis, viral hepatitis, infectious mononucleosis, and influenza.
4. Anti-CCP have been discovered in joints of patients with RA, but not in other form of joint disease. Anti-CCP2 is HIGHLY SENSITIVE (71%) & more specific (98%) than RA factor.
5. Upto 30 % of patients with Seronegative Rheumatoid arthritis also show Anti-CCP antibodies.
6. The positive predictive value of Anti-CCP antibodies for Rheumatoid Arthritis is far greater than Rheumatoid factor.




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SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS

ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY/FACTOR (ANA/ANF) - WITH REFLEX TO TITRES: IFA (HEP-2)

ANTI NUCLEAR ANTIBODY (ANA) - IFA, HEP2 <i>by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)</i>	Equivocal	NEGATIVE (-ve)
PRIMARY DILUTION <i>by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)</i>	1:100	
PRIMARY INTENSITY (GRADE) ON IF <i>by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)</i>	Intensity +	
ANA PATTERN <i>by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)</i>	Nuclear Fine Speckled (AC-4)	
END POINT TITRES <i>by IFA (IMMUNO FLUORESCENT ASSAY)</i>	<1:100	

INTERPRETATION:

1. Anti Nuclear antibody (ANA) in dilutions is recommended for all positive results and follow up
2. Immunofluorescence microscopy using human cellular extracts like HEP-2 cells is a sensitive test for detection of serum antibodies that react specifically with various cellular proteins and nucleic acids
3. Test conducted on Serum

INTERPRETATION GUIDELINES : (Sample screening Dilution - 1:100):

Negative : No Immunofluorescence
 + : Weak Positive (1:100)
 ++ : Moderate Positive (1:320)
 +++ : Strong Positive (1:1000)
 ++++ : Very strong Positive (1:3200)


COMMENTS:


Anti Nuclear antibody (ANA / ANF) is a group of autoantibodies directed against constituents of cell nuclei including DNA, RNA & various nuclear proteins. These autoantibodies are found with high frequency in patients with connective tissue disorders specially SLE. Since positive ANA results have been reported in healthy individuals, these reactivities are not by themselves diagnostic but must be correlated with other laboratory and clinical findings.

PATTERN

DISEASE ASSOCIATION




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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
NUCLEAR			
Homogenous	SLE & other connective tissue disorders, Drug induced SLE		
Peripheral	SLE & other connective tissue disorders		
Speckled Coarse	Mixed connective Tissue Disorders (MCTD), Scleroderma-Polymyositis Overlap Syndrome, Raynauds Phenomenon, Psoriasis, Sjogrens Syndrome, Systemic Sclerosis.		
Speckled Fine	SLE, Sjogrens syndrome, Scleroderma, Myositis, MCTD		
NUCLEAR DOTS			
Few	Auto-immune & Viral disease- Primary Biliary Cirrhosis & Chronic Active Hepatitis, Rarely Collagen Vascular disease		
Multiple	Primary Biliary Cirrhosis (>30%)		
Centromere	CREST syndrome, Progressive Systemic Sclerosis		
NUCLEOLAR			
Homogeneous	Scleroderma, Myositis, Raynauds Phenomena, SLE & Rheumatoid arthritis		
Clumpy	Systemic sclerosis & Scleroderma		
CYTOPLASMIC			
Mitochondrial	Primary Biliary Cirrhosis, Scleroderma & Overlap syndrome		
Ribosomal	SLE (10-20%)		

Follow - Up:- Clinical correlation and/or repeat testing after 6-12 weeks and /or confirmation by ANA profile(Refer interpretive note below)

*** End Of Report ***




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