

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. GEETA

AGE/ GENDER : 45 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1696347

COLLECTED BY REG. NO./LAB NO. :012412110022

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 11/Dec/2024 10:58 AM BARCODE NO. :01522302 **COLLECTION DATE** : 11/Dec/2024 10:59AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE : 11/Dec/2024 01:11PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY **HELICOBACTER PYLORI ANTIGEN DETECTION - STOOL**

HELICOBACTER ANTIGEN DETECTION - STOOL by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)

0.26

INDEX

NEGATIVE: < 0.90 EQUIVOCAL: 0.90-1.10

POSITIVE: >=1.10

INTERPRETATION:

CLINICAL BACKGROUND:

H pylori infection is associated with peptic ulcer disease (duodenal and gastric) and chronic active gastritis. H pylori infection is also an independent risk factor for gastric cancer and primary malignant lymphoma of the stomach. However, many people who are infected with H. pylori may not show any symptoms of the disease.

- 1. It is a chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA) for detection of Helicobacter pylori antigen in faecal samples and can be used for diagnosis, therapeutic monitoring and to assess eradication of H. pylori infection post treatment. 2. It is a qualitative test.
- 3. A positive result (antigen detected) is indicative of H pylori presence in stool sample.
- 4. A negative result does not exclude the possibility of Helicobacter pylori infection.
- 5. Assay results should be utilized in conjuction with other clinical and laoratory data to assist the clinician in making individual patient management decisions.
- 6. Antimicrobials, proton pump inhibitors and bismuth preparations are known to supress H.pylori and if ingested may give a false negative result.
- 7. Fecal specimens preserved in 10 % formalin, merthiolate formalin, sodium acetate formalin, or polyvinyl alchohol or specimens that are in transport media such as Cary Blair or C & S cannot be used.

*** End Of Report ***



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

