

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT



	Dr. Vinay Chopi MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)	MC	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
GE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
OLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
EFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
ARCODE NO.	: 01522746		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
LIENT CODE. LIENT ADDRESS	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMH	BALA CANT	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:41AM
Cest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			ELLNESS PANEL: 1. .00D COUNT (CBC)	.5
ED BLOOD CELL	S (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
IAEMOGLOBIN (H	B)	12.8	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
ED BLOOD CELL	(RBC) COUNT	4.4	Millions	s/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
ACKED CELL VOL		39.9	%	37.0 - 50.0
IEAN CORPUSCUL	AR VOLUME (MCV) automated hematology analyzer	90.7	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	29.1	pg	27.0 - 34.0
IEAN CORPUSCUI	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	32.1	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
	UTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	13.4	%	11.00 - 16.00
ED CELL DISTRIE	UTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) AUTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	45.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
IENTZERS INDEX		20.61	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: - 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
REEN & KING IN by CALCULATED		27.63	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
	TT2 (MRC2)	0000		4000 11000
VHITE BLOOD CE		6860	/cmm	4000 - 11000
OTAL LEUCOCYT	E COUNT (TLC) y by sf cube & microscopy			
OTAL LEUCOCYT by flow cytometr UCLEATED RED I		NIL		0.00 - 20.00

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology)

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mrs. ZEENAT RANA AGE/ GENDER : 50 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1704964 **COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. :012412210009 **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01522746 **COLLECTION DATE** : 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 21/Dec/2024 09:41AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC) NEUTROPHILS** 58 % 50 - 70 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES 32 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 4 % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 6 % 2 - 12by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY **ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT** ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 3979 2000 - 7500 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 2195 800 - 4900 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 274/cmm 40 - 440 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 412 /cmm 80 - 880 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 /cmm 0 - 110 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 150000 - 450000 227000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) 0.26 % 0.10 - 0.36 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) 12 fL 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 30000 - 90000 PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 86000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE % PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) 37.8 11.0 - 45.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) 15.0 - 17.0 16.4% by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Dr. Vinay Chopra



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolog Chairman & Consultant Patho		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:41AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CA	NTT	
Test Name	Value	y Unit	Biological Reference interval



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Con:		Dr. Yugam MD (CEO & Consultant I	Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA				
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIE	ENT ID	: 1704964	
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. N	NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009	
REFERRED BY	:	REGIS	TRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM	
BARCODE NO.	:01522746	COLLI	ECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		RTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 02:39PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A				
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference	ce interval
	GLYC	DSYLATED HAEMO	GLOBIN (HBA1C)		
WHOLE BLOOD	EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c):	5.4	%	4.0 - 6.4	
ESTIMATED AVERA	STIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)		mg/dL	60.00 - 140.00	
	AS PER AMERICAN	DIABETES ASSOCIATION ((ADA):		
	REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSY	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %		
	abetic Adults >= 18 years		<5.7		
	t Risk (Prediabetes)		5.7 - 6.4		
D	iagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5		
		Goals of The	Age > 19 Years	< 7.0	
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Sugge	vsted.	>8.0	
Therapeut	ic goals for glycemic control	Actions Sugge	Age < 19 Years	>8.0	

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

COMMENTS:

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Che MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons		Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIE	NT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. N	IO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGIS	TRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	COLLE	CTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPO	RTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:54AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by RED CELL AGGRE	DIMENTATION RATE (ESR) GATION BY CAPILLARY PHOTOMETR fic test because an elevated result		mm/1st	hr 0 - 20 ion associated with infection, cancer and auto-
immune disease, but	does not tell the health practitio ected by other conditions besides	ner exactly where the in	flammation is in the	body or what is causing it. bically used in conjunction with other test such
3. This test may also systemic lupus eryth	be used to monitor disease activi ematosus	ity and response to ther	apy in both of the a	bove diseases as well as some others, such as
CONDITION WITH LO		normal sedimentation	of red blood cells, s	uch as a high red blood cell count
CONDITION WITH LO A low ESR can be see (polycythaemia), sign	en with conditions that inhibit the nificantly high white blood cell co le cell anaemia) also lower the E	ount (leucocytosis), and	some protein abno	rmalities. Some changes in red cell shape (such

6. Drugs such as dextran, methyldopa, oral contraceptives, penicillamine procainamide, theophylline, and vitamin A can increase ESR, while aspirin, cortisone, and quinine may decrease it





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







	М		10pra & Microbiology) hsultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT	RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMAI	.E		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:			REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:			REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746			COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOS	ΓIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:27AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHO	OLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTI		
Test Name			Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINI	CAL CHEMIS	TRY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
			GLUCOSE	E FASTING (F)	
GLUCOSE FASTIN	G (F): PLASMA se - peroxidase (go)D-POD)	114.6 ^H	mg/dL	NORMAL: < 100.0 PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist			(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:36AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD,	AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			OFILE : BASIC	
CHOLESTEROL TOTA	AL . SEDIM	163.03		OPTIMAL: < 200.0
by CHOLESTEROL OXIL		103.03	mg/dL	BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 -
				239.0
				HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0
RIGLYCERIDES: SERUM by GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC)		70.42	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 150.0
			C	BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 -
				199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0
				VERY HIGH: $> OR = 500.0$
HDL CHOLESTEROL by SELECTIVE INHIBITIC		46.43	mg/dL	LOW HDL: < 30.0 BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0
by SELECTIVE IN IIBITIC				60.0
				HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$
LDL CHOLESTEROL: by CALCULATED, SPEC		102.52	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 100.0 ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129.
by OALOOLATED, OF LO				BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 -
				159.0
				HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0
NON HDL CHOLESTI	EROL: SERUM	116.6	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: < 130.0
by CALCULATED, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY			ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159. BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 -
				189.0
				HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0
VLDL CHOLESTEROI	SFRUM	14.08	mg/dL	VERY HIGH: > OR = 220.0 0.00 - 45.00
by CALCULATED, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY			
FOTAL LIPIDS: SERU by CALCULATED, SPEC		396.48	mg/dL	350.00 - 700.00
CHOLESTEROL/HDL	RATIO: SERUM	3.51	RATIO	LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40
by CALCULATED, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY			AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0
				MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 HIGH RISK: > 11.0
ารเพรษะความสา		/	n	



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



Page 7 of 20





	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Patholog		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:36AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD), AMBALA CANT	Т	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		2.21	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	1.52 ^L	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 care@koshealthcare.com www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mid Chairman & Consulta	crobiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 12:15PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMI	BALA CANT	Т	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
BILIRUBIN DIRECT by DIAZO MODIFIED, S BILIRUBIN INDIRE	: SERUM PECTROPHOTOMETRY Γ (CONJUGATED): SERUM SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY	0.84 0.19 0.65 40.4	DN TEST (COMPLETE) mg/dL mg/dL mg/dL U/L	INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40 0.10 - 1.00 7.00 - 45.00
by IFCC, WITHOUT PY	/RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE			
SGPT/ALT: SERUM	I (RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE	69.8 ^H	U/L	0.00 - 49.00
AST/ALT RATIO: S		0.58	RATIO	0.00 - 46.00
ALKALINE PHOSPI by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL	HATASE: SERUM IYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL	91.33	U/L	40.0 - 130.0
GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTRO	L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM	18.59	U/L	0.00 - 55.0
TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO		6.1 ^L	gm/dL	6.20 - 8.00
ALBUMIN: SERUM by bromocresol G		4.09	gm/dL	3.50 - 5.50
GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE	Л ECTROPHOTOMETRY	2.01 ^L	gm/dL	2.30 - 3.50
A : G RATIO: SERU	M ectrophotometry	2.03 ^H	RATIO	1.00 - 2.00

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

> 2
> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
1.4 - 2.0
> 1.5
> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant	biology) MI	m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 12:15PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBAI	LA CANTT	
Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & N Chairman & Consu	1icrobiology)	Dr. Yugam MD (F CEO & Consultant P	Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	РА	TIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	RE	G. NO./LAB NO.	:012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	RE	GISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	CO	LLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		PORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:36AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AN	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	KIDNE	Y FUNCTION 7	FEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM	IATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH)	19.78	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERU	JM	0.89	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITR	OGEN (BUN): SERUM	9.24	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
by CALCULATED, SPE BLOOD UREA NITE	ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE	10.38	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
RATIO: SERUM				
by CALCULATED, SPE UREA/CREATININ		22.22	RATIO	
by CALCULATED, SPE	CTROPHOTOMETRY			0.50, 0.00
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDAS		5.59	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM		9.44	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SE		3.1	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
by PHOSPHOMOLYBE	DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	011	ing, uii	
ELECTROLYTES		100		
SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	'E ELECTRODE)	139	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM		4.21	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
by ISE (ION SELECTIV CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV	1	104.25	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
	IERULAR FILTERATION RATE			
	ERULAR FILTERATION RATE	78.9		

INTERPRETATION: To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







	1	Dr. Vinay Chopra 1D (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultan	obiology)		g am Chopra MD (Pathology) Itant Pathologist	
IAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT	RANA				
GE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMA	LE	PAT	ENT ID	: 1704964	
COLLECTED BY	:		REG.	NO./LAB NO.	:012412210	009
REFERRED BY				STRATION DAT		
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746			ECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO			ORTING DATE	:21/Dec/2024	11:36AM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICF	IOLSON ROAD, AMB	ALA CANTT			
Fest Name			Value	Unit	Biolo	gical Reference interval
2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet a 3. Severe liver diseas	10:1) WITH DECRE rosis. nd starvation. e.					
 A. Other causes of de B. Repeated dialysis Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome of Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido should produce an ir Cephalosporin the ESTIMATED GLOMERIA 	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c eleases muscle c who develop ren c: usis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). rith creatinine measue I RATE:	blood). due to tubular sec e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement).	cretion of urea. th certain methor		ormal ratio when dehydrati
Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of definition of the cause of the c	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c eleases muscle c who develop rer c: usis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). rith creatinine measu I RATE: DESCRIPTION	blood). due to tubular sec e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi	cretion of urea. th certain methor n/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDING	
A Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of definition of the cause of the	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c eleases muscle c who develop rer c: sis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norr	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measu I RATE: DESCRIPTION nal kidney function	blood). due to tubular sec e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi >9	cretion of urea. th certain methor n/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDING	35
Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of definition of the cause of the c	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c eleases muscle c who develop rer c: sis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norn Kic	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). rith creatinine measu I RATE: DESCRIPTION	blood). due to tubular sec e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi	cretion of urea. th certain methor n/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDING	SS
. Other causes of de . Repeated dialysis . Inherited hyperam . SIADH (syndrome of . Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< . Phenacimide thera . Rhabdomyolysis (r . Muscular patients VAPPROPIATE RATIO . Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an ir . Cephalosporin the STIMATED GLOMERI CKD STAGE G1 G2 G3a	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c releases muscle c who develop rer biss (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norr Kic nc	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measur I RATE: DESCRIPTION nal kidney function Iney damage with rmal or high GFR d decrease in GFR	blood). due to tubular set e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi >9 >9 60 -	cretion of urea. th certain methor n/1.73m2)	ASSOCIATED FINDING No proteinuria Presence of Protein	SS
A. Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of the ca	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c releases muscle c who develop rer bis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norr Kic nc Mill Mode	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measur I RATE: DESCRIPTION nal kidney function Iney damage with rmal or high GFR d decrease in GFR rate decrease in GFR	blood). due to tubular set e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi >9 >9 >9 60 - 30-1	th certain methor	ASSOCIATED FINDING No proteinuria Presence of Protein	SS
A. Other causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of definition of the causes of the ca	(urea rather than monemias (urea of inappropiate a 10:1) WITH INCRE upy (accelerates c releases muscle c who develop rer bis (acetoacetate creased BUN/cre rapy (interferes w JLAR FILTERATION Norr Kic nc Mill Mode	creatinine diffuses o is virtually absent in ntidiuretic harmone) ASED CREATININE: onversion of creatine reatinine). al failure. causes false increase atinine ratio). ith creatinine measur I RATE: DESCRIPTION nal kidney function Iney damage with rmal or high GFR d decrease in GFR	blood). due to tubular set e to creatinine). e in creatinine wi rement). GFR (mL/mi >9 >9 60 -	th certain method n/1.73m2) 0 89 59	ASSOCIATED FINDING No proteinuria Presence of Protein	SS



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt - 133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







Test Name		Value Unit	Biological Reference interval
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	ALA CANTT	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:36AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	:012412210009
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1704964
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA		
	Chairman & Consultan	e , ,	
	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr		m Chopra D (Pathology)

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT



	1	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbio Chairman & Consultant Pat	e,,	Dr. Yugam (MD (P EO & Consultant Pa	athology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT	Г RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMA	ALE	PATIENT	ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO.	/LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTR	ATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746		COLLECT	ION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNO	STIC LAB	REPORT	NG DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:36AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICH	HOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT		
Test Name		Val	ue	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			IRON PROFIL	Е	
IRON: SERUM	TROPHOTOMETRY	63	.7	μg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IRC	ON BINDING CA	APACITY (UIBC) 22	4.9	µg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
by FERROZINE, SPEC	TROPHOTOMETER	?Y			
TOTAL IRON BIND SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOM		(TIBC) 28	8.6	µg/dL	230 - 430
%TRANSFERRIN SA by CALCULATED, SPE	ATURATION: SI		.07	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SEI	RUM	. ,	4.91	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0
INTERPRETATION:-	. ,				
	LES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DI		FICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Normal to Reduced Reduced	
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased Increased		Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON			

IRON:

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency

anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.
 It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC): It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com







	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultan	obiology)	MD	n Chopra 9 (Pathology) t Pathologist
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746		COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:38AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA	ALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
			RINOLOGY TION TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONIN by CMIA (CHEMILUMINE	E (T3): SERUM	1.27	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): SI by CMIA (CHEMILUMINE	ERUM SCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	11.03	µgm/dI	4.87 - 12.60
	TING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM SCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	4.597	µIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
by CMIA (CHEMILUMINE 3rd GENERATION, ULTR INTERPRETATION:	ASENSITIVE			
3rd GENERATION, ULTR INTERPRETATION: TSH levels are subject to ci day has influence on the m triiodothyronine (T3).Failu	rcadian variation, reaching peak levels betwe easured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stim ire at any level of regulation of the hypothal	ulates the pr	oduction and secretion of the r	om. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of the netabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and er underproduction (hypothyroidism) or
3rd GENERATION, ULTR <i>INTERPRETATION:</i> TSH levels are subject to ci day has influence on the m	rcadian variation, reaching peak levels betwe easured serum TSH concentrations. TSH stim ire at any level of regulation of the hypothal	ulates the pr	oduction and secretion of the r -y-thyroid axis will result in eith	netabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

LIMITATIONS	

Primary Hyperthyroidism:

Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

Increased

Normal or High Normal

Reduced (at times undetectable)

Reduced

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMU	ATING HORMONE (TSH)
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00

Increased

Normal or High Normal





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)



 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com





	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path	Gr /	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 11:38AM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA C	ANTT	
Test Name	Vah	e Unit	Biological Reference interval

Test Name			Value	Unit	t	Biological Reference interval
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECON	IMENDATIONS OF TSH LI	EVELS DURING PRE	GNANCY (µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3.Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)





TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	MD (Pat	n ay Chopra thology & Microbiology) an & Consultant Pathologis		(Pathology)
NAME AGE/ GENDER COLLECTED BY REFERRED BY BARCODE NO. CLIENT CODE. CLIENT ADDRESS	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA : 50 YRS/FEMALE : : : 01522746 : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LA : 6349/1, NICHOLSON		PATIENT ID REG. NO./LAB NO. REGISTRATION DATE COLLECTION DATE REPORTING DATE	: 1704964 : 012412210009 : 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM : 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM : 21/Dec/2024 11:38AM
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
INTERPRETATION:	SCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)			INSUFFICIENCY: 20.0 - 30.0 SUFFICIENCY: 30.0 - 100.0 TOXICITY: > 100.0
DEFIC		< 20 21 - 29		g/mL
INSUFF PREFFERE		30 - 100		g/mLg/mL
conversion of 7- dihva 2.25-OHVitamin D re tissue and tightly bou 3.Vitamin D plays a pi phosphate reabsorpti 4.Severe deficiency m DECREASED: 1.Lack of sunshine exi 2.Inadequate intake, 3.Depressed Hepatic ' 4.Secondarv to advan 5.Osteoporosis and Se 6.Enzyme Inducing dr INCREASED: 1. Hypervitaminosis D severe hypercalcemia CAUTION: Replacement	drocholecalciferol to Vi epresents the main bod nd by a transport prote- rimary role in the main- on, skeletal calcium de lay lead to failure to mi posure. malabsorption (celiac of Vitamin D 25- hydroxyla ced Liver disease econdary Hyperparathr- ugs: anti-epileptic drug is Rare, and is seen on and hyperphophatemia ht therapy in deficient i ndividuals as compare to	tamin D3 in the skin upon y resevoir and transport f ein while in circulation. tenance of calcium home position, calcium mobiliza neralize newly formed os lisease) ase activity oidism (Mild to Moderate s like phenytoin, phenoba ly after prolonged exposu a. ndividuals must be monit	a Ultraviolet exposure. orm of Vitamin D and trans ostatis. It promotes calciur ation, mainly regulated by a teoid in bone, resulting in r e deficiency) arbital and carbamazepine, ire to extremely high doses ored by periodic assessmer	Tecalciferol (from animals, Vitamin D3), or by port form of Vitamin D, being stored in adipose in absorption, renal calcium absorption and barathyroid harmone (PTH). ickets in children and osteomalacia in adults. that increases Vitamin D metabolism. of Vitamin D. When it occurs, it can result in at of Vitamin D levels in order to prevent <i>tiency due to excess of melanin pigment which</i>

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







	Dr. Vinay Cl MD (Pathology of Chairman & Con	& Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD O & Consultant	(Pathology)	
IAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA				
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT 1	D	: 1704964	
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./	LAB NO.	: 012412210009	
REFERRED BY		REGISTRA	TION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	COLLECTI		: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTIN		: 21/Dec/2024 12:02PM	
			UG DATE	. 21/Dec/2024 12.02FW	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTI			
Fest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN	3ALAMIN: SERUM Nescent microparticle immuno/	190.2 ASSAY)	pg/mL	190.0 - 830	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN NTERPRETATION:-	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	ASSAY)	10		
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA	ASSAY)	pg/mL REASED VITAMIN		
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN NTERPRETATION:-	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C	ASSAY)		<u>VB12</u>	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy		<u>VB12</u>	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitar 4.Hepatocellular in	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, And 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha	REASED VITAMIN	N B12	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitar 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ	NESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Ai 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis	REASED VITAMIN nti-convulsants rmones	<u>VB12</u>	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>INTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Ai 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis 6. Multiple Myelom	REASED VITAMIN nti-convulsants rmones	NB12	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia Vitamin B12 (coba	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A ıjury /e disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, An 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis 6. Multiple Myelom poiesis and normal neuronal fu	REASED VITAMIN nti-convulsants rmones a unction.	N B12	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, Ai 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis 6. Multiple Myelom poiesis and normal neuronal fu as and requires intrinsic factor	REASED VITAMIN nti-convulsants rmones a unction. r (IF) for absorp	N B12	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>INTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia I.Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v excreted.	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein ritamin B12 stores very economi	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, An 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis 6. Multiple Myelom poiesis and normal neuronal fu as and requires intrinsic factor cally, reabsorbing vitamin B12	econvulsants rmones a unction. (IF) for absorp from the ileun	N B12	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN <u>NTERPRETATION:-</u> INCREAS 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia .Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v excreted. .Vitamin B12 deficie	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein ritamin B12 stores very economi ency may be due to lack of IF sec	ASSAY) DECR 1.Pregnancy 2.DRUGS:Aspirin, An 3.Ethanol Igestion 4. Contraceptive Ha 5.Haemodialysis 6. Multiple Myelom poiesis and normal neuronal fu as and requires intrinsic factor cally, reabsorbing vitamin B12	econvulsants rmones a unction. (IF) for absorp from the ileun	N B12 , Colchicine 	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar 2.Ingestion of Vitar 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia I.Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v excreted. 4.Vitamin B12 deficie leal resection, smal 5.Vitamin B12 deficie	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C igen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein vitamin B12 stores very economi ency may be due to lack of IF sec l intestinal diseases). ency frequently causes macrocy	ASSAY)	ecased vitamin nti-convulsants rmones a unction. r (IF) for absorp from the ileun gastrectomy, g al neuropathy,	NB12 , Colchicine ,	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar 2.Ingestion of Vitar 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v excreted. 4.Vitamin B12 deficie leal resection, smal 5.Vitamin B12 deficie boroprioception, poor	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein ritamin B12 stores very economi ency may be due to lack of IF sec l intestinal diseases). ency frequently causes macrocy r coordination, and affective bef	ASSAY)	ecased vitamin nti-convulsants rmones a unction. r (IF) for absorp from the ileun gastrectomy, g al neuropathy,	NB12 , Colchicine ,	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitar 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitar 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia 1.Vitamin B12 (coba 2.In humans, it is ob 3.The body uses its v excreted. 4.Vitamin B12 deficie leal resection, smal 5.Vitamin B12 deficie foroprioception, poor the neurologic defec	VESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOA SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein ritamin B12 stores very economi ency may be due to lack of IF sec I intestinal diseases). ency frequently causes macrocy r coordination, and affective beh ts without macrocytic anemia.	ASSAY)	etased vitamin nti-convulsants rmones a unction. c (IF) for absorp from the ileun gastrectomy, g al neuropathy, festations may o	NB12 , Colchicine , other , astric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (equivalence weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of poccur in any combination; many patients have	
by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN INTERPRETATION:- INCREA: 1.Ingestion of Vitan 2.Ingestion of Estro 3.Ingestion of Vitan 4.Hepatocellular in 5.Myeloproliferativ 6.Uremia 1.Vitamin B12 (coba 3.The body uses its v excreted. 4.Vitamin B12 deficit lieal resection, smal 5.Vitamin B12 deficit proprioception, poor the neurologic defec 6.Serum methylmalc	SED VITAMIN B12 nin C gen nin A njury ve disorder lamin) is necessary for hematop tained only from animal protein ritamin B12 stores very economi ency may be due to lack of IF sec I intestinal diseases). ency frequently causes macrocy r coordination, and affective beh ts without macrocytic anemia. onic acid and homocysteine level	ASSAY)	EASED VITAMIN nti-convulsants rmones a unction. c (IF) for absorp 2 from the ileun gastrectomy, g al neuropathy, festations may of B12 deficiency	NB12 , Colchicine , and returning it to the liver; very little is astric atrophy) or intestinal malabsorption (eg weakness, hyperreflexia, ataxia, loss of pccur in any combination; many patients have	

NOTE:A normal serum concentration of vitamin B12 does not rule out tissue deficiency of vitamin B12. The most sensitive test for vitamin B12 deficiency at the cellular level is the assay for MMA. If clinical symptoms suggest deficiency, measurement of MMA and homocysteine should be considered, even if serum vitamin B12 concentrations are normal.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) UR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



Page 18 of 20





	Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons	Microbiology)	Dr. Yugam MD O & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT 1	ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO. /2	LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRA	TION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	:01522746	COLLECTI	ON DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTIN	NG DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 12:48PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	MBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		CLINICAL PATHO	LOGY	
	URINE ROI	UTINE & MICROSCOP	IC EXAMINA	ATION
PHYSICAL EXAMIN				
QUANTITY RECIEVE		10	ml	
COLOUR		AMBER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
TRANSPARANCY	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	CLEAR		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	1.01		1.002 - 1.030
CHEMICAL EXAMIN				
REACTION	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	ACIDIC		
PROTEIN	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	<=5.0		5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY.	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
UROBILINOGEN	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Normal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD		Negative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
ASCORBIC ACID	ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY MINATION	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
RED BLOOD CELLS (NEGATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com







Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mrs. ZEENAT RANA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 50 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1704964
COLLECTED BY	:	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012412210009
REFERRED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:16 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01522746	COLLECTION DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 09:18AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE	: 21/Dec/2024 12:48PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT			
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-3	/HPF	0 - 5
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-4	/HPF	ABSENT
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT

** End Of Report ***





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com

 www.koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com

