

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Mr. LAKSHAY ARORA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 18 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1732302
COLLECTED BY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012501230026
REFERRED BY	:		REGISTRATION DATE	: 23/Jan/2025 11:08 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01524293		COLLECTION DATE	: 23/Jan/2025 11:09AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 23/Jan/2025 12:08PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
		HAEM	ATOLOGY	
	COM		OOD COUNT (CBC)	
RED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES		(
HAEMOGLOBIN (HE		15.5	gm/dL	12.0 - 17.0
RED BLOOD CELL (F	RBC) COUNT	4.93	Millions	/cmm 3.50 - 5.00
PACKED CELL VOLU		45.9	%	40.0 - 54.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA		93	fL	80.0 - 100.0
	AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	31.5	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC)	33.9 ^L	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
RED CELL DISTRIBU	TION WIDTH (RDW-CV)	15.9	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBU	TION WIDTH (RDW-SD)	55.2	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX by calculated		18.86	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING IND by calculated	EX	30.05	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0
				IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CEL				4000 11000
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE by FLOW CYTOMETRY	COUNT (TLC) By SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	2660 ^L	/cmm	4000 - 11000
	LOOD CELLS (nRBCS) t hematology analyzer	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
•	LOOD CELLS (nRBCS) %	NIL	%	< 10 %





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Dr. Vinay Chopra



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC)				
NEUTROPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	32 ^L	%	50 - 70	
LYMPHOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	57 ^H	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	10	%	2 - 12	
BASOPHILS by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	%	0 - 1	
ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	851 ^L	/cmm	2000 - 7500	
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	1516	/cmm	800 - 4900	
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	27 ^L	/cmm	40 - 440	
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	266	/cmm	80 - 880	
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY	0	/cmm	0 - 110	
PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE	MARKERS.			
PLATELET COUNT (PLT) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	139000 ^L	/cmm	150000 - 450000	
PLATELETCRIT (PCT) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	0.15	%	0.10 - 0.36	
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	10	fL	6.50 - 12.0	
PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	38000	/cmm	30000 - 90000	
PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE	27.5	%	11.0 - 45.0	
PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by hydro dynamic focusing, electrical impedence	16.7	%	15.0 - 17.0	
ADVICE	KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY			

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

RECHECKED.



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference inter	val
	IMM	UNOPATHOL	OGY/SEROLOGY	ζ.	
		C-REACTIVE PR	OTEIN (CRP)		

and the recovery being earlier than ESR. Unlike ESR, CRP levels are not influenced by hematologic conditions like Anemia, Polycythemia etc., 5. Elevated values are consistent with an acute inflammatory process. NOTE:

Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) values are nonspecific and should not be interpreted without a complete clinical history.
 Oral contraceptives may increase CRP levels.

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



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		Chopra gy & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam C MD (Pa CEO & Consultant Pat	thology)	
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	v	VIDAL SLIDE AGGLU	FINATION TEST		
SALMONELLA TYPHI O		1:40	TITRE	1:80	
SALMONELLA TYP by SLIDE AGGLUTINA		1:40	TITRE	1:160	
SALMONELLA PAR by SLIDE AGGLUTINA		1:20	TITRE	1:160	
SALMONELLA PARATYPHI BH by slide agglutination		NIL	TITRE	1:160	

INTERPRETATION:

1. Titres of 1:80 or more for "O" agglutinin is considered significant.

2. Titres of 1:160 or more for "H" agglutinin is considered significant.

LIMITATIONS:

1. Agglutinins usually appear by 5th to 6th day of illness of enteric fever, hence a negative result in early stage is inconclusive. The titre then rises till 3rd or 4th week, after which it declines gradually.

2.Lower titres may be found in normal individuals.

3.A single positive result has less significance than the rising agglutination titre, since demonstration of rising titre four or more in 1st and 3rd week is considered as a definite evidence of infection.

4.A simultaneous rise in H agglutinins is suggestive of paratyphoid infection.

NOTE:

1. Individuals with prior infection or immunization with TAB vaccine may develop an ANAMNESTIC RESPONSE (False-Positive) during an unrelated fever *i.e* High titres of antibodies to various antigens. This may be differentiated by repitition of the test after a week.

2. The anamnestic response shows only a transient rise, while in enteric fever rise is sustained.

3.H agglutinins tend to persist for many months after vaccination but O agglutinins tend to disappear sooner i.e within 6 months. Therefore rise in Oagglutinins indicate recent infection.

*** End Of Report ***





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