



<b>Dr. Vinay Chop</b> MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul		Microbiology)	licrobiology) MD (		(Pathology)	
NAME	: Mrs. DIKSHA					
AGE/ GENDER	: 27 YRS/FEMALE	27 YRS/FEMALE F		: 17323	: 1732313	
COLLECTED BY	:			:01250	: <b>012501230029</b> : 23/Jan/2025 11:22 AM	
REFERRED BY	: CIVIL HOSPITAL (AMBALA C/			<b>TE</b> : 23/Jan		
BARCODE NO.	:01524296		COLLECTION DATE		: 23/Jan/2025 11:25AM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	REPORTING DATE			/2025 02:38PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A	AMBALA CANTT		. 20, 141		
Test Name		Value	Unit		Biological Reference interval	
	GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)	88.19	mg/	uL	60.00 - 140.00	
	AS PER AMERICAN					
REFERENCE GROUP Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years		G	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOGIB (HBAIC) in %			
At Risk (Prediabetes)			<5.7 - 6.4			
AI	Diagnosing Diabetes		>= 6.5			
	agnoshig Diaberes		Age > 19 Y	oarc		
Di			s of Therapy:	< 7.0		
Di	c goals for glycemic control			< 7.0 >8.0		

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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