

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopr MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta	robiology)		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. URAA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 19 YRS/FEMALE		PATIENT ID	: 1735683
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012501260028
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 26/Jan/2025 11:53 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01524459		COLLECTION DATE	: 26/Jan/2025 11:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		REPORTING DATE	: 26/Jan/2025 12:06PM
LIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AME	BALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
	SWAST	'HYA WE	LLNESS PANEL: 1.3	3
	COM	PLETE BL	OOD COUNT (CBC)	
ED BLOOD CELLS	(RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES			
IAEMOGLOBIN (HB	)	13.3	gm/dL	12.0 - 16.0
RED BLOOD CELL (R	BC) COUNT cusing, electrical impedence	4.18	Millions	<sup>/</sup> cmm 3.50 - 5.00
ACKED CELL VOLU	ME (PCV)	39.3	%	37.0 - 50.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER R VOLUME (MCV) TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	94	fL	80.0 - 100.0
AEAN CORPUSCULA	R HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	31.8	pg	27.0 - 34.0
MEAN CORPUSCULA	R HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	33.8	g/dL	32.0 - 36.0
ED CELL DISTRIBU	TION WIDTH (RDW-CV) TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	12.3	%	11.00 - 16.00
RED CELL DISTRIBU	TION WIDTH (RDW-SD) TOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	43.4	fL	35.0 - 56.0
MENTZERS INDEX		22.49	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < 13.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0
GREEN & KING INDI by CALCULATED	ΞX	27.64	RATIO	BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:< 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > 65.0
WHITE BLOOD CEL	L <u>S (WBCS)</u>			03.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE		3940 <sup>L</sup>	/cmm	4000 - 11000
UCLEATED RED BL	OOD CELLS (nRBCS) HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER	NIL		0.00 - 20.00
by AUTOMATED 6 PART				





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay Chopra

EXCELLENCE IN HEALTHCARE & DIAGNOSTICS

Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Miss. URAA AGE/ GENDER : 19 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** :1735683 **COLLECTED BY** :012501260028 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** : 26/Jan/2025 11:53 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01524459 **COLLECTION DATE** : 26/Jan/2025 11:55AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 26/Jan/2025 12:06PM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC) NEUTROPHILS** 52 % 50 - 70 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES 38 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY EOSINOPHILS 2 % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 8 % 2 - 12by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY **ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT** ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 2049 2000 - 7500 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 1497 800 - 4900 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 79 /cmm 40 - 440 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 315 /cmm 80 - 880 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT 0 /cmm 0 - 110 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 150000 - 450000 256000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) 0.23 % 0.10 - 0.36 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) fL 9 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE 30000 - 90000 PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 55000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE % PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) 21.311.0 - 45.0

16.3

PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE

ST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD



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%

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15.0 - 17.0





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Cest Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
ystemic lupus eryth ONDITION WITH LO	W ESR	hit the normal codimon	ation of red blood colle of	uch as a high red blood coll count
(polycythaemia), sig as sickle cells in sick <b>NOTE:</b> 1. ESR and C - reactiv 2. Generally, ESR do 3. <b>CRP is not affected</b> 4. If the ESR is eleval 5. Women tend to ha 5. Drugs such as dex	W ESR en with conditions that inhi nificantly high white blood le cell anaemia) also lower re protein (C-RP) are both n es not change as rapidly as I by as many other factors a red, it is typically a result of ave a higher ESR, and mensi	cell count (leucocytosis the ESR. does CRP, either at the sis ESR, making it a bett f two types of proteins, of truation and pregnancy of traceptives, penicillamir	) , and some protein abno start of inflammation or as <b>er marker of inflammatior</b> globulins or fibrinogen. can cause temporary eleva	1.





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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
	CL	INICAL CHEMIST	RY/BIOCHEMIST	'RY
		GLUCOSE	FASTING (F)	

KOS Diagnostic Lab (A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





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Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology)

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Test Name		Value	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE		1.24	RATIO	LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0
TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE	IDL RATIO: SERUM	0.58 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	3.00 - 5.00

# **INTERPRETATION:**

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

3. Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues. 4. NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





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MD (Pathology)

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**Biological Reference interval** 

Dr. Vinay Chopra Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** : Miss. URAA AGE/ GENDER : 19 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID COLLECTED BY** REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE BARCODE NO.** :01524459 **COLLECTION DATE** CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Value Unit Test Name LIVER FUNCTION TEST (COMPLETE)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL: SERUM 0.36 mg/dL INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 by DIAZOTIZATION, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40 BILIRUBIN DIRECT (CONJUGATED): SERUM 0.13 mg/dL by DIAZO MODIFIED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY BILIRUBIN INDIRECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM 0.23 mg/dL 0.10 - 1.00 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY 18.47.00 - 45.00 SGOT/AST: SERUM U/L by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE SGPT/ALT: SERUM 18.2 U/L 0.00 - 49.00 by IFCC, WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE AST/ALT RATIO: SERUM 1.01 RATIO 0.00 - 46.00 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: SERUM 51.86 U/L 40.0 - 130.0 by PARA NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL PROPANOL GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM U/L 0.00 - 55.0 9.47 by SZASZ, SPECTROPHTOMETRY TOTAL PROTEINS: SERUM 7.44 gm/dL 6.20 - 8.00 by BIURET, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY 3.91 ALBUMIN: SERUM gm/dL 3.50 - 5.50 by BROMOCRESOL GREEN 2.30 - 3.50 **GLOBULIN: SERUM** gm/dL 3.53<sup>H</sup> by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY A : G RATIO: SERUM 1.11 RATIO 1.00 - 2.00 by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

## INTERPRETATION

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE: - Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

# **INCREASED:**

DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY	> 2
ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	> 2 (Highly Suggestive)
CIRRHOSIS	1.4 - 2.0
INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS	> 1.5
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS	> 1.3 (Slightly Increased)

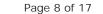


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## DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

NORMAL	< 0.65
GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN	0.3 - 0.6
POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN	1.2 - 1.6



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Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
	KIDNE	Y FUNCTION	TEST (COMPLETE)	
UREA: SERUM by UREASE - GLUTAMATE D		15.98	mg/dL	10.00 - 50.00
CREATININE: SERUM by ENZYMATIC, SPECTROPI		0.94	mg/dL	0.40 - 1.20
BLOOD UREA NITROGE by CALCULATED, SPECTRO		7.47	mg/dL	7.0 - 25.0
BLOOD UREA NITROGE RATIO: SERUM by CALCULATED, SPECTRO		7.95 <sup>L</sup>	RATIO	10.0 - 20.0
UREA/CREATININE RAT by CALCULATED, SPECTRO		17	RATIO	
URIC ACID: SERUM by URICASE - OXIDASE PER	OXIDASE	3.94	mg/dL	2.50 - 6.80
CALCIUM: SERUM by ARSENAZO III, SPECTRON	PHOTOMETRY	9.57	mg/dL	8.50 - 10.60
PHOSPHOROUS: SERUM by PHOSPHOMOLYBDATE, S		3.82	mg/dL	2.30 - 4.70
ELECTROLYTES SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELE		142.5	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
POTASSIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTIVE		4.77	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.00
CHLORIDE: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIVE ELECTIVE		106.88	mmol/L	90.0 - 110.0
	LAR FILTERATION RATE			
ESTIMATED GLOMERUI (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED INTERPRETATION:	AR FILTERATION RATE	89.6		

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON R	20AD, AMBALA CANT	Т				
Test Name		Value	Un	uit	Biologi	ical Reference	ce interva
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia	xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoi 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportiona superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUI	production) ds) <b>TININE LEVELS:</b> ately more than creati sease.				rome, high pro	
7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis ( 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (< 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERI CKD STAGE G1	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoi 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportiona superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUI osis. Id starvation. 2: creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtuall f inappropiate antidiuretic 0:1) WITH INCREASED CRE oy (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure sis (acetoacetate causes fa creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creati LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIP Normal kidne	production) ds) TININE LEVELS: ately more than creati sease. N : e diffuses out of extra y absent in blood). c harmone) due to tub ATININE: n of creatine to creatin b. alse increase in creatin tito). nine measurement). TION GFR (	nine) (e.g. obstructive acellular fluid). oular secretion of urea nine). nine with certain met <u>mL/min/1.73m2 )</u> >90	e uropathy) a. thodologies	resulting in nor, <b>ATED FINDINGS</b> proteinuria	rmal ratio who	
7. Urine reabsorption 3. Reduced muscle m 4. Certain drugs (e.g. <b>INCREASED RATIO (&gt;2</b> 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis ( 6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. <b>DECREASED RATIO (</b> 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients <b>INAPPROPIATE RATIO</b> 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther <b>ESTIMATED GLOMERL</b> <b>OKD STAGE</b>	(e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoi <b>0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA</b> (BUN rises disproportiona superimposed on renal dis <b>0:1) WITH DECREASED BUI</b> osis. Id starvation. by creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtuall f inappropiate antidiuretic <b>0:1) WITH INCREASED CRE</b> by (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure. creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creati LAR FILTERATION RATE: <u>DESCRIP</u> <u>Normal kidney</u>	production) ds) TININE LEVELS: ately more than creati sease. N : be diffuses out of extra y absent in blood). c harmone) due to tub ATININE: n of creatine to creatin b. dlse increase in creatin tio). nine measurement). TION GFR ( y function GFR (	nine) (e.g. obstructive acellular fluid). oular secretion of urea nine). nine with certain met	e uropathy) a. thodologies	,resulting in nor ATED FINDINGS proteinuria nce of Protein ,	rmal ratio who	
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	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbio Chairman & Consultant Pa	ology) ME	m <b>Chopra</b> D (Pathology) ht Pathologist
NAME	: Miss. URAA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 19 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1735683
COLLECTED BY	:	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012501260028
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 26/Jan/2025 11:53 AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01524459	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 26/Jan/2025 11:55AM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 26/Jan/2025 01:31PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA	CANTT	
Test Name	Va	lue Unit	Biological Reference interval

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated





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**Biological Reference interval** 

		h <b>opra</b> & Microbiology) nsultant Pathologist	Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. URAA			
AGE/ GENDER	: 19 YRS/FEMALE	PA	TIENT ID	: 1735683
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD	, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Refe
		IRON PR	OFILE	
IRON: SERUM		52.3	ug/dL	37.0 - 145.0

IRON: SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	52.3	µg/dL	37.0 - 145.0
UNSATURATED IRON BINDING CAPACITY (UIBC) SERUM by FERROZINE, SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	343.5 <sup>H</sup>	µg/dL	150.0 - 336.0
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC) SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY	395.8	µg/dL	230 - 430
%TRANSFERRIN SATURATION: SERUM by Calculated, spectrophotometery (ferene)	13.21 <sup>L</sup>	%	15.0 - 50.0
TRANSFERRIN: SERUM by SPECTROPHOTOMETERY (FERENE) INTERPRETATION:-	281.02	mg/dL	200.0 - 350.0

VARIABLES	ANEMIA OF CHRONIC DISEASE	IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA	THALASSEMIA α/β TRAIT
SERUM IRON:	Normal to Reduced	Reduced	Normal
TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY:	Decreased	Increased	Normal
% TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:	Decreased	Decreased < 12-15 %	Normal
SERUM FERRITIN:	Normal to Increased	Decreased	Normal or Increased
IDON.			

#### IRON

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB. AMBALA CANTT

1.Serum iron studies is recommended for differential diagnosis of microcytic hypochromic anemia.i.e iron deficiency anemia, zinc deficiency

anemia, anemia of chronic disease and thalassemia syndromes.
 It is essential to isolate iron deficiency anemia from Beta thalassemia syndromes because during iron replacement which is therapeutic for iron deficiency anemia, is severely contra-indicated in Thalassemia.
 **TOTAL IRON BINDING CAPACITY (TIBC):** It is a direct measure of protein transferrin which transports iron from the gut to storage sites in the bone marrow.

#### % TRANSFERRIN SATURATION:

1. Occurs in idiopathic hemochromatosis and transfusional hemosiderosis where no unsaturated iron binding capacity is available for iron mobilization. Similar condition is seen in congenital deficiency of transferrin.



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		Chopra y & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist		m Chopra D (Pathology) nt Pathologist
NAME	: Miss. URAA			
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CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB	]	REPORTING DATE	: 26/Jan/2025 02:39PM
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA	D, AMBALA CANTT		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Reference interva
			RINOLOGY FION TEST: TOTAL	
TRIIODOTHYRONI	NE (T3): SERUM IESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUN	1.052 (OASSAY)	ng/mL	0.35 - 1.93
THYROXINE (T4): S		7.6	μgm/d	L 4.87 - 13.20
	ATING HORMONE (TSH): SE iescent microparticle immun rasensitive		µIU/m.	L 0.50 - 5.50
day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai	measured serum TSH concentrations	s. TSH stimulates the prod	duction and secretion of the	pm. The variation is of the order of 50%.Hence time of metabolically active hormones, thyroxine (T4)and her underproduction (hypothyroidism) or
CLINICAL CONDITION	Т3		T4	TSH
Primary Hypothyroidis Subclinical Hypothyroi			Reduced Iormal or Low Normal	Increased (Significantly) High

#### LIMITATIONS:-

Primary Hyperthyroidism:

Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

Increased

Normal or High Normal

Reduced (at times undetectable)

Reduced

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTH	YRONINE (T3)	THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range (µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range (μIU/mL)	
0 - 7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6 – 12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	

Increased

Normal or High Normal





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	<b>Dr. Vinay Chopra</b> MD (Pathology & Microbiolog Chairman & Consultant Patho		(Pathology)
NAME	: Miss. URAA		
AGE/ GENDER	: 19 YRS/FEMALE	PATIENT ID	: 1735683
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CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CA	NTT	
Tost Nama	Value	Init	<b>Biological Deforance interval</b>

Test Name		Value Unit		Biological Reference inte		
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50	
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50	
> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
	RECOM	MENDATIONS OF TSH LE	VELS DURING PRE	GNANCY ( µIU/mL)		
	1st Trimester			0.10 - 2.50		
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

## **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





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TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



	Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolo Chairman & Consultant Path		Dr. Yugam MD O & Consultant	(Pathology)
NAME : Miss. UR	RAA			
AGE/ GENDER : 19 YRS/H	FEMALE	PATIENT I	D	: 1735683
COLLECTED BY :		<b>REG. NO.</b> /1	LAB NO.	: 012501260028
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<b>CLIENT CODE.</b> : KOS DIA	GNOSTIC LAB	REPORTIN	IG DATE	: 26/Jan/2025 01:24PM
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b> : 6349/1,	NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CA	ANTT		
Test Name	Valu	e	Unit	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	URINE ROUTINE &	CAL PATHO MICROSCOP		ATION
QUANTITY RECIEVED	10		ml	
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPECT		BER YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY			
TRANSPARANCY by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY HAZ	·Υ		CLEAR
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.01			1.002 - 1.030
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	TROPHOTOMETRY			
REACTION	ACII	DIC		
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	TROPHOTOMETRY			
PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC		ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	Neg	ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
pH by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	6.5			5.0 - 7.5
BILIRUBIN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	Neg	ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
NITRITE	Neg	ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC UROBILINOGEN by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	Nor	mal	EU/dL	0.2 - 1.0
KETONE BODIES by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	Neg	ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
BLOOD by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC	Neg	ative		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by DIP STICKREFLECTANCE SPEC ASCORBIC ACID by DIP STICK/REFLECTANCE SPEC MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIO	NEG TROPHOTOMETRY	ATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)	_	ATIVE (-ve)	/HPF	0 - 3



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Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval

.,				
PUS CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	2-4	/HPF	0 - 5	
EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	3-5	/HPF	ABSENT	
CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)	
TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT	

\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



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