NAME : Mrs. SUSHMA ANAND

AGE/ GENDER : 32 YRS/FEMALE PATIENT ID : 378732

COLLECTED BY : REG. NO./LAB NO. : 012502050054

 REFERRED BY
 : 05/Feb/2025 04:51 PM

 BARCODE NO.
 : 01525021
 COLLECTION DATE
 : 05/Feb/2025 04:53 PM

**CLIENT CODE.** : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** : 05/Feb/2025 06:58PM

**CLIENT ADDRESS**: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Test Name Value Unit Biological Reference interval

## HAEMATOLOGY

## **GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)**

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): 8.6 $^{\rm H}$  % 4.0 - 6.4

WHOLE BLOOD by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE PLASMA GLUCOSE **200.12<sup>H</sup>** mg/dL 60.00 - 140.00

by HPLC (HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY)

INTERPRETATION:

AS PER AMERICAN D	IABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA):	
REFERENCE GROUP	GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGL	OGIB (HBAIC) in %
Non diabetic Adults >= 18 years	<5.7	
At Risk (Prediabetes)	5.7 – 6.4	
Diagnosing Diabetes	>= 6.5	
Therapeutic goals for glycemic control	Age > 19 Years	
	Goals of Therapy:	< 7.0
	Actions Suggested:	>8.0
	Age < 19 Years	
	Goal of therapy:	<7.5

## COMMENTS:

- 1. Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients.
- 2. Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.
- 3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

  4. High
- HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications
- 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.
- 6.HbÁ1c results from patients with HbŚS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.
- 7. Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.



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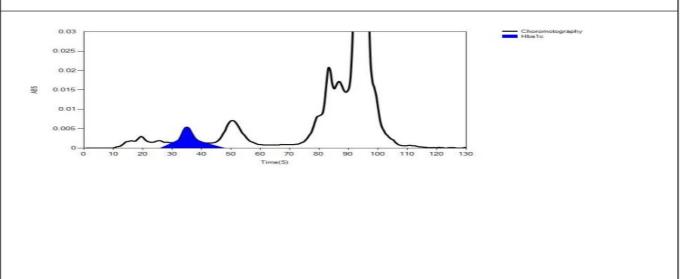
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**Test Name Value** Unit **Biological Reference interval** 

## LIFOTRONIC Graph Report

Name :	Case:	Patient Type :	Test Date: 05/02/2025 20:25:33
Age:	Department:	Sample Type: Whole Blood EDTA	Sample ld: 01525021
Gender:			Total Area: 7279

Peak Name	Retention Time(s)	Absorbance	Area	Result (Area %)
HbA0	69	1875	6135	79.4
HbA1c	37	71	661	8.6
La1c	25	54	283	3.7
HbF	18	19	26	0.3
Hba1b	14	30	102	1.3
Hba1a	11	19	72	0.9



\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

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