

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)



Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME : Mrs. RAJNI BHASIN

AGE/ GENDER : 58 YRS/FEMALE **PATIENT ID** : 1750829

COLLECTED BY : 012502090035 REG. NO./LAB NO.

REFERRED BY **REGISTRATION DATE** : 09/Feb/2025 11:08 AM BARCODE NO. :01525214 **COLLECTION DATE** :09/Feb/2025 11:10AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB REPORTING DATE :09/Feb/2025 12:17PM

CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Value Unit **Biological Reference interval Test Name**

CLINICAL CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY GLUCOSE FASTING (F)

GLUCOSE FASTING (F): PLASMA NORMAL: < 100.0 107.44^H mg/dL

by GLUCOSE OXIDASE - PEROXIDASE (GOD-POD) PREDIABETIC: 100.0 - 125.0

DIABETIC: > 0R = 126.0

INTERPRETATION
IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

1. A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.

2. A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.



CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST





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CLIENT ADDRESS : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT

Unit **Test Name Value Biological Reference interval**

ENDOCRINOLOGY

THYROID FUNCTION TEST: FREE

FREE TRIIODOTHYRONINE (FT3): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	3.23	pg/mL	1.60 - 3.90
FREE THYROXINE (FT4): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	1.14	ng/dL	0.70 - 1.50
THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)	1.39	μIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50

3rd GENERATION, ULTRASENSITIVE

INTERPREATION:

- 1. FT3 & FT4 are metabolic active form of thyroid harmones and correlate much better with clinical condition of the patient as compared to Total T4 levels. High FT3 & FT4 with normal TSH Levels and abnormal thyroid function (Total Thyroid) can occasionally be seen in cases of PERIPHERAL THYROID HARMONE RESISTANCE
- 2. TSH levels are subjected to circardian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 a.m and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 %. Hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentration.

INCREASED TSH LEVELS

- 1. Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by depressed serum FT3 & FT4 values and elevated serum TSH levels. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.
- 2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.
- 3. Hashimotos thyroiditis
- DRUGS: Amphetamines, idonie containing agents & dopamine antagonist.
 Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

- Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by elevated serum FT3 & FT4 values along with depressed TSH levels.
 Toxic multi-nodular goitre & Thyroiditis.
 Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

- 3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma
- 4. Secondary pituatary or hypothalmic hypothyroidism
- 5. Acute psychiatric illness
- Severe dehydration.
 DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.
 Pregnancy: 1st Trimester

NOTE:

1. High FT3 levels accompanied by normal FT4 levels and depressed TSH levels may be seen T3 thyrotoxicosis, central hypothyroidism occurs due to pituitary or thalamic malfunction

2. Secondary & Tertlary hypothyroidism, this relatively rare but important condition is indicated by presence of low serum FT3 and FT4 levels, in conjugation with TSH levels that are paradoxically either low/normal or are not elevated to levels that are expected.

*** End Of Report ***



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