

Dr. Vinay Chopra
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra
 MD (Pathology)
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

NAME	: Mr. TARUN	PATIENT ID	: 1751353
AGE/ GENDER	: 26 YRS/MALE	REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502100025
COLLECTED BY	:	REGISTRATION DATE	: 10/Feb/2025 11:31 AM
REFERRED BY	: ROTARY HOSPITAL (AMBALA CANTT)	COLLECTION DATE	: 10/Feb/2025 11:33AM
BARCODE NO.	: 01525267	REPORTING DATE	: 10/Feb/2025 01:00PM
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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ENDOCRINOLOGY LUTEINISING HORMONE (LH)

LUTEINISING HORMONE (LH): SERUM
 by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT PARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

19.3^H mIU/mL

MALES: 0.57 - 12.07
 FOLLICULAR PHASE: 1.80 - 11.78
 MID-CYCLE PEAK: 7.59 - 89.08
 LUTEAL PHASE: 0.56 - 14.0
 POST MENOPAUSAL WITHOUT HRT: 5.16 - 61.99

INTERPRETATION:

1. Luteinizing hormone (LH) is a glycoprotein hormone consisting of 2 non covalently bound subunits (alpha and beta). Gonadotropin-releasing hormone from the hypothalamus controls the secretion of the gonadotropins, FSH and LH, from the anterior pituitary.
2. In both males and females, LH is essential for reproduction. In females, the menstrual cycle is divided by a mid cycle surge of both LH and FSH into a follicular phase and a luteal phase.
3. This "LH surge" triggers ovulation thereby not only releasing the egg, but also initiating the conversion of the residual follicle into a corpus luteum that, in turn, produces progesterone to prepare the endometrium for a possible implantation.
4. LH supports thecal cells in the ovary that provide androgens and hormonal precursors for estradiol production. LH in males acts on testicular interstitial cells of Leydig to cause increased synthesis of testosterone.

The test is useful in the following situations:

1. An adjunct in the evaluation of menstrual irregularities.
2. Evaluating patients with suspected hypogonadism
3. Predicting ovulation & Evaluating infertility
4. Diagnosing pituitary disorders
5. In both males and females, primary hypogonadism results in an elevation of basal follicle-stimulating hormone and luteinizing hormone levels.

FSH AND LH ELEVATED IN:

1. Primary gonadal failure
2. Complete testicular feminization syndrome
3. Precocious puberty (either idiopathic or secondary to a central nervous system lesion)
4. Menopause
5. Primary ovarian hypo dysfunction in females
6. Polycystic ovary disease in females
7. Primary hypogonadism in males

LH IS DECREASED IN:

1. Primary ovarian hyper function in females
2. Primary hypergonadism in males

NOTE

1. FSH and LH are both decreased in failure of the pituitary or hypothalamus.





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FOLLICLE STIMULATING HORMONE (FSH)

FOLLICLE STIMULATING HORMONE (FSH): SERUM by CLIA (CHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	5.47	mIU/mL	FEMALE FOLLICULAR PHASE: 3.03 - 8.08 FEMALE MID-CYCLE PEAK: 2.55 - 16.69 FEMALE LUTEAL PHASE: 1.38 - 5.47 FEMALE POST-MENOPAUSAL: 26.72 - 133.41 MALE: 0.95 - 11.95
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INTERPRETATION:

1. Gonadotropin-releasing hormone from the hypothalamus controls the secretion of the gonadotropins, follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) and luteinizing hormone (LH) from the anterior pituitary.
2. The menstrual cycle is divided by a midcycle surge of both FSH and LH into a follicular phase and a luteal phase.
3. FSH appears to control gametogenesis in both males and females.

The test is useful in the following settings:

1. An adjunct in the evaluation of menstrual irregularities.
2. Evaluating patients with suspected hypogonadism.
3. Predicting ovulation
4. Evaluating infertility
5. Diagnosing pituitary disorders
6. In both males and females, primary hypogonadism results in an elevation of basal follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) and luteinizing hormone (LH) levels.

FSH and LH LEVELS ELEVATED IN:

1. Primary gonadal failure
2. Complete testicular feminization syndrome.
3. Precocious puberty (either idiopathic or secondary to a central nervous system lesion)
4. Menopause (postmenopausal FSH levels are generally >40 IU/L)
5. Primary ovarian hypofunction in females
6. Primary hypogonadism in males

NOTE:

1. Normal or decreased FSH is seen in polycystic ovarian disease in females
2. FSH and LH are both decreased in failure of the pituitary or hypothalamus.





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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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TESTOSTERONE: TOTAL

TESTOSTERONE - TOTAL: SERUM	4.37	ng/mL	0.47 - 9.80
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by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)

INTERPRETATION:

1. Testosterone is secreted in females by the ovary and formed indirectly from androstenedione in adrenal glands.
2. In males it is secreted by the testes. It circulates in blood bound largely to sex hormone binding globulin (SHBG). Less than 1% of the total testosterone is in the free form.
3. The bioavailable fraction includes the free form and that "weakly bound" to albumin (40% of the total in men and 20% of the total in women) and bound to cortisol binding globulin (CBG). It is the most potent circulating androgenic hormone.
4. The total testosterone bound to SHBG fluctuates since SHBG levels are affected by medication, disease, sex steroids and insulin.

CLINIC USE:

1. Assessment of testicular functions in males
2. Management of hirsutism and virilization in females

INCREASED LEVELS:

1. Precocious puberty (Males)
2. Androgen resistance
3. Testotoxicosis
4. Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia
5. Polycystic ovarian disease
7. Ovarian tumors

DECREASED LEVELS:

1. Delayed puberty (Males)
2. Gonadotropin deficiency
3. Testicular defects
4. Systemic diseases




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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

SEMEN ANALYSIS/SEMINOGRAM

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION


TIME OF SPECIMEN COLLECTION	10-02-2025	AM/PM	
DURATION OF ABSTINENCE	3 DAYS	DAYS	2 - 7
TYPE OF SAMPLE	FRESH		
LIQUIFACTION TIME AT 37°C	<30 MINS	MINS	30 - 60
VOLUME	1	ML	
COLOUR	WHITISH OPAQUE		WHITISH OPAQUE
VISCOSITY	VISCOUS		VISCOUS
pH	8 ^H		5.0 - 7.5

AUTOMATED SEMEN ANALYSIS, GOLD STANDARD, WHO APPROVED (SQA GOLD)

TOTAL SPERM CONCENTRATION	20.6	Millions/mL	12 - 16
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
TOTAL MOTILITY (GRADE A + GRADE B + GRADE C)	40	%	> = 42.0
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
RAPIDLY PROGRESSIVE MOTILITY (GRADE A)	4	%	> = 30.0
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
SLOWLY PROGRESSIVE MOTILITY (GRADE B)	7	%	>= 30
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
NON PROGRESSIVE MOTILITY (GRADE C)	29	%	<= 1
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
IMMOTILE	60	%	
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
MORPHOLOGY NORMAL	2	%	> = 4.0
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
MOTILE SPERM CONCENTRATION	8.2	Millions/mL	> = 6.0
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
RAPIDLY PROGRESSIVE MOTILE SPERM CONCENTRATION	0.8	Millions/mL	> = 5.0
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
SLOWLY PROGRESSIVE MOTILE SPERM CONCENTRATION	1.5	Millions/mL	
<i>by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM</i>			
FUNCTIONAL SPERM CONCENTRATION	0.1	Millions/mL	




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by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM VELOCITY (AVERAGE PATH VELOCITY)	9	Mic/sec	> = 5
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM SPERM MOTILE INDEX (SMI)	18		> = 80
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM TOTAL PER EJACULATION			
TOTAL SPERM NUMBER	20.6	Millions/ejc.	> = 39.0
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM TOTAL MOTILE SPERM	0.2	Millions/ejc.	> = 16.0
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM TOTAL PROGRESSIVE MOTILE SPERM	2.2	Millions/ejc.	> = 12.0
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM TOTAL FUNCTIONAL SPERM	0.1	Millions/ejc.	
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM TOTAL MORPHOLOGY NORMAL SPERM	0.4	Millions/ejc.	> = 2.0
by ELECTRO-OPTICS SIGNAL & COMPUTER ALOGRITHM MANUAL MICROSCOPY AND MORPHOLOGY			
VITALITY	67	%	
by MICROSCOPY RED BLOOD CELLS (RBCs)	NOT DETECTED	/HPF	NOT DETECTED
by MICROSCOPY PUS CELLS	2-4	/HPF	0 - 5
by MICROSCOPY AGGLUTINATES	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED
by MICROSCOPY AMORPHOUS DEPOSITS/ROUND CELLS/DEBRIS	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED
by MICROSCOPY BACTERIA	NEGATIVE (-ve)		NEGATIVE (-ve)
by MICROSCOPY HEAD DEFECTS	38	%	
by MICROSCOPY PIN HEADS	9	%	
by MICROSCOPY NECK AND MID-PIECE DEFECTS	29	%	
by MICROSCOPY TAIL DEFECTS	19	%	
by MICROSCOPY			




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CYTOPLASMIC DROPLETS
 by MICROSCOPY

2 %

ACROSOME/NUCLEUS DEFECTS
 by MICROSCOPY

1 %

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

SEMEN FRUCTOSE (QUALITATIVE)
 by QUALITATIVE METHOD USING RESORCINOL

POSITIVE (+ve)

POSITIVE (+ve)

INTERPRETATION:

1. Fructose is the energy source for sperm motility. A positive fructose is considered normal.
 2. Azoospermia and fructose negative results may indicate an absence of seminal vesicles / vas deferens in the area of seminal vesicles / obstruction of seminal vesicles.

*** End Of Report ***




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