

TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.



| | Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micr Chairman & Consultar | obiology) | Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | P | ATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | R | EG. NO./LAB NO. | :012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | R | EGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | | OLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | EPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 10:40AM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMB/ | ALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | SWAST | HYA WEL | LNESS PANEL: GI | r |
| | COMP | PLETE BLO | OD COUNT (CBC) | |
| RED BLOOD CELLS | (RBCS) COUNT AND INDICES | | 02 000111 (020) | |
| HAEMOGLOBIN (HE | | 17.7 ^H | gm/dL | 12.0 - 17.0 |
| by CALORIMETRIC RED BLOOD CELL (I | DDC) COUNT | | Ŭ | (amm 2.50 5.00 |
| by HYDRO DYNAMIC F | CUUNT CUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE | 5.91 ^H | Millions/ | /cmm 3.50 - 5.00 |
| PACKED CELL VOLU | IME (PCV) UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 51.8 | % | 40.0 - 54.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCULA | AR VOLUME (MCV) | 87.6 | fL | 80.0 - 100.0 |
| MEAN CORPUSCUL | UTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER AR HAEMOGLOBIN (MCH) | 30 | pg | 27.0 - 34.0 |
| | AR HEMOGLOBIN CONC. (MCHC) | 34.2 | g/dL | 32.0 - 36.0 |
| by CALCULATED BY A | JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | | ^o | |
| | JTION WIDTH (RDW-CV) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 15.1 | % | 11.00 - 16.00 |
| RED CELL DISTRIBU | JTION WIDTH (RDW-SD) JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 49.9 | fL | 35.0 - 56.0 |
| MENTZERS INDEX | JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 14.82 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT: < |
| by CALCULATED | | | | 13.0 |
| | | | | IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: >13.0 |
| GREEN & KING IND | EX | 22.42 | RATIO | BETA THALASSEMIA TRAIT:<= |
| by CALCULATED | | | | 65.0 IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA: > |
| | | | | 65.0 |
| WHITE BLOOD CEI | | | | |
| FOTAL LEUCOCYTE | COUNT (TLC) BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY | 8990 | /cmm | 4000 - 11000 |
| NUCLEATED RED B | LOOD CELLS (nRBCS) | NIL | | 0.00 - 20.00 |
| | t hematology analyzer LOOD CELLS (nRBCS) % | NIL | % | < 10 % |
| | JTOMATED HEMATOLOGY ANALYZER | 1111 | 70 | × 10 /0 |
| ., | | | | |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Yugam Chopra

MD (Pathology & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist **CEO & Consultant Pathologist** NAME : Mr. BALTAR SINGH AGE/ GENDER : 49 YRS/MALE **PATIENT ID** :1755301 **COLLECTED BY** :012502130010 REG. NO./LAB NO. **REFERRED BY REGISTRATION DATE** :13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM **BARCODE NO.** :01525416 **COLLECTION DATE** :13/Feb/202509:38AM CLIENT CODE. : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB **REPORTING DATE** :13/Feb/202510:40AM **CLIENT ADDRESS** : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT Test Name Value Unit **Biological Reference interval DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT (DLC) NEUTROPHILS** 53 % 50 - 70 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES 33 % 20 - 40 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY 7H EOSINOPHILS % 1 - 6 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY MONOCYTES 7 % 2 - 12by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY BASOPHILS 0 % 0 - 1 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY **ABSOLUTE LEUKOCYTES (WBC) COUNT** ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT 4765 2000 - 7500 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT 2967 800 - 4900 /cmm by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 629^H /cmm 40 - 440 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 629 /cmm 80 - 880 by FLOW CYTOMETRY BY SF CUBE & MICROSCOPY PLATELETS AND OTHER PLATELET PREDICTIVE MARKERS. PLATELET COUNT (PLT) 150000 - 450000 215000 /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELETCRIT (PCT) % 0.29 0.10 - 0.36 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) 13^H fL. 6.50 - 12.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL COUNT (P-LCC) 30000 - 90000 109000^H /cmm by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET LARGE CELL RATIO (P-LCR) 50.6^H % 11.0 - 45.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (PDW) % 16.415.0 - 17.0 by HYDRO DYNAMIC FOCUSING, ELECTRICAL IMPEDENCE NOTE: TEST CONDUCTED ON EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

Dr. Vinay Chopra



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



Page 2 of 18





| | Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul | icrobiology) | Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) |
|-----------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATI | ENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. 1 | NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGIS | STRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | COLL | ECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPO | RTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 02:26PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM | IBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interva |
| WHOLE BLOOD | EMOGLOBIN (HbA1c): | YLATED HAEMO 6 | GLOBIN (HBA1) % | 4.0 - 6.4 |
| ESTIMATED AVERA | RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) GE PLASMA GLUCOSE RMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY) | 125.5 | mg/dL | 60.00 - 140.00 |
| | AS PER AMERICAN DI | ABETES ASSOCIATION | (ADA): | |
| | REFERENCE GROUP | GLYCOSY | LATED HEMOGLOGIB | (HBAIC) in % |
| | abetic Adults >= 18 years | / | <5.7 | |
| | t Risk (Prediabetes) | | 5.7 - 6.4 | |
| D | iagnosing Diabetes | - | >= 6.5 Age > 19 Years | |
| | | Goals of The | | < 7.0 |
| Therapeut | ic goals for glycemic control | Actions Sugge | | >8.0 |
| Therapeut | ic goals for glycemic control | Actions Sugge Goal of ther | Age < 19 Years | >8.0 |

KOS Diagnostic Lab

(A Unit of KOS Healthcare)

COMMENTS:

1.Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) test is three monthly monitoring done to assess compliace with therapeutic regimen in diabetic patients. 2.Since Hb1c reflects long term fluctuations in blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who has recently under good control may still have high concentration of HbAlc. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

3. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targetting a goal of < 7.0% may not be appropriate.

4.High HbA1c (>9.0 -9.5 %) is strongly associated with risk of development and rapid progression of microvascular and nerve complications 5.Any condition that shorten RBC life span like acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia falsely lower HbA1c results.

6.HbA1c results from patients with HbSS,HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes including anemia, increased red cell turnover, and transfusion requirement that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term gycemic control.

7.Specimens from patients with polycythemia or post-splenctomy may exhibit increse in HbA1c values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | | & Microbiology) | gam Chopra MD (Pathology) Itant Pathologist |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DAT | TE : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 11:07AM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD |), AMBALA CANTT | |
| Test Name | | Value Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| INTERPRETATION: 1. ESR is a non-speci | fic test because an elevated res | ult often indicates the presence of inflam ioner exactly where the inflammation is i | mation associated with infection, cancer and auto- |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)

 KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 KOS Molecular Lab: IInd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana

 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898
 care@koshealthcare.com
 www.koshealthcare.com



Page 4 of 18





| | Dr. Vinay Cho MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cons | Microbiology) | Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PAT | IENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. | NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REG | STRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | COLL | LECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REP | DRTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 03:49PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, A | MBALA CANTT | | |
| | | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| Test Name | PROTH | Value IROMBIN TIME S | | |
| |) | | | |
| PT TEST (PATIENT |) CLOT DETECTION | IROMBIN TIME S | STUDIES (PT/IN | R) |
| PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c PT (CONTROL) by photo optical c | CLOT DETECTION | IROMBIN TIME S 24.21 ^H | STUDIES (PT/IN SECS | R) |
| PT TEST (PATIENT by photo optical c PT (CONTROL) by photo optical c ISI by photo optical c | CLOT DETECTION CLOT DETECTION CLOT DETECTION NORMALISED RATIO (INR) | IROMBIN TIME S 24.21 ^H 12 | STUDIES (PT/IN SECS | R) |

INTERPRETATION:-

1.INR is the parameter of choice in monitoring adequacy of oral anti-coagulant therapy. Appropriate therapeutic range varies with the disease and treatment intensity.

2. Prolonged INR suggests potential bleeding disorder /bleeding complications

3. Results should be clinically correlated.

4. Test conducted on Citrated Plasma

| RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC RANGE FOR INDICATION | UKAL ANTI-UU | RAPY (INR) VAL NORMALIZED RATIC (INR) |
|--|----------------|---|
| Treatment of venous thrombosis | | |
| Treatment of pulmonary embolism | | |
| Prevention of systemic embolism in tissue heart valves | | |
| Valvular heart disease | Low Intensity | 2.0 - 3.0 |
| Acute myocardial infarction | | |
| Atrial fibrillation | | |
| Bileaflet mechanical valve in aortic position | | |
| Recurrent embolism | | |
| Mechanical heart valve | High Intensity | 2.5 - 3.5 |
| Antiphospholipid antibodies ⁺ | | |
| COMMENTS: | | |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Micro Chairman & Consultant | obiology) MD | n Chopra 9 (Pathology) 1t Pathologist |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 03:49PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBA | LA CANTT | |

The prothrombin time (PT) and its derived measures of prothrombin ratio (PR) and international normalized ratio (INR) are measures of the efficacy of the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. PT test reflects the adequacy of factors I (fibrinogen), II (prothrombin), V, VII, and X. It is used in conjunction with the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) which measures the intrinsic pathway. The common causes of prolonged prothrombin time are :

1.Oral Anticoagulant therapy.

2.Liver disease.

3.Vit K. deficiency.

4.Disseminated intra vascular coagulation.

5.Factor 5, 7, 10 or Prothrombin dificiency



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | | y & Microbiology) Consultant Pathologist | MD (CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) Pathologist |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATI | ENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. | NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGI | STRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | COLL | ECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPO | RTING DATE | :13/Feb/202511:17AM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROA | AD, AMBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | CLIN | NICAL CHEMISTRY | /BIOCHEMIST | RY |
| | | GLUCOSE FAST | FING (F) | |
| | | 113.69 ^H | mg/dL | NORMAL: < 100.0 |

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION GUIDELINES:

A fasting plasma glucose level below 100 mg/dl is considered normal.
 A fasting plasma glucose level between 100 - 125 mg/dl is considered as glucose intolerant or prediabetic. A fasting and post-prandial blood test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients.

test (after consumption of 75 gms of glucose) is recommended for all such patients. 3. A fasting plasma glucose level of above 125 mg/dl is highly suggestive of diabetic state. A repeat post-prandial is strongly recommended for all such patients. A fasting plasma glucose level in excess of 125 mg/dl on both occasions is confirmatory for diabetic state.





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST

MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | MD (Pathology | hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Pathologist | | (Pathology) |
|--|--------------------------|--|-------------------|---|
| AME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| GE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE |] | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| OLLECTED BY | : | 1 | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| EFERRED BY | : | 1 | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| ARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| LIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB |] | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| LIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAI | D, AMBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | | I IPID PRO | FILE : BASIC | |
| HOLESTEROL TOTA | VI · SEDIM | 109.28 | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 200.0 |
| by CHOLESTEROL OXIL | | 105.28 | ilig/ uL | BORDERLINE HIGH: 200.0 - |
| | | | | 239.0 |
| | | | | HIGH CHOLESTEROL: > OR = 240.0 |
| RIGLYCERIDES: SE | RUM | 80.29 | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 150.0 |
| by GLYCEROL PHOSPH | ATE OXIDASE (ENZYMATIC) | | | BORDERLINE HIGH: 150.0 - |
| | | | | 199.0 HIGH: 200.0 - 499.0 |
| | | | | VERY HIGH: > OR = 500.0 |
| IDL CHOLESTEROL | | 40.22 | mg/dL | LOW HDL: < 30.0 |
| by SELECTIVE INHIBITIO | N | | | BORDERLINE HIGH HDL: 30.0 60.0 |
| | | | | HIGH HDL: $> OR = 60.0$ |
| DL CHOLESTEROL: | | 53 | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 100.0 |
| by CALCULATED, SPEC | TROPHOTOMETRY | | | ABOVE OPTIMAL: 100.0 - 129. BORDERLINE HIGH: 130.0 - |
| | | | | 159.0 |
| | | | | HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 VERY HIGH: > OR = 190.0 |
| ION HDL CHOLESTE | EROL: SERUM | 69.06 | mg/dL | OPTIMAL: < 130.0 |
| by CALCULATED, SPEC | | | | ABOVE OPTIMAL: 130.0 - 159. |
| | | | | BORDERLINE HIGH: 160.0 - 189.0 |
| | | | | HIGH: 190.0 - 219.0 |
| | | | | VERY HIGH: $> OR = 220.0$ |
| LDL CHOLESTEROI by CALCULATED, SPEC | | 16.06 | mg/dL | 0.00 - 45.00 |
| OTAL LIPIDS: SERU | | 298.85^L | mg/dL | 350.00 - 700.00 |
| by CALCULATED, SPEC | | | DATIO | I OW DICK. 2 20 4 40 |
| HOLESTEROL/HDL by CALCULATED, SPEC | | 2.72 | RATIO | LOW RISK: 3.30 - 4.40 AVERAGE RISK: 4.50 - 7.0 |
| | | | | MODERATE RISK: 7.10 - 11.0 |
| | | | | HIGH RISK: > 11.0 |

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

65

P.3.1

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

yhora

KOS Central Lab: 6349/1, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana KOS Molecular Lab: Ilnd Floor, Parry Hotel, Staff Road, Opp. GPO, Ambala Cantt -133 001, Haryana 0171-2643898, +91 99910 43898 | care@koshealthcare.com | www.koshealthcare.com



TEST PERFORMED AT KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB, AMBALA CANTT.





| | · · · · · · | hopra & Microbiology) onsultant Patholog | | (Pathology) |
|--|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD |), AMBALA CANT | Т | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| LDL/HDL RATIO: S by CALCULATED, SPE | | 1.32 | RATIO | LOW RISK: 0.50 - 3.0 MODERATE RISK: 3.10 - 6.0 HIGH RISK: > 6.0 |
| TRIGLYCERIDES/H by CALCULATED, SPE | IDL RATIO: SERUM | 2 ^L | RATIO | 3.00 - 5.00 |

INTERPRETATION:

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NLA-2014 guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is recommended.

 Low HDL levels are associated with increased risk for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.
 NLA-2014 identifies Non HDL Cholesterol (an indicator of all atherogeniclipoproteins such as LDL, VLDL, IDL, Lpa, Chylomicron remnants) along with LDL-cholesterol as co- primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy. Note that major risk factors can modify treatment goals for LDL & Non HDL

5. Additional testing for Apolipoprotein B, hsCRP,Lp(a) & LP-PLA2 should be considered among patients with moderate risk for ASCVD for risk refinement





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consult | crobiology) | | (Pathology) |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM | BALA CANTT | 2 | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| BILIRUBIN DIRECT by DIAZO MODIFIED, S BILIRUBIN INDIRE | PECTROPHOTOMETRY Γ (CONJUGATED): SERUM SPECTROPHOTOMETRY ECT (UNCONJUGATED): SERUM ECTROPHOTOMETRY | 2.07 ^H 0.62 ^H 1.45 ^H 52.6 ^H | mg/dL mg/dL mg/dL U/L | INFANT: 0.20 - 8.00 ADULT: 0.00 - 1.20 0.00 - 0.40 0.10 - 1.00 7.00 - 45.00 |
| | RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 52.6** | 07 L | 7.00 - 43.00 |
| SGPT/ALT: SERUM | [/RIDOXAL PHOSPHATE | 77.1 ^H | U/L | 0.00 - 49.00 |
| AST/ALT RATIO: S | | 0.68 | RATIO | 0.00 - 46.00 |
| ALKALINE PHOSPI by PARA NITROPHEN PROPANOL | HATASE: SERUM IYL PHOSPHATASE BY AMINO METHYL | 194.33 ^H | U/L | 40.0 - 130.0 |
| GAMMA GLUTAMY by SZASZ, SPECTRO | L TRANSFERASE (GGT): SERUM PHTOMETRY | 164.01 ^H | U/L | 0.00 - 55.0 |
| TOTAL PROTEINS: by BIURET, SPECTRO | | 7.11 | gm/dL | 6.20 - 8.00 |
| ALBUMIN: SERUM | | 4.03 | gm/dL | 3.50 - 5.50 |
| GLOBULIN: SERUN by CALCULATED, SPE | 1 ECTROPHOTOMETRY | 3.08 | gm/dL | 2.30 - 3.50 |
| A : G RATIO: SERU | M ectrophotometry | 1.31 | RATIO | 1.00 - 2.00 |

by CALCULATED, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

NOTE:- To be correlated in individuals having SGOT and SGPT values higher than Normal Referance Range. USE:- Differential diagnosis of diseases of hepatobiliary system and pancreas.

INCREASED:

| DRUG HEPATOTOXICITY | > 2 |
|--|----------------------------|
| ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS | > 2 (Highly Suggestive) |
| CIRRHOSIS | 1.4 - 2.0 |
| INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTATIS | > 1.5 |
| HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA & CHRONIC HEPATITIS | > 1.3 (Slightly Increased) |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)



INTERPRETATION





| | Dr. Vinay Chopi MD (Pathology & Mid Chairman & Consulta | crobiology) MI | m Chopra D (Pathology) ht Pathologist |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMI | BALA CANTT | |
| Test Name | | Value Unit | Biological Reference interval |

DECREASED:

1. Acute Hepatitis due to virus, drugs, toxins (with AST increased 3 to 10 times upper limit of normal)

2. Extra Hepatic cholestatis: 0.8 (normal or slightly decreased).

PROGNOSTIC SIGNIFICANCE:

| NORMAL | < 0.65 |
|----------------------|-----------|
| GOOD PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 0.3 - 0.6 |
| POOR PROGNOSTIC SIGN | 1.2 - 1.6 |
| | |



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | Dr. Vinay Chop MD (Pathology & M Chairman & Consul | licrobiology) | Dr. Yugam MD CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | P | ATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | R | EG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | R | EGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | C | OLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | R | EPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM | IBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interva |
| | KIDNE | Y FUNCTION | TEST (COMPLETE) | |
| UREA: SERUM | | 40.17 | mg/dL | 10.00 - 50.00 |
| CREATININE: SER | NATE DEHYDROGENASE (GLDH) IIM | 0.94 | mg/dL | 0.40 - 1.40 |
| by ENZYMATIC, SPEC | CTROPHOTOMETERY | | | |
| | ROGEN (BUN): SERUM | 18.77 | mg/dL | 7.0 - 25.0 |
| | ROGEN (BUN)/CREATININE | 19.97 | RATIO | 10.0 - 20.0 |
| RATIO: SERUM | ECTROPHOTOMETRY | | | |
| UREA/CREATININ | | 42.73 | RATIO | |
| by CALCULATED, SPI | ECTROPHOTOMETRY | | ()1 | 0.00 7.70 |
| URIC ACID: SERUN by URICASE - OXIDAS | | 8.91 ^H | mg/dL | 3.60 - 7.70 |
| CALCIUM: SERUM | | 10.09 | mg/dL | 8.50 - 10.60 |
| by ARSENAZO III, SPE PHOSPHOROUS: SI | | 3.44 | mg/dL | 2.30 - 4.70 |
| by PHOSPHOMOLYB | DATE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY | 0.11 | ing, ui | 2.00 1.10 |
| <u>ELECTROLYTES</u> | | | | |
| SODIUM: SERUM by ISE (ION SELECTIV | /E ELECTRODE) | 142.3 | mmol/L | 135.0 - 150.0 |
| POTASSIUM: SERU | М | 4.02 | mmol/L | 3.50 - 5.00 |
| by ISE (ION SELECTIN CHLORIDE: SERUM | | 106 72 | mmal/I | 00.0 110.0 |
| by ISE (ION SELECTIN | | 106.73 | mmol/L | 90.0 - 110.0 |
| ESTIMATED GLON | MERULAR FILTERATION RATE | | | |
| | IERULAR FILTERATION RATE | 99.4 | | |
| (eGFR): SERUM by CALCULATED | | | | |
| INTERPRETATION: | | | | |

To differentiate between pre- and post renal azotemia.

INCREASED RATIO (>20:1) WITH NORMAL CREATININE:

1. Prerenal azotemia (BUN rises without increase in creatinine) e.g. heart failure, salt depletion, dehydration, blood loss) due to decreased glomerular filtration rate.

2. Catabolic states with increased tissue breakdown.

3. GI haemorrhage.



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | MD (Patho | y Chopra logy & Microbiology) & Consultant Pathologi | & Microbiology) MD (Pathology) | | MD (Pathology) | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---------------|------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | | PATIENT ID | : 175 | 5301 | | |
| COLLECTED BY | | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 01 | 2502130010 | D | |
| REFERRED BY | | | REGISTRATION D | | Feb/2025 09: | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | | COLLECTION DAT | | Feb/2025 09: | | |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | REPORTING DATI | E :13/ | Feb/2025 12: | :03PM | |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON R | OAD, AMBALA CANT | Г | | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Un | it | Biologic | al Referen | ce interva |
| 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia | xia, high fever). (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoli 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportiona superimposed on renal dis | ds) TININE LEVELS: Itely more than creati sease. | nine) (e.g. obstructive | e uropathy). | | | |
| 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome c 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther | (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoio 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportional superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN osis. Id starvation. 2. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREA by (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fa creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creatin LAR FILTERATION RATE: <u>DESCRIPT</u> <u>Normal kidney</u> Kidney dama | ds) TININE LEVELS: Itely more than creating tease. Itely more than creating tease. Itely more than creating absent in blood). That has blood and a second that has blood and a second that has blood and a second that has blood and a second tely function and a second te | icellular fluid). ular secretion of urea ine). | hodologies,res ASSOCIATE No pro Presence | D FINDINGS teinuria of Protein , | nal ratio wh | en dehydra |
| Urine reabsorption Reduced muscle m Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 Postrenal azotemia Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 Acute tubular necr Low protein diet ar Severe liver disease Other causes of de Repeated dialysis (Inherited hyperam SIADH (syndrome c Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 Phenacimide thera Rhabdomyolysis (r Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO Diabetic ketoacido hould produce an in CEMBARD GLOMERL CKD STAGE G1 G2 | (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoio 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportional superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN osis. Id starvation. 2: creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREA by (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fa creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creatin LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPT Normal kidney Kidney dama normal or hi | ds) TININE LEVELS: Itely more than creating tease. Itely more than creating tease. Itely more than creating absent in blood). Itely absent in blood. Itely absent in | incellular fluid). ular secretion of urea ine). hine with certain met <u>mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90</u> | hodologies,res ASSOCIATE No pro Presence | D FINDINGS teinuria | nal ratio wh | en dehydra |
| 7. Urine reabsorption 8. Reduced muscle m 9. Certain drugs (e.g. NCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (>1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 8. Muscular patients NAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther STIMATED GLOMERU G1 G2 G3 G3 | (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoio 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportional superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN osis. Id starvation. creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREA by (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fa creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creatin LAR FILTERATION RATE: <u>DESCRIPI</u> <u>Normal kidney</u> <u>Kidney dama</u> <u>normal or hi</u> <u>Mild decreas</u> | ds) TININE LEVELS: Itely more than creatilities out of extra tease. I: e diffuses out of extra y absent in blood). tharmone) due to tub ATININE: of creatine to creatin tio). nine measurement). TION GFR (y function uge with ugh GFR e in GFR | icellular fluid). ular secretion of urea ine). hine with certain met <u>mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90 60 -89</u> | hodologies,res ASSOCIATE No pro Presence | D FINDINGS teinuria of Protein , | nal ratio who | en dehydra |
| 7. Urine reabsorption 3. Reduced muscle m 4. Certain drugs (e.g. INCREASED RATIO (>2 1. Postrenal azotemia 2. Prerenal azotemia DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Acute tubular necr 2. Low protein diet ar 3. Severe liver disease 4. Other causes of de 5. Repeated dialysis (6. Inherited hyperam 7. SIADH (syndrome of 8. Pregnancy. DECREASED RATIO (<1 1. Phenacimide thera 2. Rhabdomyolysis (r 3. Muscular patients INAPPROPIATE RATIO 1. Diabetic ketoacido should produce an in 2. Cephalosporin ther ESTIMATED GLOMERL <u>G1</u> <u>G2</u> | (e.g. ureter colostomy) ass (subnormal creatinine tetracycline, glucocorticoio 0:1) WITH ELEVATED CREA (BUN rises disproportional superimposed on renal dis 0:1) WITH DECREASED BUN osis. Id starvation. 2: creased urea synthesis. urea rather than creatinin monemias (urea is virtually f inappropiate antidiuretic 0:1) WITH INCREASED CREA by (accelerates conversion eleases muscle creatinine) who develop renal failure. sis (acetoacetate causes fa creased BUN/creatinine ra apy (interferes with creatin LAR FILTERATION RATE: DESCRIPT Normal kidney Kidney dama normal or hi | ds) TININE LEVELS: Itely more than creating tease. J : e diffuses out of extra y absent in blood). tharmone) due to tub ATININE: of creatine to creating tio). nine measurement). TION GFR (function Ige with Igh GFR e in GFR ease in GFR | incellular fluid). ular secretion of urea ine). hine with certain met <u>mL/min/1.73m2) >90 >90</u> | hodologies,res ASSOCIATE No pro Presence | D FINDINGS teinuria of Protein , | nal ratio who | en dehydra |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiolog Chairman & Consultant Patho | | (Pathology) |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | : 01525416 | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 12:03PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CA | NTT | |
| Test Name | Value | e Unit | Biological Reference interval |

COMMENTS:

Estimated Glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) is the sum of filtration rates in all functioning nephrons and so an estimation of the GFR provides a measure of functioning nephrons of the kidney.
 eGFR calculated using the 2009 CKD-EPI creatinine equation and GFR category reported as per KDIGO guideline 2012
 In patients, with eGFR creatinine between 45-59 ml/min/1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, It is recommended to measure of CFD with the commended to measure

3. In patients, with eGFR cleaning between 45-59 minimit 1.73 m2 (G3) and without any marker of Kidney damage, it is recommended to measure eGFR with Cystatin C for confirmation of CKD
4. eGFR category G1 OR G2 does not fulfill the criteria for CKD, in the absence of evidence of Kidney Damage
5. In a suspected case of Acute Kidney Injury (AKI), measurement of eGFR should be done after 48-96 hours of any Intervention or procedure
6. eGFR calculated by Serum Creatinine may be less accurate due to certain factors like Race, Muscle Mass, Diet, Certain Drugs. In such cases, eGFR should be calculated using Serum Cystatin C
7. A decrease in eGFR implies either progressive renal disease, or a reversible process causing decreased nephron function (eg, severe dehydration).

ADVICE:

KDIGO guideline, 2012 recommends Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) should be classified based on cause, eGFR category and Albuminuria (ACR) category. GFR & ACR category combined together reflect risk of progression and helps Clinician to identify the individual who are progressing at more rapid rate than anticipated



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor | k Microbiology) | nopra hology) hologist | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PATIEN | TID : | 1755301 | |
| COLLECTED BY | : | REG. NO | D./LAB NO. : | 012502130010 | |
| REFERRED BY | : | REGIST | RATION DATE : | 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM | |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | COLLEC | TION DATE : | 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM | |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | REPOR | TING DATE : | 13/Feb/2025 12:58PM | |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, | AMBALA CANTI | | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference | interval |
| | TH | ENDOCRINOI | | | |
| TRIIODOTHYRONI by CMIA (CHEMILUMIN | NE (T3): SERUM iescent microparticle immunoa | 2.421^H SSAY) | ng/mL | 0.35 - 1.93 | |
| THYROXINE (T4): S | SERUM iescent microparticle immunoa | > 24.000^H | µgm/dL | 4.87 - 12.60 | |
| | ATING HORMONE (TSH): SERI | | µIU/mL | 0.35 - 5.50 | |
| 3rd GENERATION, ULT <u>INTERPRETATION</u> : | RASENSITIVE | | | | |
| TSH levels are subject to | circadian variation, reaching peak level | | nd secretion of the metab | olically active hormones, thyroxine (T | |
| day has influence on the triiodothyronine (T3).Fai | lure at any level of regulation of the h yroidism) of T4 and/or T3. | ypothalamic-pituitary-thyroid a | axis will result in either un | derproduction (hypothyroidism) or | |

| CLINICAL CONDITION | Т3 | T4 | TSH |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Primary Hypothyroidism: | Reduced | Reduced | Increased (Significantly) |
| Subclinical Hypothyroidism: | Normal or Low Normal | Normal or Low Normal | High |
| Primary Hyperthyroidism: | Increased | Increased | Reduced (at times undetectable) |
| Subclinical Hyperthyroidism: | Normal or High Normal | Normal or High Normal | Reduced |

LIMITATIONS:-

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism , recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism , pregnancy , phenytoin therapy.

| TRIIODOTH | YRONINE (T3) | THYROXINE (T4) | | THYROID STIMU | LATING HORMONE (TSH) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Age | Refferance Range (ng/mL) | Age | Refferance Range (µg/dL) | Age | Reference Range (μIU/mL) |
| 0 - 7 Days | 0.20 - 2.65 | 0 - 7 Days | 5.90 - 18.58 | 0 - 7 Days | 2.43 - 24.3 |
| 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.36 - 2.59 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 6.39 - 17.66 | 7 Days - 3 Months | 0.58 - 11.00 |
| 3 - 6 Months | 0.51 - 2.52 | 3 - 6 Months | 6.75 - 17.04 | 3 Days – 6 Months | 0.70 - 8.40 |
| 6 - 12 Months | 0.74 - 2.40 | 6 - 12 Months | 7.10 - 16.16 | 6 – 12 Months | 0.70 - 7.00 |





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | | Dr. Vinay Ch MD (Pathology & Chairman & Cor | | | gam Chopra MD (Pathology) Iltant Pathologist | |
|--------------------|--------------|---|--------------|------------------|--|------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTA | R SINGH | | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MA | LE | I | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 | |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | I | REG. NO./LAB NO. | :0125021 | 30010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | | I | REGISTRATION DAT | FE : 13/Feb/2 | 025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | (| COLLECTION DATE | :13/Feb/20 | 025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGN | OSTIC LAB | I | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/20 | 025 12:58PM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NI | CHOLSON ROAD, | AMBALA CANTT | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Test Name | | | Value | Unit | Bi | iological Reference interval |
| 1 - 10 Years | 0.92 - 2.28 | 1 - 10 Years | 6.00 - 13.80 | 1 – 10 Years | 0.60 - 5.50 | |

| I - TO Years | 0.92 - 2.28 | I - TO Years | 6.00 - 13.80 | 1 – 10 Years | 0.60 - 5.50 |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 11- 19 Years | 0.35 - 1.93 | 11 - 19 Years | 4.87-13.20 | 11 – 19 Years | 0.50 - 5.50 |
| > 20 years (Adults) | 0.35 - 1.93 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 4.87 - 12.60 | > 20 Years (Adults) | 0.35-5.50 |
| | RECOM | VENDATIONS OF TSH LE | VELS DURING PREG | NANCY (µIU/mL) | |
| | 1st Trimester | | | 0.10 - 2.50 | |
| | 2nd Trimester | | | 0.20 - 3.00 | |
| | 3rd Trimester | | | 0.30 - 4.10 | |

INCREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1. Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester





DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY) DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)







| | | y Chopra ogy & Microbiology) (Consultant Pathologist | Dr. Yugan MD CEO & Consultant | (Pathology) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | PA | TIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | RE | G. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | RE | GISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | LLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | PORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 10:32AM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON R0 | DAD, AMBALA CANTT | | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| | | CLINICAL PA | THOLOGY | |
| | URINH | E ROUTINE & MICRO | DSCOPIC EXAMIN | ATION |
| PHYSICAL EXAMIN | NATION | | | |
| QUANTITY RECIEV | | 10 | ml | |
| COLOUR | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | PALE YELLO | W | PALE YELLOW |
| TRANSPARANCY | | HAZY | | CLEAR |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY | | 1.02 | | 1.002 - 1.030 |
| by DIP STICK/REFLEC CHEMICAL EXAMI | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR NATION | Y | | |
| REACTION | | ACIDIC | | |
| by DIP STICK/REFLEC | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | Y | | |
| PROTEIN by DIP STICK/REFLEC | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | TRACE | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| SUGAR by DIP STICK/REFLEC | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | NEGATIVE (- | ve) | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| pH | | 5 | | 5.0 - 7.5 |
| BILIRUBIN | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | NEGATIVE (- | ve) | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| NITRITE | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | NEGATIVE (- | ve) | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| UROBILINOGEN | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | NOT DETECT | TED EU/dL | 0.2 - 1.0 |
| KETONE BODIES | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | NEGATIVE (- | ve) | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| BLOOD | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR | TRACE | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| ASCORBIC ACID | | NEGATIVE (- | ve) | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| by DIP STICK/REFLEC | TANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETR AMINATION | Y | | |
| RED BLOOD CELLS | | 2-3 | /HPF | 0 - 3 |
| | . , | | | |

57 2.50

DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY)







Dr. Vinay Chopra MD (Pathology & Microbiology) Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra MD (Pathology) CEO & Consultant Pathologist

| NAME | : Mr. BALTAR SINGH | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| AGE/ GENDER | : 49 YRS/MALE | | PATIENT ID | : 1755301 |
| COLLECTED BY | : | | REG. NO./LAB NO. | : 012502130010 |
| REFERRED BY | : | | REGISTRATION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:30 AM |
| BARCODE NO. | :01525416 | | COLLECTION DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 09:38AM |
| CLIENT CODE. | : KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB | | REPORTING DATE | : 13/Feb/2025 10:32AM |
| CLIENT ADDRESS | : 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AM | IBALA CANT | Т | |
| Test Name | | Value | Unit | Biological Reference interval |
| PUS CELLS | CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | 1-3 | /HPF | 0 - 5 |

| by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | | | |
|---|----------------|------|----------------|
| EPITHELIAL CELLS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | 0-2 | /HPF | ABSENT |
| CRYSTALS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| CASTS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| BACTERIA by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| OTHERS by MICROSCOPY ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT | NEGATIVE (-ve) | | NEGATIVE (-ve) |
| TRICHOMONAS VAGINALIS (PROTOZOA) | ABSENT | | ABSENT |

** End Of Report ***



DR.VINAY CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS, MD (PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY)

DR.YUGAM CHOPRA CONSULTANT PATHOLOGIST MBBS , MD (PATHOLOGY)

