



<b>Dr. Vinay Chopr</b> MD (Pathology & Mic Chairman & Consulta			robiology) MD (Pathology)		
NAME	: Mr. HEMANT KUM	AR			
AGE/ GENDER	: 29 YRS/MALE		PATIENT ID	: 1755819	
COLLECTED BY	:		REG. NO./LAB NO.	: 012502130053	
REFERRED BY	:		<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 13/Feb/2025 02:58 PM	
BARCODE NO.	: 01525459		COLLECTION DATE	: 13/Feb/2025 03:00PM	
CLIENT CODE.	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC L	AB	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 13/Feb/2025 05:47PM	
CLIENT ADDRESS	: 6349/1, NICHOLSC	N ROAD, AMBALA CANT	т		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Refer	ence interval
		ENDO	CRINOLOGY		
		THYROID FUN	CTION TEST: TOTA	L	
TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		I.984 <sup>H</sup>	ng/ml	0.35 - 1.93	
THYROXINE (T4): SERUM by CMIA (CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY)		12.01	μgm/o	4.87 - 12.60	
	TING HORMONE (TS		<b>L</b> μIU/m	L 0.35 - 5.50	
3rd GENERATION, ULT INTERPRETATION:	RASENSITIVE				
day has influence on the r triiodothyronine (T3).Fail	measured serum TSH concei	<i>trations</i> . TSH stimulates the	production and secretion of the	0 pm. The variation is of the order of 50 e metabolically active hormones, thyro ther underproduction (hypothyroidism	xine (T4)and
CLINICAL CONDITION		T3	T4	TSH	
Primary Hypothyroidisr		Reduced	Reduced	Increased (Significantly)	
Subclinical Hypothyroid	aism: No	rmal or Low Normal	Normal or Low Normal	High	

## LIMITATIONS:-

Primary Hyperthyroidism:

Subclinical Hyperthyroidism:

1. T3 and T4 circulates in reversibly bound form with Thyroid binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent albumin and Thyroid binding Pre Albumin so conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as pregnancy, excess estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may falsely affect the T3 and T4 levels and may cause false thyroid values for thyroid function tests.

Increased

Normal or High Normal

Reduced (at times undetectable)

Reduced

2. Normal levels of T4 can also be seen in Hyperthyroid patients with :T3 Thyrotoxicosis, Decreased binding capacity due to hypoproteinemia or ingestion of certain drugs (e.g.: phenytoin , salicylates).

3. Serum T4 levels in neonates and infants are higher than values in the normal adult , due to the increased concentration of TBG in neonate serum.

4. TSH may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hyperthyroidism or hypothyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin therapy.

TRIIODOTHYRONINE (T3)		THYROXINE (T4)		THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH)		
Age	Refferance Range (ng/mL)	Age	Refferance Range ( µg/dL)	Age	Reference Range ( µIU/mL)	
0-7 Days	0.20 - 2.65	0 - 7 Days	5.90 - 18.58	0 - 7 Days	2.43 - 24.3	
7 Days - 3 Months	0.36 - 2.59	7 Days - 3 Months	6.39 - 17.66	7 Days - 3 Months	0.58 - 11.00	
3 - 6 Months	0.51 - 2.52	3 - 6 Months	6.75 - 17.04	3 Days – 6 Months	0.70 - 8.40	
6 - 12 Months	0.74 - 2.40	6 - 12 Months	7.10 - 16.16	6-12 Months	0.70 - 7.00	

Increased

Normal or High Normal





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Test Name			Value	Unit	i	<b>Biological Reference interval</b>	
1 - 10 Years	0.92 - 2.28	1 - 10 Years	6.00 - 13.80	1 – 10 Years	0.60 - 5.50		
11- 19 Years	0.35 - 1.93	11 - 19 Years	4.87-13.20	11 – 19 Years	0.50 - 5.50		
aa (a. t. tt. )							

> 20 years (Adults)	0.35 - 1.93	> 20 Years (Adults)	4.87 - 12.60	> 20 Years (Adults)	0.35-5.50	
RECOMMENDATIONS OF TSH LEVELS DURING PREGNANCY ( μIU/mL)						
	1st Trimester		0.10 - 2.50			
	2nd Trimester			0.20 - 3.00		
	3rd Trimester			0.30 - 4.10		

## **INCREASED TSH LEVELS:**

1. Primary or untreated hypothyroidism may vary from 3 times to more than 100 times normal depending upon degree of hypofunction.

2. Hypothyroid patients receiving insufficient thyroid replacement therapy.

3. Hashimotos thyroiditis

4.DRUGS: Amphetamines, iodine containing agents & dopamine antagonist.

5.Neonatal period, increase in 1st 2-3 days of life due to post-natal surge

## DECREASED TSH LEVELS:

1.Toxic multi-nodular goiter & Thyroiditis.

2. Over replacement of thyroid hormone in treatment of hypothyroidism.

3. Autonomously functioning Thyroid adenoma

4. Secondary pituitary or hypothalamic hypothyroidism

5. Acute psychiatric illness

6.Severe dehydration.

7.DRUGS: Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Levodopa, T4 replacement therapy, Anti-thyroid drugs for thyrotoxicosis.

8.Pregnancy: 1st and 2nd Trimester

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*





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