

Dr. Vinay Chopra  
 MD (Pathology & Microbiology)  
 Chairman & Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Yugam Chopra  
 MD (Pathology)  
 CEO & Consultant Pathologist

<b>NAME</b>	: Mr. VARUN	<b>PATIENT ID</b>	: 1756562
<b>AGE/ GENDER</b>	: 28 YRS/MALE	<b>REG. NO./LAB NO.</b>	: 012502140015
<b>COLLECTED BY</b>	:	<b>REGISTRATION DATE</b>	: 14/Feb/2025 09:58 AM
<b>REFERRED BY</b>	:	<b>COLLECTION DATE</b>	: 14/Feb/2025 10:03AM
<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01525486	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Feb/2025 08:29AM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
<b>CLIENT ADDRESS</b>	: 6349/1, NICHOLSON ROAD, AMBALA CANTT		

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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**IMMUNOPATHOLOGY/SEROLOGY**  
**HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) ANTIBODY: IgG**

HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgG: SERUM by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	<b>8.01<sup>H</sup></b>	AI	< 0.90
<b>HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgG RESULT: SERUM</b> by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)	<b>REACTIVE</b>		<b>NON - REACTIVE</b>

**INTERPRETATION**

HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) IgG ANTIBODIES	
NON REACTIVE	< 0.90
EQUIVOCAL	0.90 - 1.10
POSITIVE	>1.10

- Hepatitis A virus is a non-enveloped RNA virus that is classified as picorna virus. It usually causes a self limiting hepatitis which results in complete remission.
- Occasional cases of fulminant hepatic necrosis are known to be associated with the infection. Transmission is mainly oro-faecal.
- The incubation period is between 15-50 days from the time of exposure.
- IgM antibody is only present in the blood following an acute hepatitis A infection and is a fairly reliable marker of a recent infection. It is detectable from one to two weeks after the initial infection and persists for up to 14 weeks after exposure.



  
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<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01525486	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Feb/2025 01:53AM
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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### HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) ANTIBODY: IgM

HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgM QUANTITATIVE <i>by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)</i>	0.06	AI	< 0.90
HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) IgM RESULT <i>by CLIA (CHELUMINISCENCE IMMUNOASSAY)</i>	NON - REACTIVE		NON - REACTIVE

#### INTERPRETATION

HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) IgM ANTIBODIES	
NON REACTIVE	< 0.90
EQUIVOCAL	0.90 - 1.10
POSITIVE	>1.10

- Hepatitis A virus is a non-enveloped RNA virus that is classified as picorna virus. It usually causes a self limiting hepatitis which results in complete remission.
- Occasional cases of fulminant hepatic necrosis are known to be associated with the infection. Transmission is mainly oro-faecal.
- The incubation period is between 15-50 days from the time of exposure.
- IgM antibody is only present in the blood following an acute hepatitis A infection and is a fairly reliable marker of a recent infection. It is detectable from one to two weeks after the initial infection and persists for up to 14 weeks after exposure.



  
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<b>BARCODE NO.</b>	: 01525486	<b>REPORTING DATE</b>	: 15/Feb/2025 12:46PM
<b>CLIENT CODE.</b>	: KOS DIAGNOSTIC LAB		
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Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Reference interval
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### HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) ANTIBODY: TOTAL

HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) TOTAL  
 QUANTITATIVE  
 by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)

<b>HEPATITIS A ANTIBODY (HAV) TOTAL RESULT</b>	<b>5.29<sup>H</sup></b>	<b>AI</b>	<b>&lt; 0.90</b>
<b>by ELISA (ENZYME LINKED IMMUNOASSAY)</b>	<b>REACTIVE</b>		<b>NON - REACTIVE</b>

**INTERPRETATION**

#### HEPATITIS A VIRUS (HAV) TOTAL ANTIBODIES

NON REACTIVE	< 0.90
EQUIVOCAL	0.90 - 1.10
POSITIVE	>1.10

- Hepatitis A virus is a non-enveloped RNA virus that is classified as picorna virus. It usually causes a self limiting hepatitis which results in complete remission.
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\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*



  
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